## **Original**

## THE STATE OF NEW YORK NYS CENTRAL PINE BARRENS COMMISSION

In the Matter of

American Physical Society Core Preservation Area Extraordinary Hardship Waiver

Location: One Research Road, Ridge, New York

Suffolk County Tax May Number 200-459-1-1.4

Joseph Lachury Gazza credit Appeal 900-331-3-21.1

Town of Brookhaven One Independence Hill Farmingville, New York 11738

Wednesday, April 21, 2010

The above entitled matter came on for hearing at 4:25 p.m.





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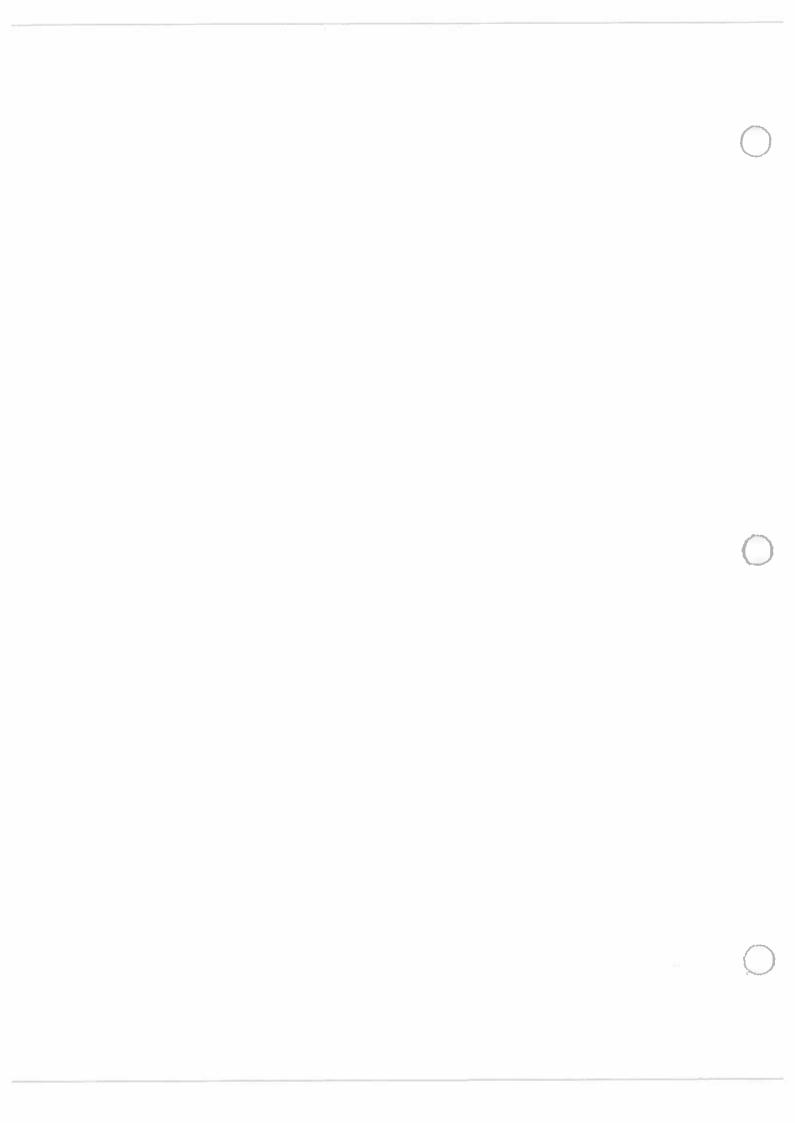
Jessephilachung Gazzeig Gredit Appeal 1993-351-3-211

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1	APPEARANCES:	
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3	CENTRAL PINE BARRENS JOINT PLANNING AND POLICY	
4	COMMISSION	
5	PETER SCULLY, CHAIRMAN	
6	MARTY SHEA, Representative of Town of South Hampton	
7	BRENDA PRUZINOSKI, Representative of Town of Brookhaven	
8	Supervisor	
9	DAN MCCORMICK, Representative of Rivherhead Town	
10	Supervisor	
11	JULIE HARDGRAVE, Environmental Planner	
12	JOHN MILAZO, Pine Barren Commission Attorney	
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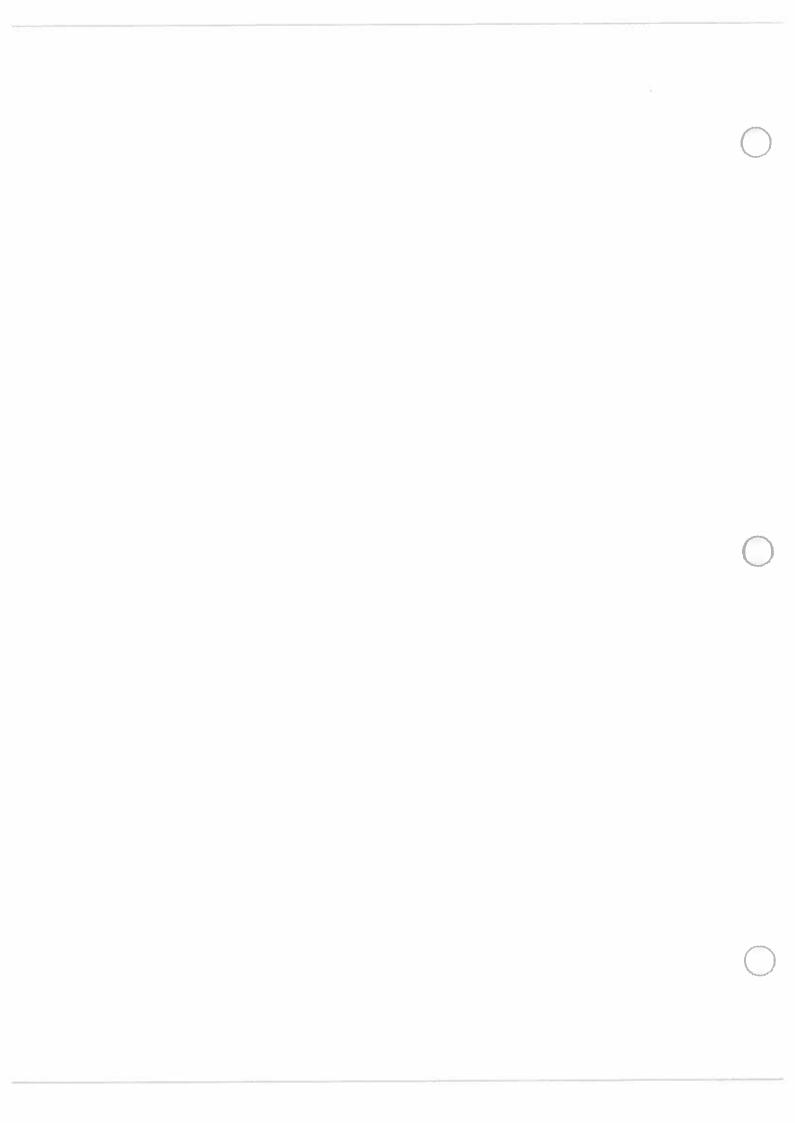


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CHAIRMAN SCULLY: I will call the public hearing to order on the Letter of Interpretation Appeal of Joseph Zachery Gazza. Suffolk County tax map 900-331-3-21.1. I will read from the notice.

The Central Pine Barrens Joint Planning Commission and Policy Commission will hold a public hearing on April 21, 2010 at 3:00 p.m. at the Brookhaven Town Hall. The letter of Interpretation Appeal for Joseph Zachery Gazza for Suffolk County Tax Map parcel number 900-331-3.21.1. Said appeal is made pursuant to Section 6.7.3.3 of the Central Pine Barrens Comprehensive Land Use Plan dated 1995.

The appellant is appealing the allocation of point 39 Pine Barrens credits stated in the Letter of Interpretation dated January 11, 2010 for this parcel seeking instead one Pine Barrens credit. The parcel is located at 118 Summit Boulevard, West Hampton, Town of Southampton. Representatives please identify themselves for the record.

MR. MCCORNICK: Dan McCormick, representing Sean Walter, Riverhead Town Supervisor.

MR. SHEA: Marty Shea representing Southampton Town Supervisor Anna Throne Holst.

MS. PRUZINOSKI: Brenda Pruzinoski,





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CHAIRMAN SCULLY: Peter Scully,

representing the Governor of the State of New York.

We'll hear from Ms. Jakobsen.

MS. JAKOBSEN: Mr. Gazza is here today as stated in the hearing notice to appeal his allocation of point 39 Pine Barren Credits for his parcel located Summit Boulevard. Summit Boulevard is located west of Gabreski Airport. The section of Summit Boulevard we're speaking about is north of Old Country Road and south of Sunrise Highway.

I have -- I am sorry, I need to step back I skipped over something. I wanted to also acknowledge that I provided to the stenographer a list of staff Exhibits A through L that are to be incorporated into the record.

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(Exhibits A-L were so marked and received in evidence.)

MS. JAKOBSEN: So to get a feel of where this parcel is located I am going to pass around Exhibit B and C. They are aerials that show the Summit area. The subject parcel is outlined in purple.

Also on that aerial is indicated, there's three parcels that are indicated, outlined in red. Those





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parcels have received one full Pine Barren credit. I wanted to go through it to give a general description of this area as the condition of the road. Mr. Gazza is facing this increased allocation of one full Pine Barren credit based on the provision in the Pine Barrens Comprehensive Land Use Plan Section 6.7.6.6 issuance of a full Pine Barren credit for certain length of parcels. It states "the Pine Barrens Credit Clearing House may elect to allocate one full Pine Barrens credit for a parcel of land consisting of at least 4000 square feet with frontage on an existing improved road." That section of the plan is also Exhibit A for the hearing.

MR. MCCORNICK: Is this an Exhibit that should be marked?

MS. JAKOBSEN: Those are marked.

MR. MILAZZO: They are Exhibit C blown up versions.

MS. JAKOBSEN: The one with the larger writing is Exhibit B a close up of the area so you are able to see if there are any structures on the parcels. And the other one, Exhibit B, which shows more of an expanse of Summit Boulevard; has the red dot on there towards the north of Summit Boulevard where there was denial of allocation for increase to full credit.

To give you an idea of the nature of this





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area,	I was	s out	. vi	siti	ing Sum	mit B	oule	vard	on M	onday,	
this v	week,	and	as	you	travel	from	the	sout	hern	portio	n
of Sur	mmit B	3oule	var	d no	orth						

MR. MILAZZO: North of Old Country Road?

MS. JAKOBSEN: North of Old Country Road.

I'll pass this around too, I want you to see the relationship of the core and compatible growth area in this area. This is Exhibit D. In Exhibit D, it will show you the east side of Summit Boulevard is in the core preservation area. The west side of Summit Boulevard up to a certain point is in the compatible growth area. There is also a development section map located on the west side of Summit Boulevard.

Going back to the aerial, as you start looking at either one, Exhibit B and C, as you travel from Old Country Road north, it's basically a gravel road with loose spruce stone, that extends all the way, pretty much, if you look at the aerial where the red dot is, up to where there is kind of a clear area.

MR. SHEA: Could you point out on the aerial what it is you are speaking of?

MS. JAKOBSEN: Basically, as you travel north on Summit Boulevard --

MR. MILAZZO: I am sorry she trying to record it.





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MS. JAKKOBSEN: As you travel north of Summit Boulevard I am looking at Exhibit B, you'll see about a 10th of a mile up on the compatible growth area side is an existing dwelling. A little further is another dwelling on the core preservation area side. As you continue north its pretty much wooded on each side and no development until you get to about 3/10's of a mile up the road.

Then on the west side in the compatible growth area is an existing home and a horse corral. That would be on the west side here. In this area, Just south of his parcel on the west side. This is all along Summit.

CHAIRMAN SCULLY: Is that home access to --MS. JAKOBSEN: Yes. As you travel up along there up until the point where the home with the horse corral is, the road is actually approximately two car widths. Once you get passed the parcel that has the horse corral, the road then narrows to a single car width as it passes in front of the subject parcel; it continues that way pretty much until you get up to this large cleared area. This is a cleared sandy area you get to. As you -- from that point forward its like a sandy dirt path continuing forward and --

MR. MILAZZO: Non passable? Is it passable?





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1	MS. JAKOBSEN: I wouldn't consider it	
2	passable. It is a sandy path, very narrow.	
3	MS. PRUZINOSKI: What is this parcel to the	
4	south of the subject parcel?	
5	MR. MILAZZO: The one indicated in red?	
6	MS. PRUZINOSKI: No.	
7	MS. JAKOBSEN: There's a parcel just to the	
8	south side of the subject parcel. It's a disturbed	
9	parcel and it has large dirt piles on it. I don't know	
10	I know we have to look into why, but, I don't know	
11	the use of the parcel and I don't know who owns it. But	
12	it's not a building. It's just been disturbed.	
13	So pretty much from Old Country Road up	
14	until just the horse corral, is a two car width wide.	
15	From the horse corral parcel, here's Mr. Gazza's parcel,	
16	continuing north, it gets down to a single car width.	
17	The entire stretch from Old Country Road up	
18	until the larger sandy area, north of Mr. Gazza's parcel	
19	the road is basically a gravel road with some lose blue	
20	stone. That's the condition of the area.	
21	MR. MCCORMICK: Is this road dedicated to	
22	the Town?	
23	MR. MILAZZO: The Town representative is	
24	here.	





MR. SHEA: No, it's not. I checked the Town

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Highway Superintendent's office to see if it is a town road or to see if it is a town maintained road. The response I got that it's neither. So the Town is not currently maintaining Summit north of Old Country Road.

MR. MILAZZO: In your packet, there are two exhibits I and J referring to the Town of Southampton's road standards.

A quick review of that, we did not find, Judy, is there any road permitted to be less than 10 feet wide?

MS. JAKOBSEN: Not that I could tell from reviewing the standards, the town code standards, the Highway Department table.

MR. SHEA: Just to speak to that, the minimum allowable width is typically 14 feet wide on any improved surface when a private road needs approval from the Road Review Committee.

MS. PRUZINOSKI: What does Southampton consider improved surface? Is there minimum standards? MR. SHEA: That's the standards with width and their parameter with material and certain other things. The standards are variable depending on conditions. The surface could be pavement or it could be gravel with a base beneath the gravel in order to

provide sufficient stability for safe vehicular access.





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MS. PRUZINOSKI: Given that this Commission has granted the two parcels to the south of the subject, what has the Commission used to determine improved road?

MR. MILAZZO: It's case by case determination usually to the benefit of the applicant's presentation. There has not been a standard adopted by the Commission.

If you recall this was an issue in the Ringhoff matter. That was their argument. The Commission does not have a determination on what an existing improved road means.

Now, I'll observe that, the plan talks about the Clearing House electing to issue to an existing approved road. The appeal is greater then reliance on that argument. So the Clearing House can elect but the Commission can issue credits how they choose or not. I want Mr. Gazza -- will you stipulate all these were submitted to the Commission and used in their review?

MR. GAZZA: Yes, I will stipulate; Joseph Gazza, 37 B Ggardeners Lane, Hampton Bays, New York 11946. I'm an attorney and the applicant. Good afternoon. I got the benefit of hearing everyone else. Thank you for hearing me today. I feel like a small fish in a big pond. Here I am asking for a credit.





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Also, I think I am done making exhibits myself because I can rely on these; these are better maps than I can buy or find or better exhibits that I can use. So I am just going to show up empty handed next time which I guess is in May.

I received an LOI for point 39 credits for this parcel and as Ms. Jakobsen stated I am appealing for one full credit because I believe that Summit Boulevard at this portion is existing and approved and improved.

Exhibit B shows where the credit was denied, closer to Sunrise Highway to the fork. I'll use Ms. Jakobsen's exhibits because they are far superior than mine if that's okay. That is where the road is impassable. Ms. Jakobsen, is that right?

MR. MILAZZO: Where?

MS. JAKOBSEN: South of that.

MR. GAZZA: But at that point it is passable so that credit was denied. That was in 2006. I actually used part of my exhibits, Ms. Jakobsen's pictures from that appeal, which show her car at the second clearing that was pointed out.

MS. PRUZINOSKI: The second clearing?

MR. GAZZA: Exhibit B. Half way in between the purple outlined lot and Summit Boulevard.





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1	MR. SHEA: Can you share those photos with
2	us? These are on site as marked as exhibits?
3	MR. MILAZZO: It's the application to
4	it's in his application.
5	MS. JAKOBSEN: We received a copy of the
6	application, the LOI appeal.
7	MR. GAZZA: I have another copy.
8	MS. PRUZINOSKI: I want to be clear I am
9	looking at the same spot you are.
10	MR. GAZZA: Yes, those are them. These
11	pictures.
12	MS. PRUZINOSKI: Above your parcel.
13	MR. GAZZA: That's it. These are the
14	pictures Ms. Jakobsen took in 2006. They show her car.
15	MR. MCCORMICK: Do you want them marked?
16	MR. MILAZZO: They will be part of his
17	application.
18	MR. MCCORMICK: So I am clear what's the
19	Exhibit number you are referring to?
20	MR. MILAZZO: It's part of his application
21	so we don't need to have it marked.
22	MR. GAZZA: Number one, 1 B, I have a simple
23	application. So that second clearing is where I proposed
24	the road existing improvement status and Summit
25	Boulevard stops. That has old and new debris, garbage





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stumps, large trees, large logs that people constantly dump there unfortunately. There is also clay pigeons, people go skeet shooting, biking, there are old and new tire tracks, there are broken beer bottles.

That clearing although in the core is a used location. The road, Summit Boulevard up until that clearing is used. It is crush stone. It has a base. A car can pass without a problem. The difference between the two car width lengths and one car width length Ms. Jakobsen spoke about, Summit Boulevard was improved as a result of the Town of Southamptons Road Review Committee because of the home that is on the west side.

As part of the application process and part of the building permit process, part of the CO process, in the Town of Southampton you are required to further improve the road. So that widened road was as a result of actually my father and I. We also put in electric.

MR. MCCORMICK: You are saying there is an improved house?

MR. GAZZA: South.

MR. MCCORMICK: Can you show us on the Exhibits so we are clear?

MR. GAZZA: Right here.

MR. MCCORMICK: You are saying that is a

25 house?





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1	MR. GAZZA: I own the house, I rent it out.
2	MS. PRUZINOSKI: Do you plow the snow?
3	MR. GAZZA: He plows his own snow.
4	MR. MILAZZO: Off the record.
5	(Discussion held off the record.)
6	MR. MILAZZO: Back on the record.
7	MR. SHEA: Mr. Gazza, I would like some
8	clarification. You had spoken about certain road
9	improvements you made to a portion of Summit Boulevard
10	as a result of a Town Road Review Committee Approval.
11	Can you describe the extent of those improvements as
12	they relate to the subject parcel?
13	MR. GAZZA: Improvements were made, I do not
14	have the exact CO date when that house was C O'd but
15	improvements were made before that. Relatively new.

CHAIRMAN SCULLY: What were they?

MR. GAZZA: It was RCA, it was widening, RCA and crush stone.

MR. SHEA: What was the required minimum width of that road as per those improvements?

MR. GAZZA: I don't have that.

MR. SHEA: How does the location of those improvements relate to the location of the subject parcel? How far south of the subject parcel were those improvements made?





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MR. GAZZA: Improvements were made up to the home. So the home is approximately 400,500 feet south of the subject parcel. However the improvements were made after the Pine Barrens Act came into place. Summit Boulevard existed as far as back -- you heard the argument before, it goes up through Sunrise Highway and over Sunrise Highway.

MR. SHEA: So the section of Summit Boulevard that was improved as per Town requirements. how did those improvements in terms of the road base and width relate, compare, to the conditions of Summit Boulevard adjacent to the subject parcel?

MR. GAZZA: They are both stone. The Town required us to widen the road, it's obviously wider. The Town said go 30 feet, we went 30 feet. If they said it has to go to 18 feet we would go to 18 feet. We were at the mercy of the Town. The Town over reaches as far roads; they make us put in for lots but that besides the point.

The point I am trying to make is the widening happened, Summit Boulevard is 50 feet wide. It is a huge road. They had us widen because that's what they wanted us to do. They gave you six inches of RCA, four inches. They inspect and have you change it.

Before we did anything to Summit Boulevard





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Summit existed. People used it. The horse corral's up there and people go riding on that; they have been since the road was improved. Cars are back and forth every day. I have pictures of the stumps and debris on that large clearing. People have been using that well before the Pine Barrens Act came into place.

MR. SHEA: Just to clarify, again, the section of Summit that you had improved, the surfaces are crushed gravel or stone, then there's a base beneath that. Let's assume for the moment it's at lease 14 feet wide. The section of Summit that you are saying has been used historically adjacent to the subject parcel you indicated that has a base in crush stone already?

MR. GAZZA: Brings me up to my final point. I brought you the road. Here it is. This is Summit Boulevard right here.

CHAIRMAN SCULLY: Do you have a chain of custody?

MR. GAZZA: 106 Summit, which is the furtherest north red parcel. This is what the road looks like.

MS. PRUZINOSKI: Did you wash it?

MR. GAZZA: No, this is straight off the road. I think I took it off a few, my fingers healed, I grabbed it off the base. Whether it was put there





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because	the	Town	requ	ested	it	or	constant	traffic,	I
believe	its	const	ant	traffi	lc.				

MR. MCCORMICK: Do you have photos?

MR. GAZZA: Of the base I have photos. That is 106. This is the purple parcel; this is 118. That's the road in front of 118.

Now, if you compare the two, they're pretty similar.

CHAIRMAN SCULLY: This is very helpful Mr. Gazza.

MR. GAZZA: So Mr. Shea, here's the road.

MS. PRUZINOSKI: Who owns Summit Boulevard?

MR. GAZZA: The owner is on the map.

Vanderbilt Park is on the approved section map. old file map, the way it work the owners of the lots on the map also own the road.

MS. PRUZINOSKI: To the center line?

MR. GAZZA: To the center line.

MR. SHEA: Mr. Gazza, one of the exhibits you attached shows the old file map. It indicates that Summit is to be opened. Was that old file map approval subject to certain conditions in terms of something had to be improved or is it subject to going to the Road Review Committee.

MR. GAZZA: Subject to the Committee. They





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are required to give their okay to CO's. The house can be built. It can be worked on. Deliver of large trucks are permitted to drive down the road. Only when the CO is requested, that is when it is required to be approved by the town engineer.

MS. PRUZINOSKI: What was the timing situation between construction of the house and you receiving the full credit on that southerly red parcel?

MR. GAZZA: I don't have the date of the CO.

MS. PRUZINOSKI: Do you know which occurred

first?

MR. GAZZA: I don't. I know they are all fairly recent within the last few years. I shouldn't say a few years. They've been doing this for longer than I thought. I try to stay away from the hot seat.

Also on Ms. Jakobsen's maps they show the tax map overlay. I would like to show that the Town has straightened out the maps. On these maps it show these lots as diagonal, which is in error, this is the way the lots read on the west side and also staighten on the east side so everything lines up now.

MS. PRUZINOSKI: So the Town and County owns the parcels?

MR. GAZZA: Yes, they do. This one is actually just donated. In the last year.





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		MR.	MILAZZO:	Have	you	abandoned	the	Summit
portion	of	Summit	Bouleva	rd in	thes	se lots?		

MR. GAZZA: I abandon every road I can.

We can't abandon Summit; its required for access. This Commission or at least the Pine Barrens Commission at some point approved Summit to be widened; when we had to widen for the home that was there.

CHAIRMAN SCULLY: He means the Town.

MR. MILAZZO: We did. In fact this was what we looked into the clearing activity up there as well. It was a report we got and investigated it.

CHAIRMAN SCULLY: How long ago?

MR. MILAZZO: Several years.

MS. JAKOBSEN: I can get you that.

MR. MILAZZO: They took it from however wide, from 30 feet wise?

MR. GAZZA: I don't know.

MR. MILAZZO: When they were out there they had laborers widening the road.

MR. GAZZA: As narrow as we could.

MR. MILAZZO: We got a report and we investigated. We didn't approve development but we did review on the basis of the report what was going on at Summit when they were widening it.

MR. MCCORNICK: That was up to 118?





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			MR.	MILAZZO:	No,	the	house	on	the	west	side
which	is	not	118.	Whatever	r tha	ıt nı	ımber :	is.			

MR. GAZZA: It's actually 101. I don't know if it's listed on these.

MR. MILAZZO: It's not.

MR. GAZZA: We all know where I am going. In closing I believe Summit Boulevard is existing, maintained, it has the same stone. Whether the Town had me improve it or my dad or somebody else improve it or whether the guy with the horse farms improved it on his own many years ago, they laid this stone down which is not natural to the Pine Barrens. That I know.

MS. PRUZINOSKI: Who owns the horse farm? MR. GAZZA: Donald Metcalf. He is a big property owner in that area.

Somebody put the stone down. They improved Summit up until that second large clearing. Its existing, it is maintained. If you drive you can see when branches fall, people move it to the side. There's no garage on it.

CHAIRMAN SCULLY: We understand what the threshold issue is.

> MR. GAZZA: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SCULLY: Questions for Mr. Gazza?

Questions for staff?





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1	MR. MCCORMICK: How do we come to point 39?
2	MR. MILAZZO: Straight allocation applying,
3	Clearing House staff did applying a formula and the plan
4	for the size of the parcel. Straight math.
5	MR. MCCORNICK: As a vacant parcel?
6	MR. MILAZZO: Yes. The Clearing House did
7	not elect to exercise its discretion to issue one full
8	credit.
9	MR. GAZZA: The parcel is in a five acre
10	zone.
11	The Parcel is two point three acres. I have
12	200 feet of frontage on Summit.
13	CHAIRMAN SCULLY: Any other questions of the
14	applicant? Questions of staff? If not, anybody wish to
15	be heard on the matter? Hearing none I guess we can
16	close this. Close the hearing.
17	MR. MILAZZO: Yes, sir. We'll have decision
18	deadline of next meeting.
19	CHAIRMAN SCULLY: Yes. Counsel indicates he
20	needs executive session. Off the record we are done
21	after the hearing being closed. Very good, thank you Mr.
22	Gazza; thank you no joining us.
23	MR. GAZZA: I believe I stole this off
24	someone's pile.



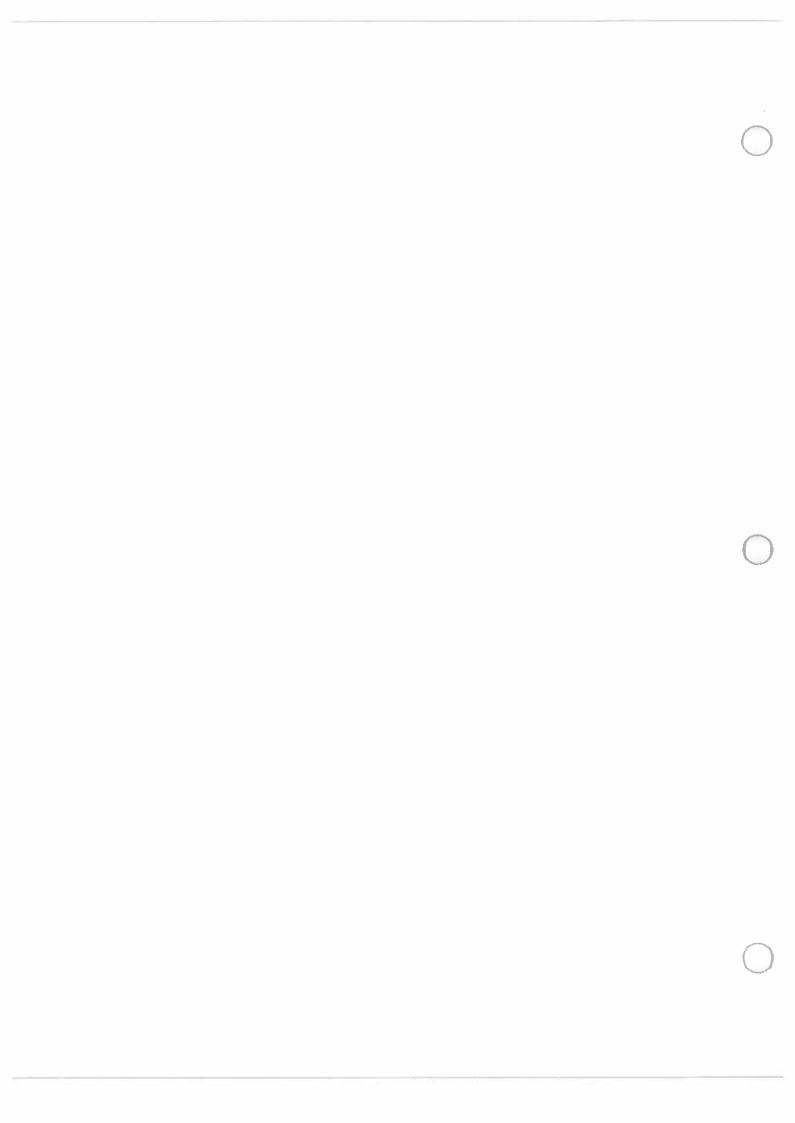
25



CHAIRMAN SCULLY: We're done.

(Time noted: 5:00 p.m.)

Telephone: 212.349.9692 Facsimlle: 212.557.2152



### CERTIFICATION

2

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1

I, Marie DiMarco, a Shorthand Reporter and notary public, within and for the State of New York, do hereby certify:

That said transcript is a true record of the testimony given in this proceeding set forth.

I further certify that I am not related to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that I am in no way interested in the outcome of this matter.

12

13

14

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 57 day of May, 2010.

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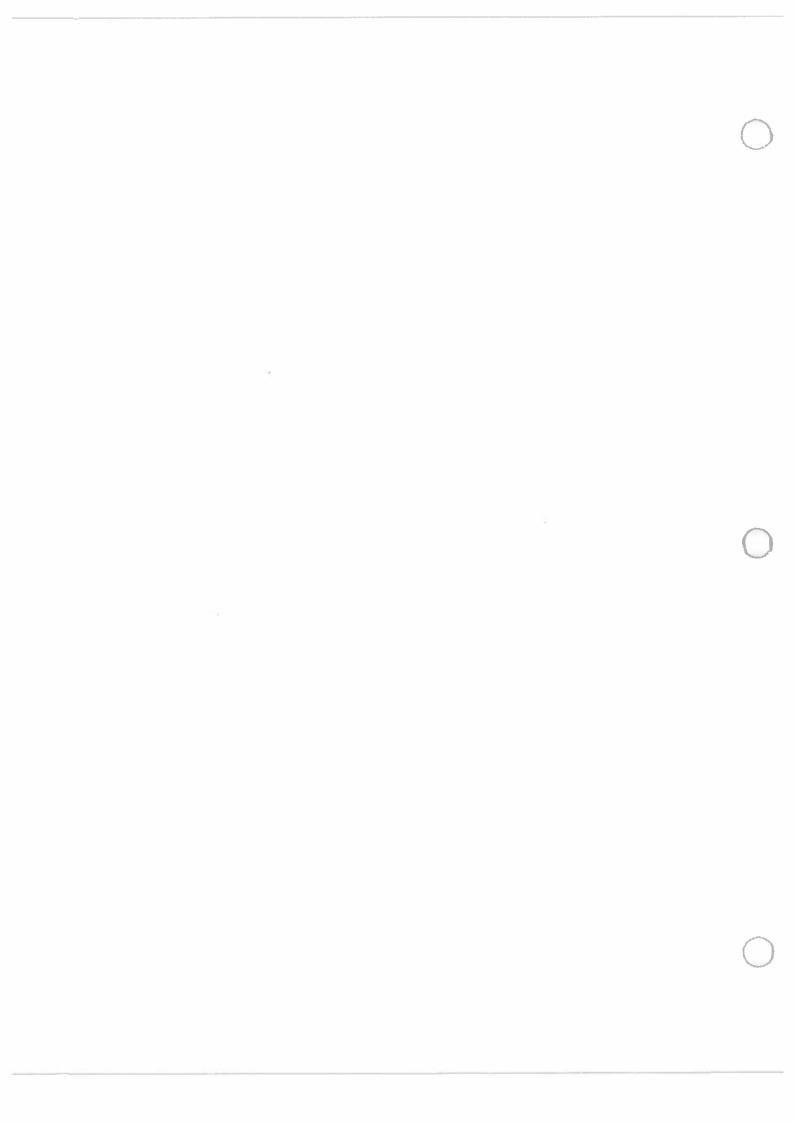
24

25

ESQUIRE AR-TI Recording

Marie DiMarco

Telephone: 212.349.9692 Facsimile: 212.557.2152



**Exhibit** 

# THE STATE OF NEW YORK NYS CENTRAL PINE BARRENS COMMISSION

In the Matter of

American Physical Society Core Preservation Area Extraordinary Hardship Waiver

Location: One Research Road, Ridge, New York

Suffolk County Tax Map Number 200-459-1-1.4

Joseph Gazza



Town of Brookhaven One Independence Hill Farmingville, New York 11738

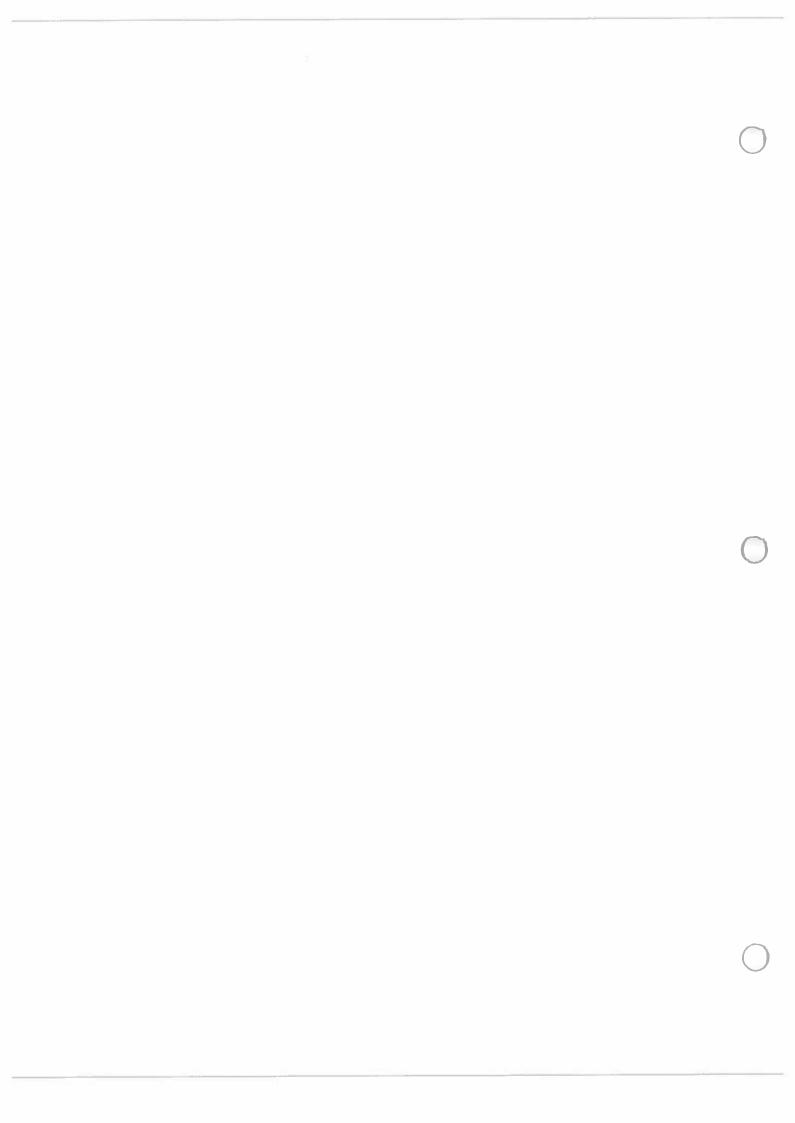
Wednesday, April 21, 2010

The above entitled matter came on for hearing at 4:25 p.m.



**AR-TI Recording** 

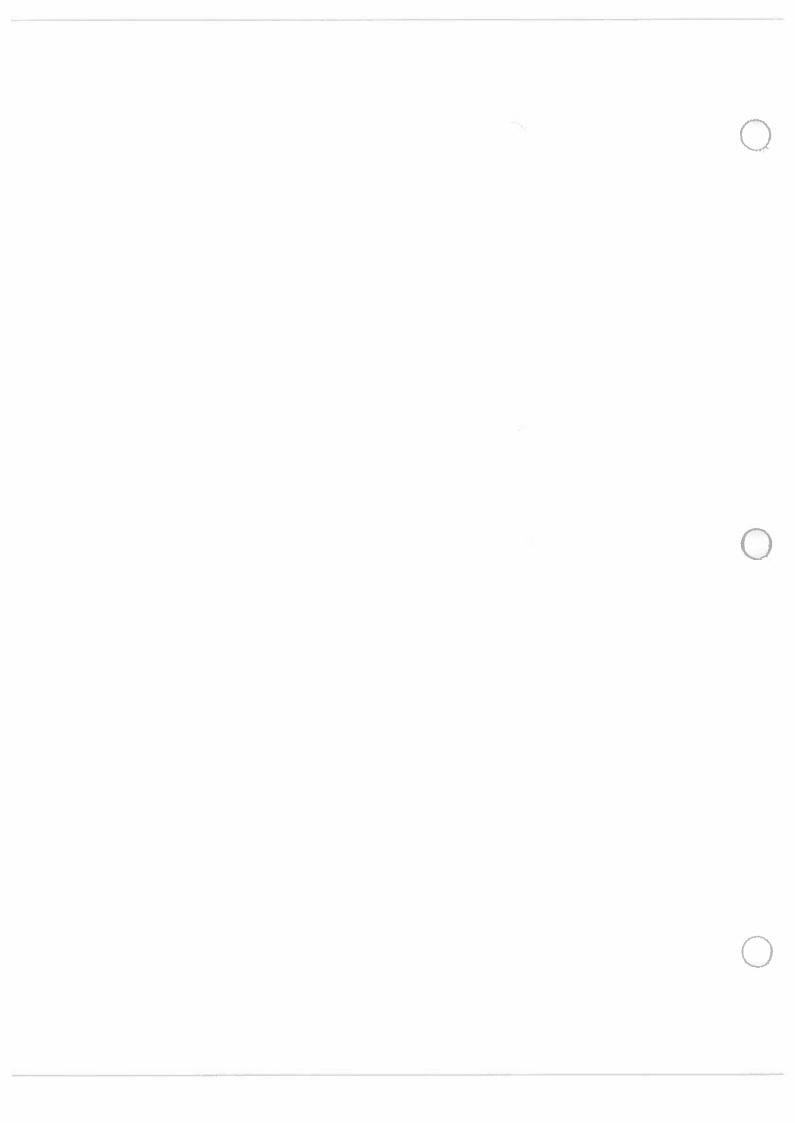
Telephone: 212,349,9692 Facsimile: 212,557,2152



# Central Pine Barrens Joint Planning and Policy Commission Public Hearing on 118 Summit Blvd Westhampton, Town of Southampton SCTM No. 900-331-3-21.1 April 21, 2010

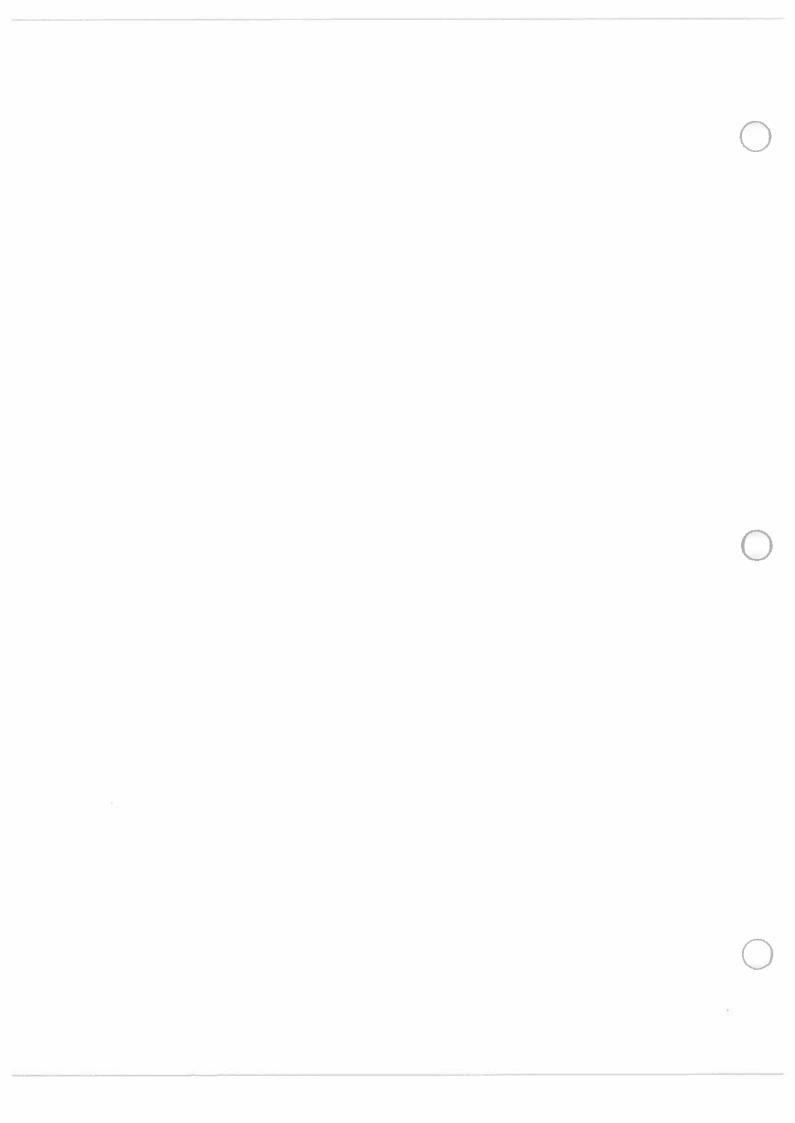
### Staff Exhibits

- A. Central Pine Barrens Comprehensive Land Use Plan Section 6.7.6.6 Issuance of a full Pine Barrens Credit for Certain Roadfront Parcels.
- B. 2007 Aerial map depicting general area in proximity to Summit Blvd. Subject parcel is outlined in purple. Parcels that received one Pine Barrens Credit are outlined in red. Parcel that was denied an increase in allocation is depicted by red dot. Prepared by Commission staff, April 20, 2010.
- C. Close-up of 2007Aerial map depicting general area of subject parcel on Summit Blvd. Prepared by Commission staff, April 20, 2010.
- D. Map depicting
  - a. Core (indicated by small tree symbol on map) and Compatible Growth Area (indicated by light tan leaf symbol) in relation to Summit Blvd,
  - b. prior Pine Barrens Credit allocations to parcels along Summit Blvd, and
  - c. location of development Section Map for Vanderbilt Park Inc, Section 5 and P/O Westhampton Beach Park Section 4 that was approved by TOS in July 22, 2004.
- E. Letter of Interpretation (Renewal) for 900-331-3-21 dated January 11, 2010, Letters of Interpretation for 900-331-3-29 and 900-331-3-32.
- F. Commission Meeting Summary (Final) for March 17, 2004 excerpt referencing project decisions Appeals Gazza/Westhampton (900-331-3-28) and portions of Public Hearing Transcript for Letter of Interpretation Appeal February 18, 2004.
- G. Commission Meeting Summary (Final) for April19, 2006 excerpt on motion to deny Joseph Gazza /Westhampton 900-280-2-82. Basis: road is not maintained in this area.
- H. Development Section Map of Vanderbilt Park Section 5 and P/O Westhampton Beach Park Section 4, Situate at Westhampton, prepared by Department of Land Management and Planning Division, July 22, 2004
- Road and Drainage Standards for the Town of Southampton, Suffolk County, New York, Town of Southampton Highway Department, prepared by L.K. McLean Associates, PC, July 2002
- J. Town of Southampton Highway Department, Table "A".
- K. Town of Southampton, NY Chapter 292 Subdivision of Land Article X Design Standards.
- L. Photos taken by Commission staff during site visit on April 16, 2010 depicting subject site and adjacent area.



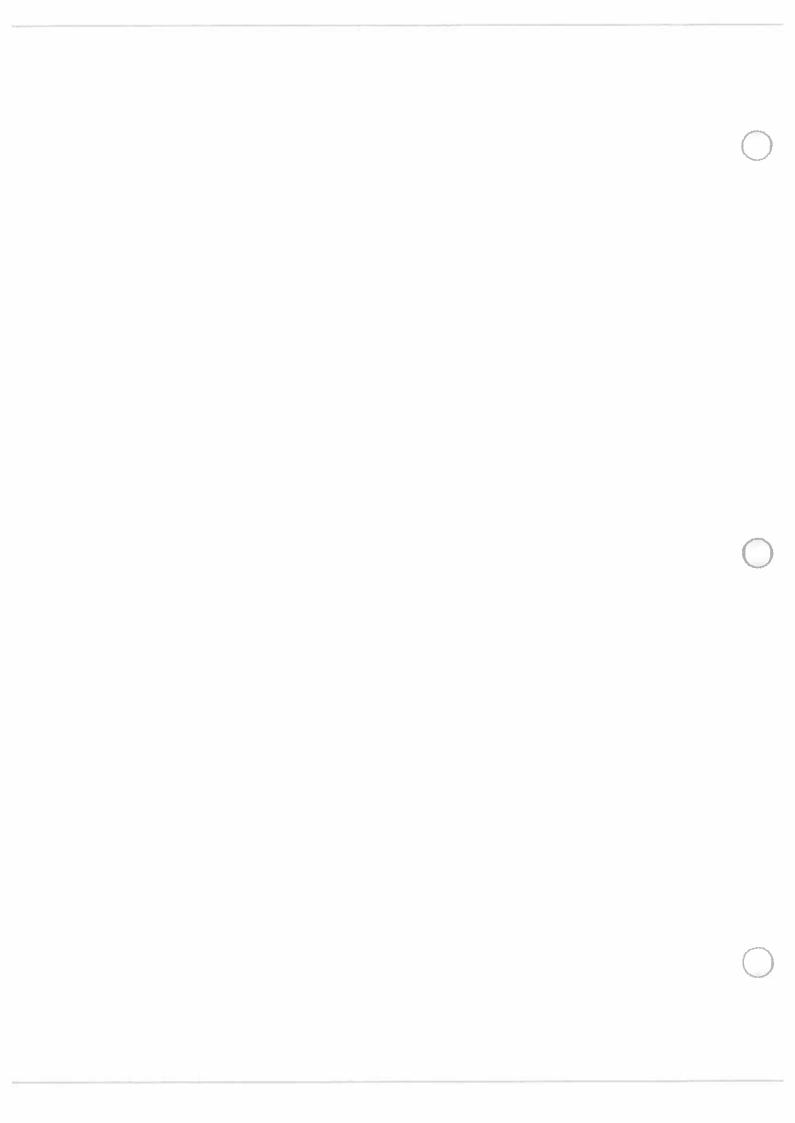


The Pine Barrens Credit Clearinghouse may elect to allocate one (1) full Pine Barrens Credit for a parcel of land consisting of at least 4,000 square feet with frontage on an existing improved road.



Joseph Zachary Gazza Gredit Appeal Hearing for 116 Summit Blvd Held April 21, 2010 118 Summit Blvd (parcel with purple outline) Red outlined parcels received One PBC 900-280-2-82 Denied increase in allocation to One PBC Old Country Road **byla fimmu2** Sunrise Highway Note: This map is intended for general reference only and is not to be used for unreplay, largel interpretation of jurisdictional boundaries, or other procise purposes. Information shown on this map has not been verified and contains defects, enrors, analor omissions. Suffalk County Real Property Tax Service Agency GIS Basemap COPTRIGHT, County of Suffalk N.Y. Spring 2007 Digital Ontrolmagery, NYS Digital Orderinagery Program, NYSOCSCIC

Prepared by Commission Staff (JJ) on April 20, 2010.

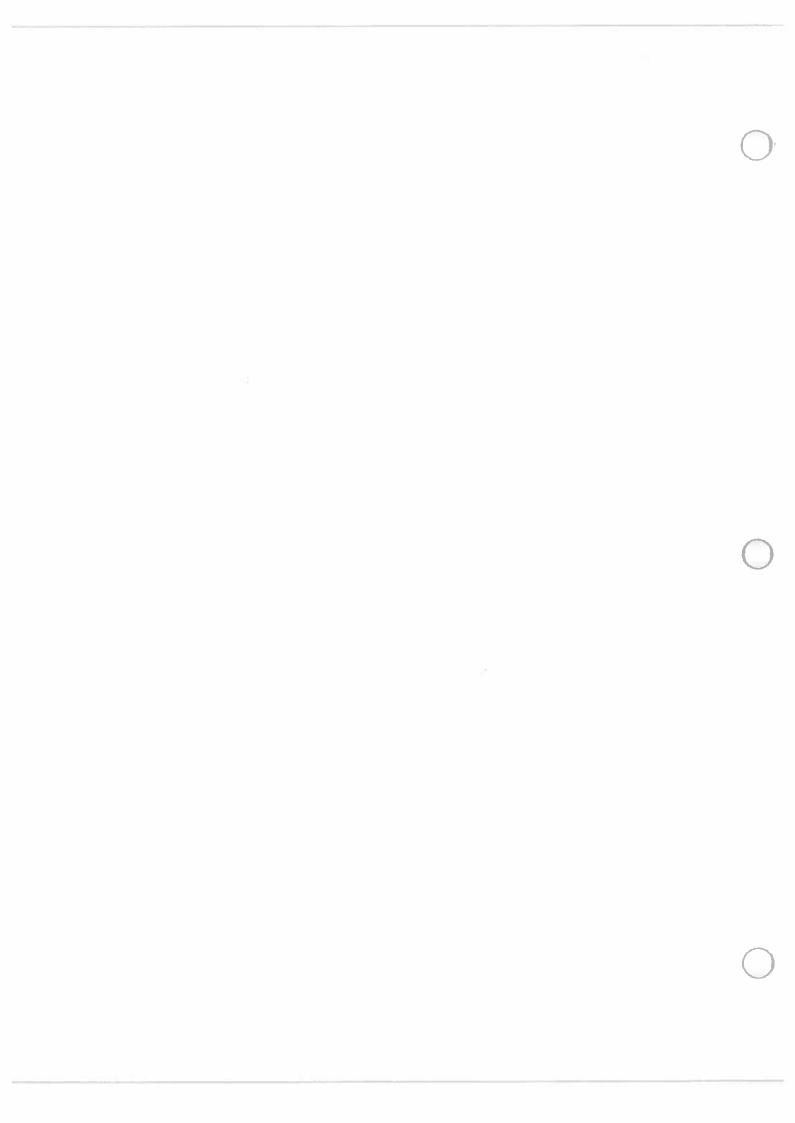


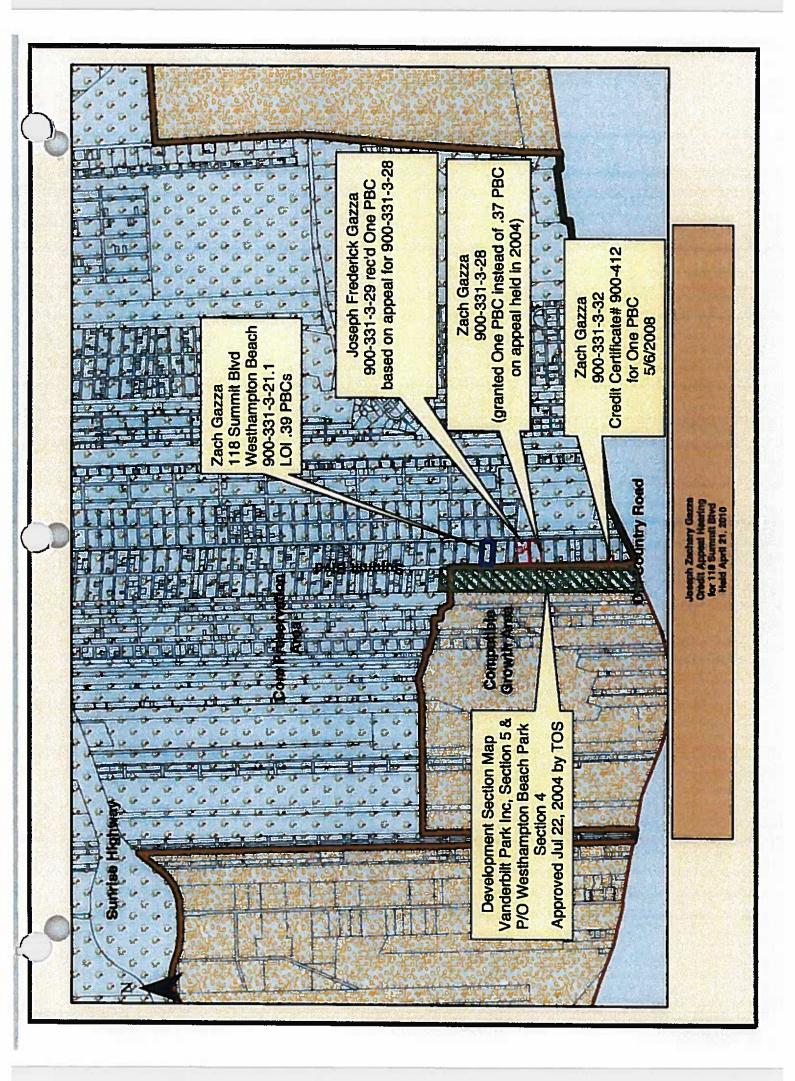
Red outlined parcels received One PBC (parcel with purple 118 Summit Blvd outline)

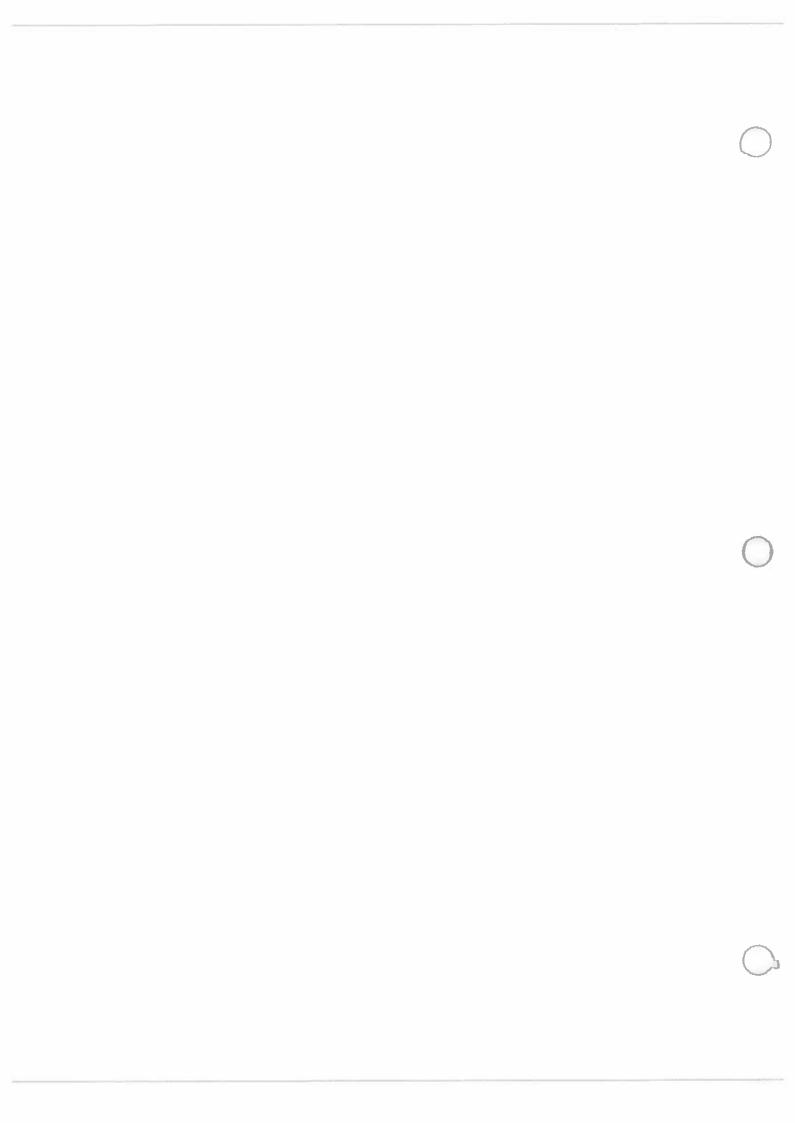
Joseph Zachary Gazza Credit Appail Hearing for 118 Summit Bivd Held April;21, 2010

Prepared by Commission Staff (JJ) on April 20, 2010.

Spring 2007 Digital Orthoinagery, NYS Digital Orthoinagery Program, NYSOCSCIC Suffork County Real Property Tax Service Agency GIS Basemap COPYRIGHT, County of Sufficie. N. Y.







## PINE BARRENS CREDIT CLEARINGHOUSE

MES T.B. TRIPP. ESQ., CHAIRMAN "NDREW P. FRELENG, AICP, VICE CHAIRMAN RICHARD W. HANLEY, MEMBER MITCHELL H. PALLY, ESQ., MEMBER ROBERT ANRIG, MEMBER



### LETTER OF INTERPRETATION(RENEWAL)

Re:

Suffolk County Tax Map Number: 900-331-3-21

Applicant:

Joseph Zachary Gazza

Date:

January 11, 2010

### Findings of Fact

The applicant applied for a Letter of Interpretation for the above-referenced 1.93 acre parcel. The parcel is in the Town of Southampton. It was in the CR-200 District at the adoption of the *Central Pine Barrens Comprehensive Land Use Plan* (the "*Plan*") on June 28, 1995.

#### **Conclusions**

The *Plan* grants to every parcel of land in a sending area a use right, known as Pine Barrens Credits, that may be used to seek development density or intensity increases on lands identified as receiving areas within the same township.

The *Plan* establishes the formula for allocating Pine Barrens Credits. In sending areas within the CR-200 District of the Town of Southampton, the number of Pine Barrens Credits allocated is equal to the parcel's size in acres multiplied by .20. Based upon this allocation formula, .386 Pine Barrens Credits may be allocated to this parcel. Allocations are increased to the hundreth of a credit, therefore this parcel would receive .39. There are no known conditions on the parcel which reduce the allocation of Pine Barrens Credits pursuant to Section 6.3.3 of the *Plan*.

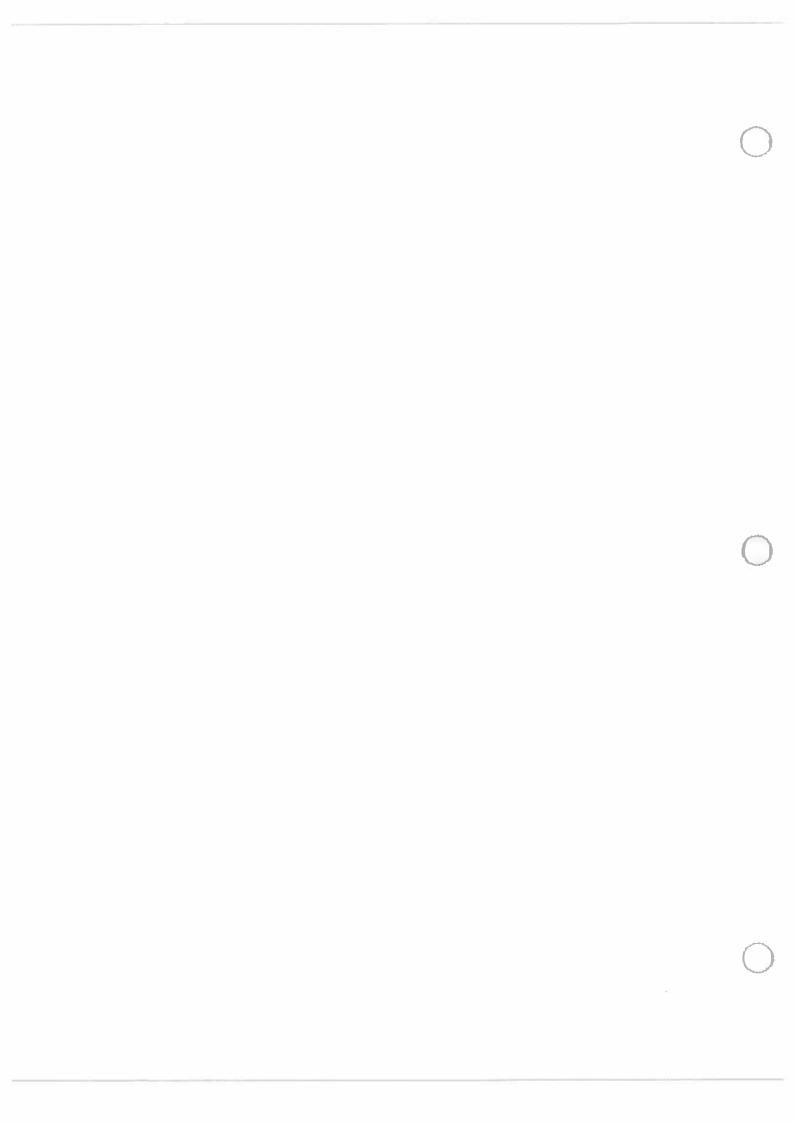
### The total number of Pine Barrens Credits allocated for this parcel is .39

This Letter of Interpretation expires in one year from the above date. In order to obtain a Pine Barrens Credit Certificate you must complete the Pine Barrens Credit Certificate Application and follow the instructions contained in the Pine Barrens Credit Handbook.

If there is a mortgage or other lien on this parcel, the applicant will have to make an arrangement with the lender or other party holding the lien before the Clearinghouse can issue a Pine Barrens Credit Certificate for this tax map parcel.

### Appealing your Allocation

Any person who is aggrieved by this determination may appeal the allocation within thirty (30) days of the date of this letter by giving notice, in writing, to the Central Pine Barrens Joint Planning and Policy Commission. The Commission address is P.O. Box 587, 3525 Sunrise Highway, 2nd Floor, Great River, New York 11739-0587. Included with this notice shall be the name and address of the person requesting reconsideration and the reasons supporting the appeal as well as the number of Pine Barrens Credits requested. The Commission shall consider and decide the appeal within sixty (60) days of receipt of an appeal and will schedule a public hearing on the appeal.



## PINE BARRENS CREDIT CLEARINGHOUSE

James T.B. Tripp, Esq., Chairman Andrew P. Freleng, AICP, Vice Chairman Richard W. Hanley, Member Mitchell H. Pally, Esq., Member

900-331-3-29 1.0 PBC

LETTER OF INTERPRETATION

Re:

Robert Anrig, Member

Suffolk County Tax Map Number: 900-331-3-29

**Applicant:** 

Joseph F. Gazza

Date:

July 11, 2005

### Findings of Fact

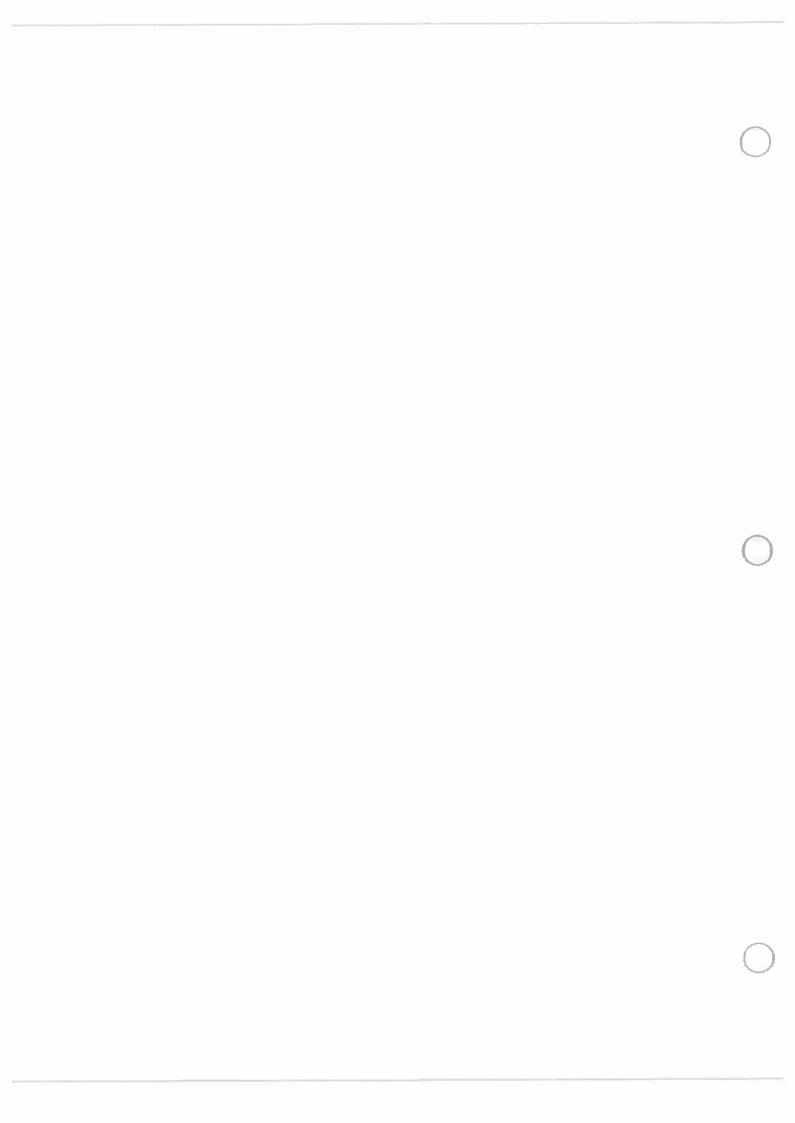
The applicant applied for a Letter of Interpretation for the above-referenced 1.79-acre parcel. The parcel is in the Town of Southampton. It was in the CR200 zoning district at the adoption of the Central Pine Barrens Comprehensive Land Use Plan (the "Plan") on June 28, 1995.

### **Conclusions**

The *Plan* grants to every parcel of land in a sending area a use right, known as Pine Barrens Credits, that may be used to seek development density or intensity increases on lands identified as receiving areas within the same township.

The *Plan* establishes the formula for allocating Pine Barrens Credits. In sending areas within the CR200 zoning district of the Town of Southampton, the number of Pine Barrens Credits allocated is equal to the parcel's size in acres multiplied by 0.16. Based upon this allocation formula, 0.2864 Pine Barrens Credits may be allocated to this parcel. There are no known conditions on the parcel which reduce the allocation of Pine Barrens Credits pursuant to Section 6.3.3 of the *Plan*. This allocation qualifies for the application of Section 6.7.6.6 of the *Plan* permitting the allocation of one (1.00) full Pine Barrens Credit due to its frontage on an existing improved road.

The total number of Pine Barrens Credits allocated for this parcel is 1.00.



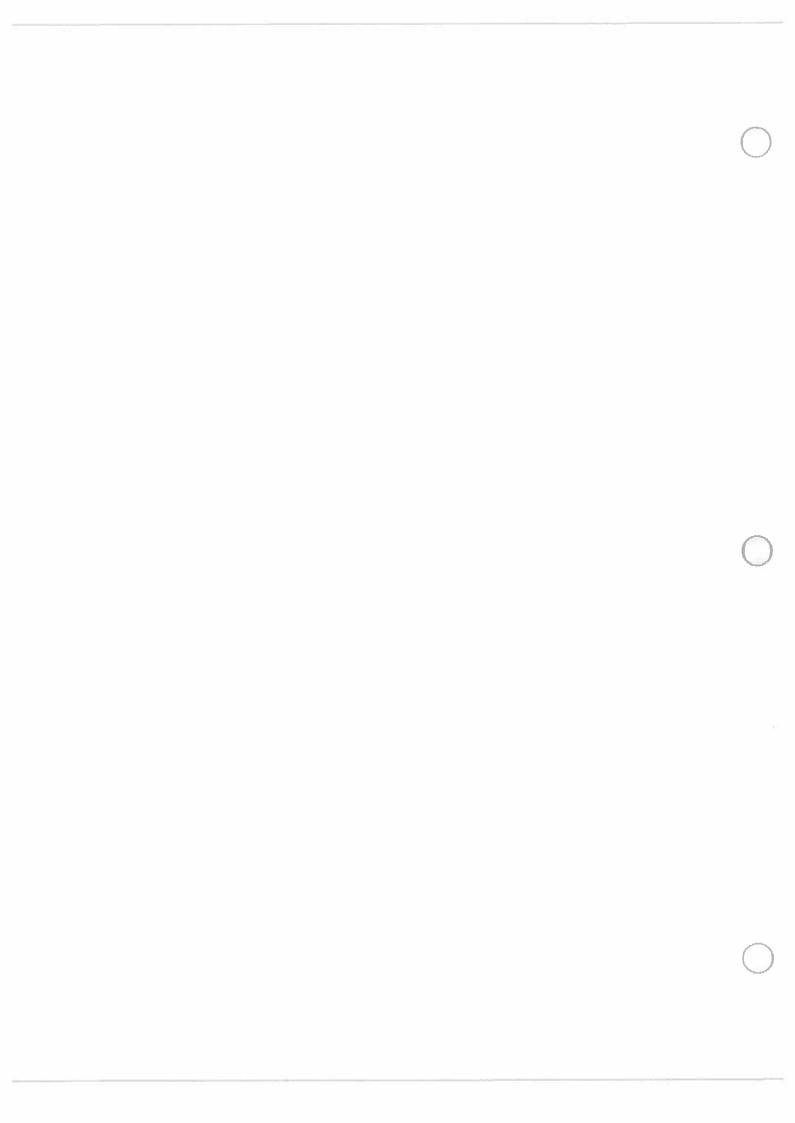
Page Two

This Letter of Interpretation expires in one year from the above date. In order to obtain a Pine Barrens Credit Certificate you must complete the Pine Barrens Credit Certificate Application and follow the instructions contained in the Pine Barrens Credit Handbook.

If there is a mortgage or other lien on this parcel, the applicant will have to make an arrangement with the lender or other party holding the lien before the Clearinghouse can issue a Pine Barrens Credit Certificate for this tax map parcel.

### Appealing your Allocation

Any person who is aggrieved by this determination may appeal the allocation within thirty (30) days of the date of this letter by giving notice, in writing, to the Central Pine Barrens Joint Planning and Policy Commission. The Commission address is P.O. Box 587, 3525 Sunrise Highway, 2nd Floor, Great River, New York 11739-0587. Included with this notice shall be the name and address of the person requesting reconsideration and the reasons supporting the appeal as well as the number of Pine Barrens Credits requested. The Commission shall consider and decide the appeal within sixty (60) days of receipt of an appeal and will schedule a public hearing on the appeal.



## PINE BARRENS CREDIT CLEARINGHOUSE

JAMES T.B. TRIPP, ESQ., CHAIRMAN ANDREW P. FRELENG, AICP, VICE CHAIRMAN RICHARD W. HANLEY, MEMBER MITCHELL H. PALLY, ESQ., MEMBER ROBERT ANRIG, MEMBER

910-331-3-32 1.0 PBC

FILE COPY

### LETTER OF INTERPRETATION

Re:

Suffolk County Tax Map Number: 900-331-3-32

Applicant:

Joseph Zachery Gazza

Date:

August 1, 2006

Findings of Fact

The applicant applied for a Letter of Interpretation for the above-referenced .230 acre parcel. The parcel is in the Town of Southampton. It was in the CR-200 District at the adoption of the Central Pine Barrens Comprehensive Land Use Plan (the "Plan") on June 28, 1995.

#### **Conclusions**

The *Plan* grants to every parcel of land in a sending area a use right, known as Pine Barrens Credits, that may be used to seek development density or intensity increases on lands identified as receiving areas within the same township.

The Plan establishes the formula for allocating Pine Barrens Credits. In sending areas within Old Filed(OFM) areas of the Town of Southampton as per Section 6.4.4.1 of the Plan that are within the CR-200 District of the Town of Southampton, the number of Pine Barrens Credits allocated is equal to the parcel's size in acres multiplied by .20. Based upon this allocation formula, .046 Pine Barrens Credits may be allocated to this parcel. There are no known conditions on the parcel which reduce the allocation of Pine Barrens Credits pursuant to Section 6.3.3 of the Plan. The allocation is rounded to the nearest hundreth of a credit. This allocation qualifies for the application of Section 6.7.6.6 of the Plan permitting the allocation of one (1.00) full Pine Barrens Credit due to its frontage on an existing improved road.

## The total number of Pine Barrens Credits allocated for this parcel is 1.0.

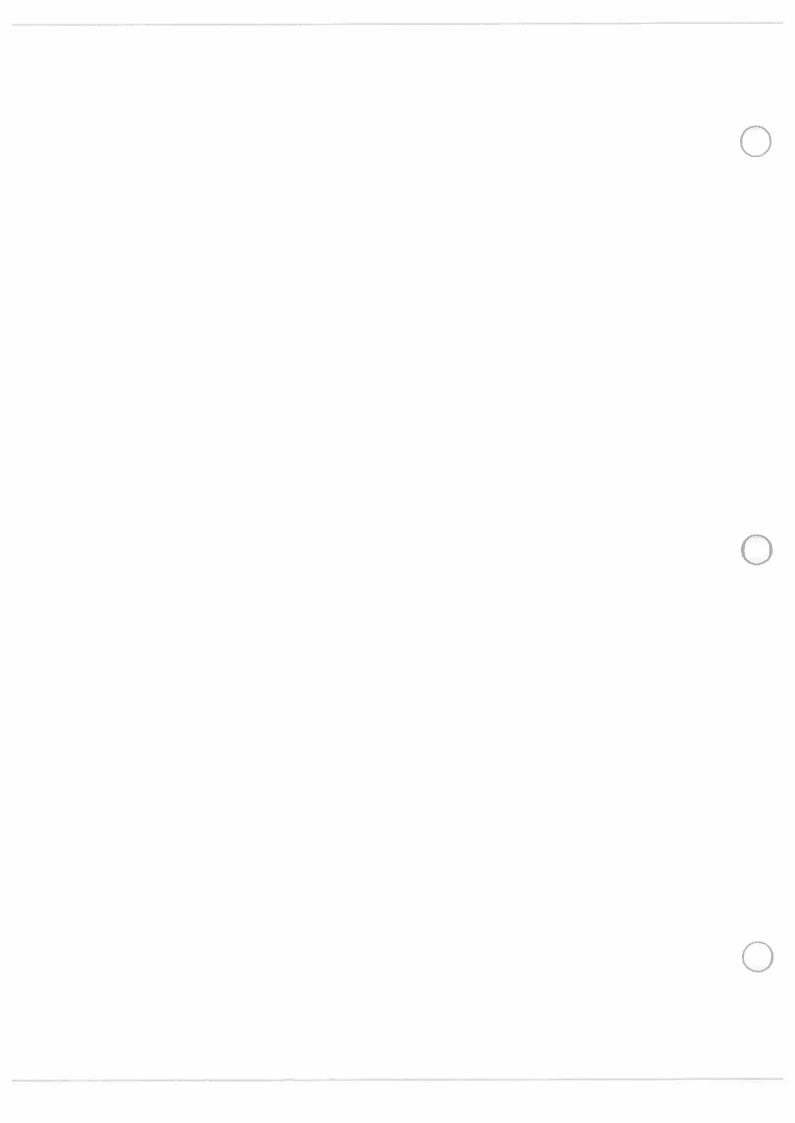
This Letter of Interpretation expires in one year from the above date. In order to obtain a Pine Barrens Credit Certificate you must complete the Pine Barrens Credit Certificate Application and follow the instructions contained in the Pine Barrens Credit Handbook.

If there is a mortgage or other lien on this parcel, the applicant will have to make an arrangement with the lender or other party holding the lien before the Clearinghouse can issue a Pine Barrens Credit Certificate for this tax map parcel.

### Appealing your Allocation

Any person who is aggrieved by this determination may appeal the allocation within thirty (30) days of the date of this letter by giving notice, in writing, to the Central Pine Barrens Joint Planning and Policy Commission. The Commission address is P.O. Box 587, 3525 Sunrise Highway, 2nd Floor, Great River, New York 11739-0587. Included with this notice shall be the name and address of the person requesting reconsideration and the reasons supporting the appeal as well as the number of Pine Barrens Credits requested. The Commission shall consider and decide the appeal within sixty (60) days of receipt of an appeal and will schedule a public hearing on the appeal.

P.O. Box 587, 3525 Sunrise Highway, 2nd Floor, Great River, New York 11739-0587 631-224-2604/ Fax 631-224-7653 http://pb.state.nv.us



## 900-331-3-28 granted 1.0 PBC



CENTRAL PINE BARRENS PLANNING POLICY COMMISSION

Peter A. Scully Chair

Philip J. Cardinale Member

Patrick A. Heaney

Member

John Jay LaValle Member

Steven A. Levy Member

P.O. Box 587 3525 Sunrise Highway 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Great River, NY 11739-0587

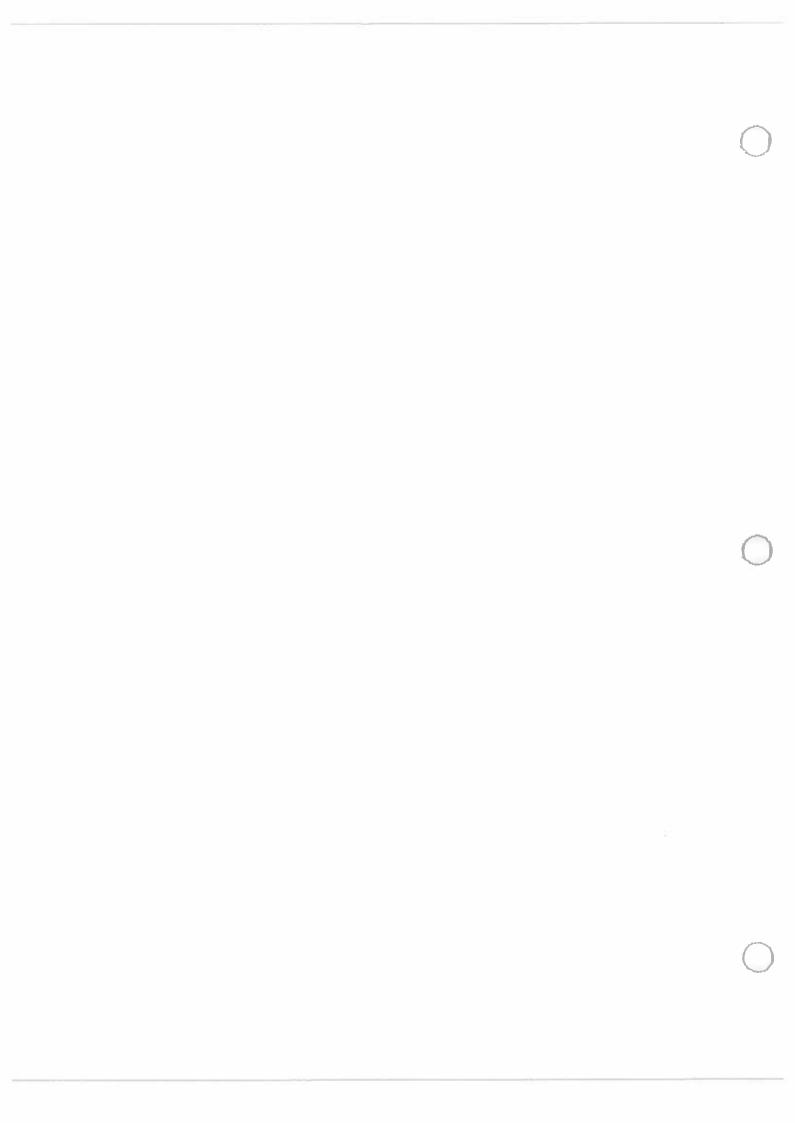
Phone (631) 224-2604 Fax (631) 224-7653 www.pb.state.ny.us Commission Meeting Summary (FINAL)
for Wednesday, March 17, 2004 (Approved 4/21/04; Corrected 7/21/04)
at Southaven County Park, Victory Avenue, Yaphank
2:00 pm

<u>Commission members present:</u> Mr. Deering (for Suffolk County), Mr. Scully (for New York State), Mr. Hoffman and Ms. Compitello (for Brookhaven), Mr. Hanley (for Riverhead), and Mr. Murphree (for Southampton).

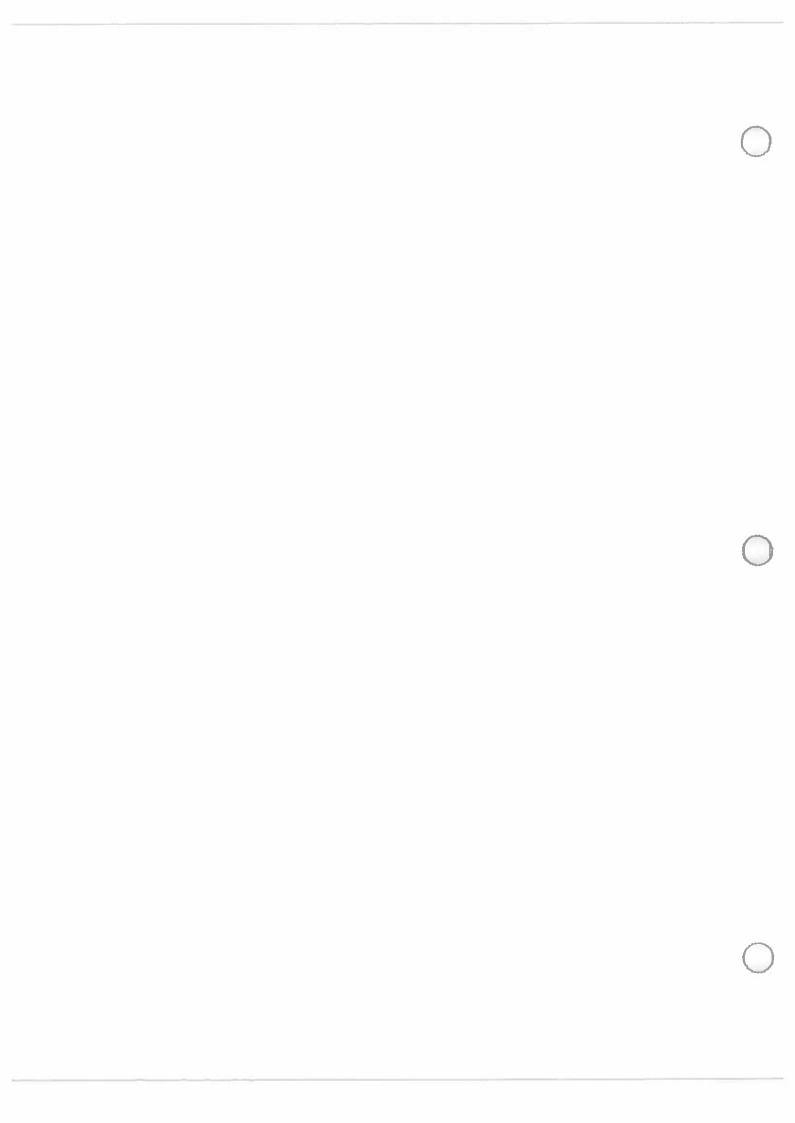
### **Project Decisions - Pine Barrens Credit Appeals**

Gazza / Westhampton (900-331-3-28) (hearing held 2/18/04; decision due today)

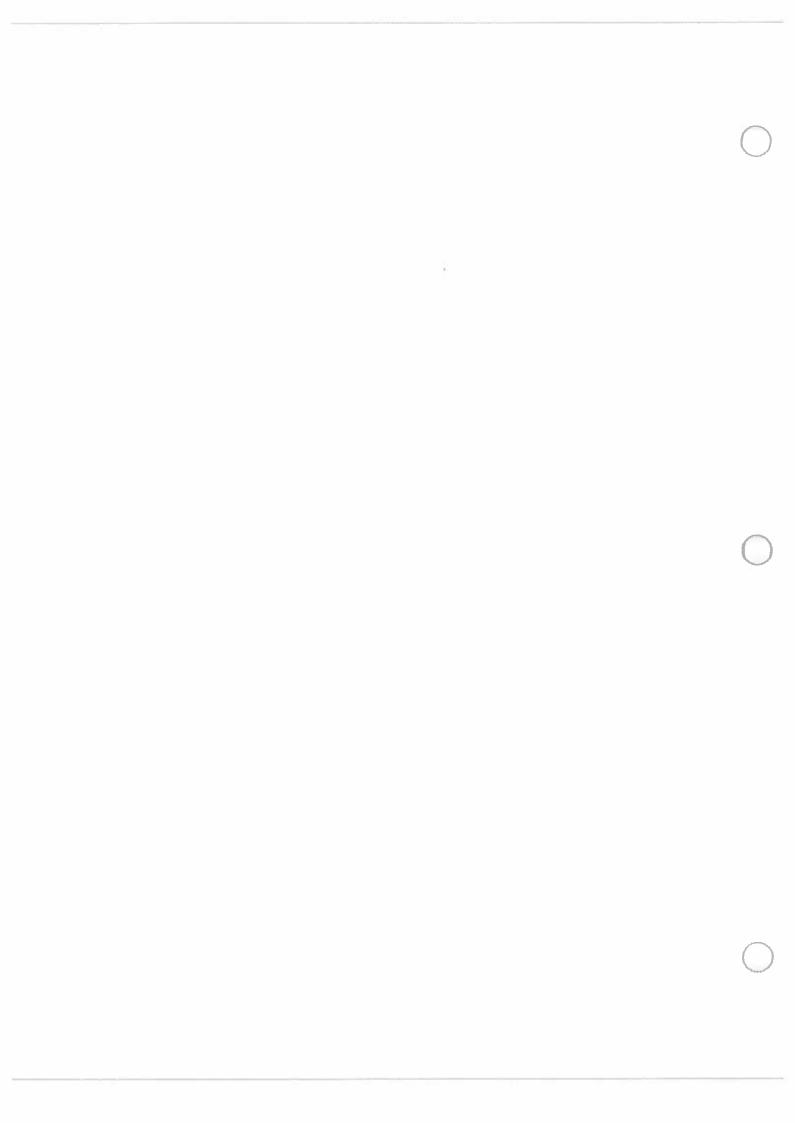
<u>Summary:</u> Mr. Randolph summarized this previously discussed appeal for a parcel on the Core side of Summit Boulevard, south of Sunrise Highway. He recommended granting the appeal for one full Credit based upon the parcel's location on Summit Boulevard and the physical status of that road as both passable and accessible. A motion was made by Mr. Murphree and seconded by Mr. Hoffman to grant the appeal on this parcel for 1.0 Credit. The motion was approved by a 5-0 vote.



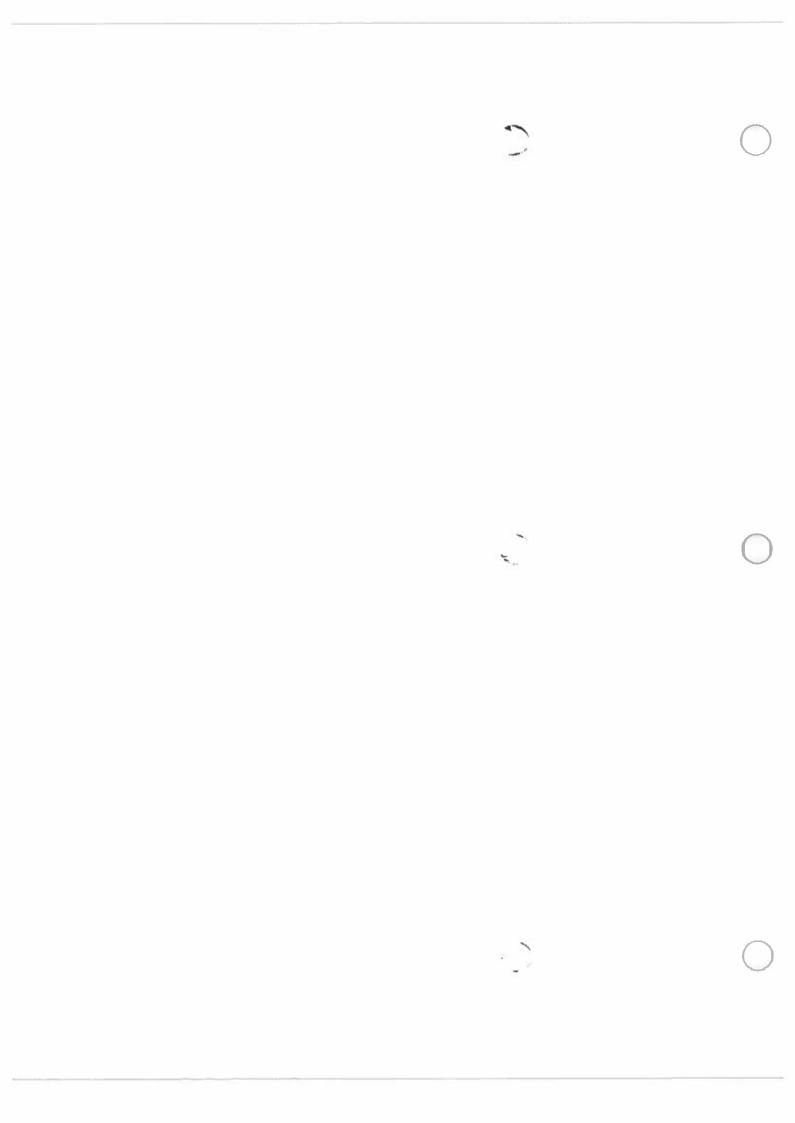
CENTRAL PINE BARRENS JOINT PLANNING AND POLICY COMMISSION In the Matter of the, LETTER OF INTERPRETATION APPEAL RE: JOSEPH F. GAZZA South Haven Park Yaphank, New York February 18, 2007 3:15 P.M. Taken by: Donna L. Spratt, Court Reporter 



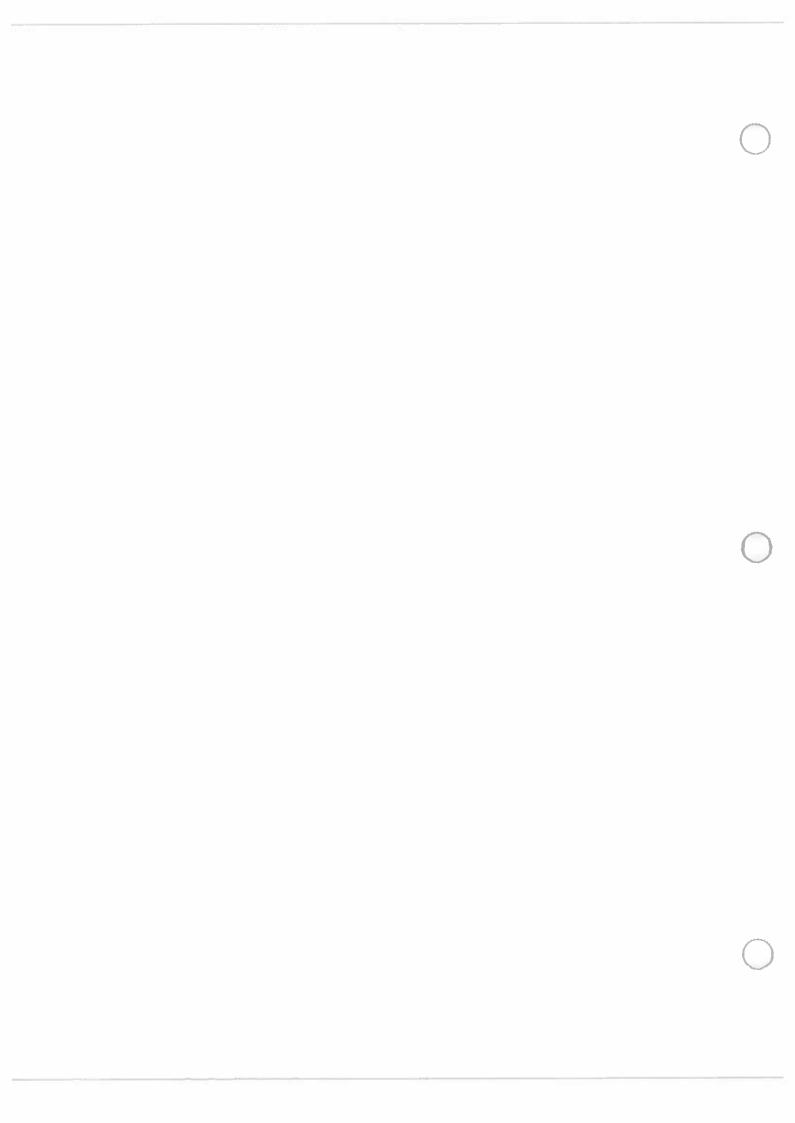
1	opposed to a drivable, navigable road.
2	MR. SCULLY: The improved road
3	criteria threshold was not applied.
4	Any further discussion? If not
5	MS. PRUSINOWSKI: How far off of
6	South Country?
7	MR. GAZZA: North of Old Country.
8	MS. PRUSINOWSKI: By approximately
9	how far?
10	MR. GAZZA: I'll tell you in a
11	moment. This is the permit application
12	for my lot across the street. There is
13	an indication on that.
14	MR. SCULLY: Any further comments
15	from the public? Questions?
16	MS. PRUSINOWSKI: I'm just trying
17	to locate it.
18	MR. SCULLY: If there are no
19	comments or questions, is there a
20	motion?
21	MR. DEERING: I make a motion to
22	grant the one Pine Barrens credit.
23	MR. MILAZZO: Based on an existing
24	improved road.
25	MR. DEERING: Based on the



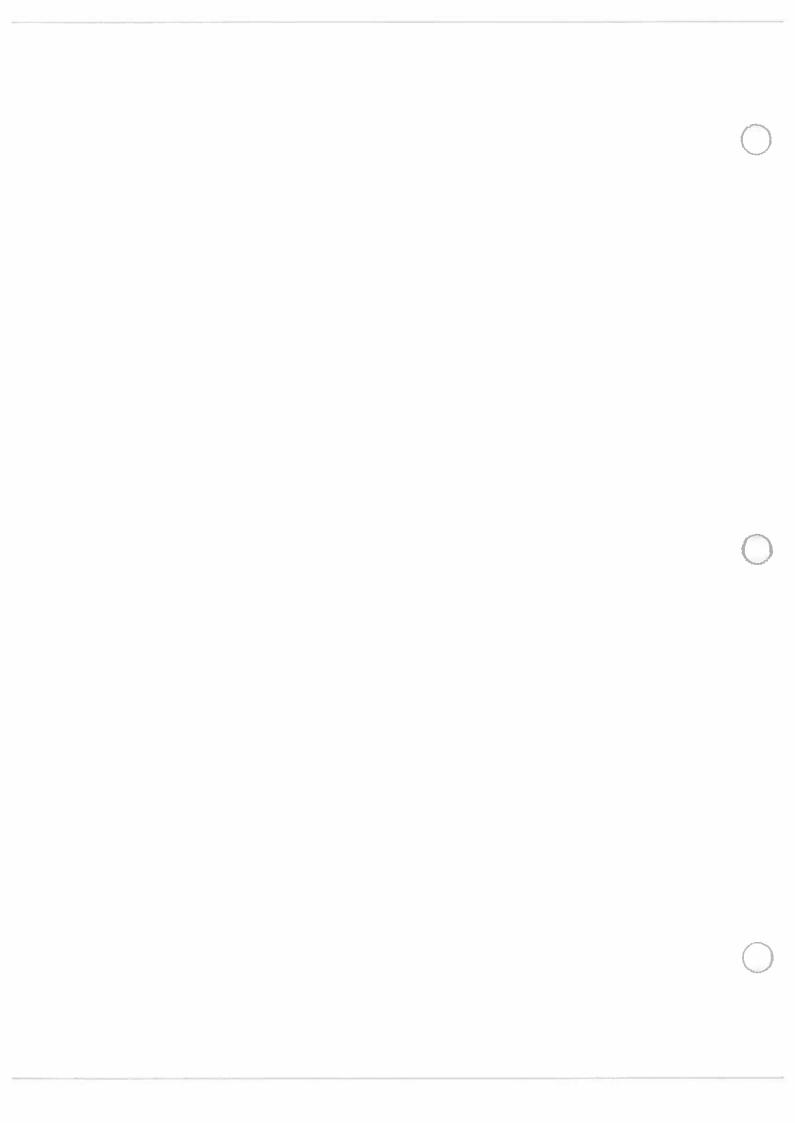
1	criteria within the plan.
2	MR. MURPHREE: As outlined by
3	staff.
4	MR. MILAZZO: Not that it appears
5	on the receiving list.
6	MR. RANDOLPH: One condition, that
7	he will close the fire break.
8	MR. CORWIN: Can I ask a
9	clarification question? For the future,
10	are we deeming that road, fire break,
11	semi-improved path through the woods as
12	a road for purposes of any future
13	applications that come up that might be
14	on or adjacent to that?
15	MR. SCULLY: I think we would have
16	to.
17	MR. CORWIN: We're setting a
18	precedent?
19	MR. DEERING: Maybe not for the
20	part that the fire break
21	MR. CORWIN: We need to know that
22	if the next owner says
23	MR. MURPHREE: For this portion of
24	it, we don't know for further north how
25	far it goes.



1	MR. CORWIN: We're saying from	
2	this property south is considered an	
3	improved road, not opining about the	
4	northerly portion.	1
5	MR. MURPHREE: Because the north	
6	we don't know.	
7	MR. RANDOLPH: I think it has to	
8	be a case by case basis because you	
9	don't really know.	
10	MS. CARTER: Does this require a	
11	280 A approval from the Town?	
12	MR. GAZZA: It goes under old	
13	filed map regulations of the Town of	
14	Southampton, and they have their own	
15	road review commission. In connection	
16	with the parcel cross the street that we	
17	have an application to develop right	
18	now, there will be some improvements	
19	necessary to Summit Boulevard.	
20	MR. MURPHREE: Have you been to	
21	the road review committee?	
22	MR. GAZZA: No. I'm at the town	
23	planning board level right now. I've	
24	had the public hearing.	
25	MR. SCULLY: Is that pertinent to	



1	MR. GAZZA: Everyone thinks it is
2	an error except me.
3	MR. RANDOLPH: You can't be
4	sending and receiving simultaneously.
5	MR. CORWIN: The Commission
6	established a principle that you don't
7	receive in the core. We've been over
8	this.
9	MR. FREELENG: That is what I
10	didn't understand. This was a receiving
11	site, he had an application before the
12	Commission.
13	MR. SCULLY: Any further
14	questions?
15	(No response).
16	There is a motion on the table.
17	MR. HOFFMAN: Seconded.
18	MR. SCULLY: Anything further? If
19	not, all in favor?
20	(All voted in the affirmative).
21	Opposed?
22	(No response).
23	None.
24	MR. GAZZA: Thank you for your
25	consideration. Have a good day.





ENTRAL PINE BARRENS JOINT PLANNING POLICY

Commission Meeting Summary (FINAL) for Wednesday, April 19, 2006 (Approved 5/17/06) at Brookhaven Town Hall. 1 Independence Hill, Farmingville, 2:00 pm

Commission members present: Mr. Scully (for New York State), Ms. Longo (for Suffolk County), Ms. Prusinowski and Mr. Turner (for Brookhaven), Mr. Kent (for Riverhead), and Mr. Shea (for Southampton).

Others present: Staff counsel was Mr. Milazzo. Staff members included Mr. Corwin, Ms. Jakobsen, Ms. Mills, Ms. Carter and Mr. Limoli (from the Commission), Mr. Pavacic (from the NYS Department of Environmental Conservation (NYS DEC)), and Mr. Freleng (from the Suffolk County Planning Department and Vice Chair of the Pine Barrens Credit Clearinghouse Board). Additional attendees are shown on the attached sign-in sheet.

### (Excerpt from Minutes: )

Ms. Prusinowski arrived during the following item, and a five member quorum remained.

### Pine Barrens Credit Program

Joseph Gazza / Westhampton (900-280-2-82) / Credit allocation appeal (appeal letter previously distributed) Summary: Mr. Scully read the attached hearing notice. Ms. Jakobsen explained that a Letter of Interpretation (LOI) for 1.00 Credit had originally been issued for this parcel, and was later rescinded by the staff when it was determined that the parcel is on an unimproved dirt road, rather than an improved road. A new LOI for 0.36 Credit was then issued. The parcel contains 1.79 acres, and is zoned CR200 Residence. Mr. Gazza spoke about this parcel, the road access to it, and answered questions from the Commissioners regarding access, utilities, the Town status of the road, and other topics. Mr. Shea observed that Southampton Town does not maintain the road in this area.

A motion was then made by Mr. Shea and seconded by Mr. Kent to deny the appeal on the basis that the road in question is not a maintained road. The motion was approved by a 5-0 vote, and the hearing was concluded.

Attachments (in order of discussion):

12. Gazza Credit appeal hearing notice and photographs (undated; 3 pages)

Peter A. Scully Chair

Philip J. Cardinale Member

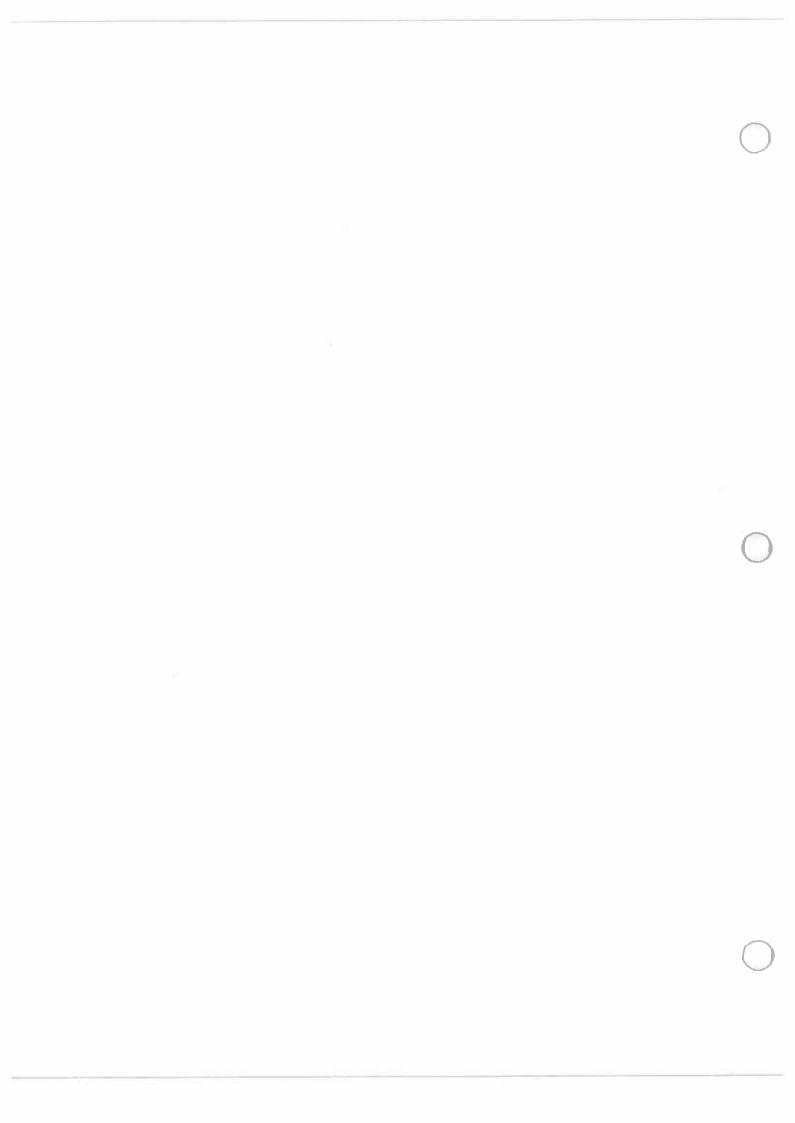
Brian X. Foley Member

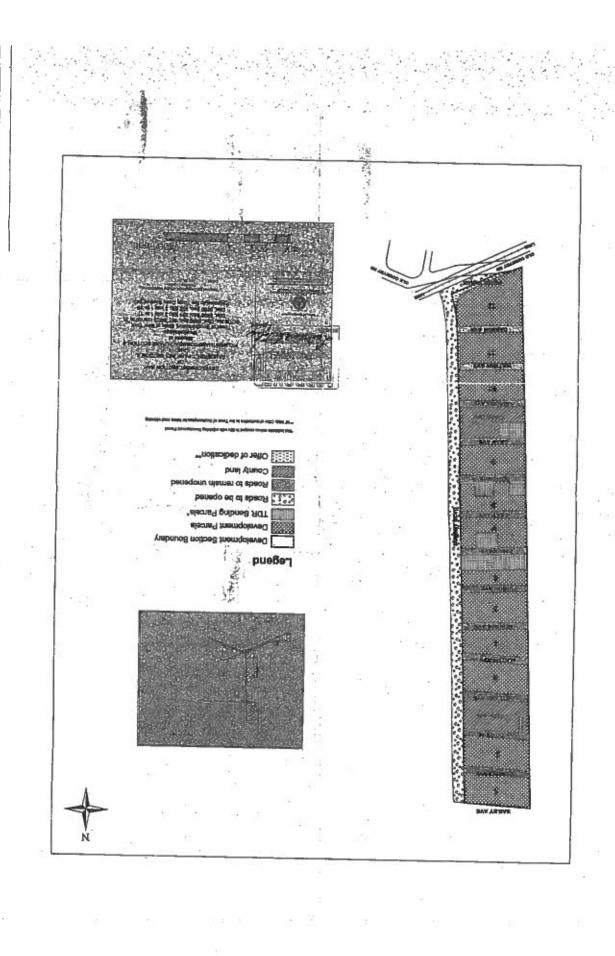
Patrick A. Heaney Member

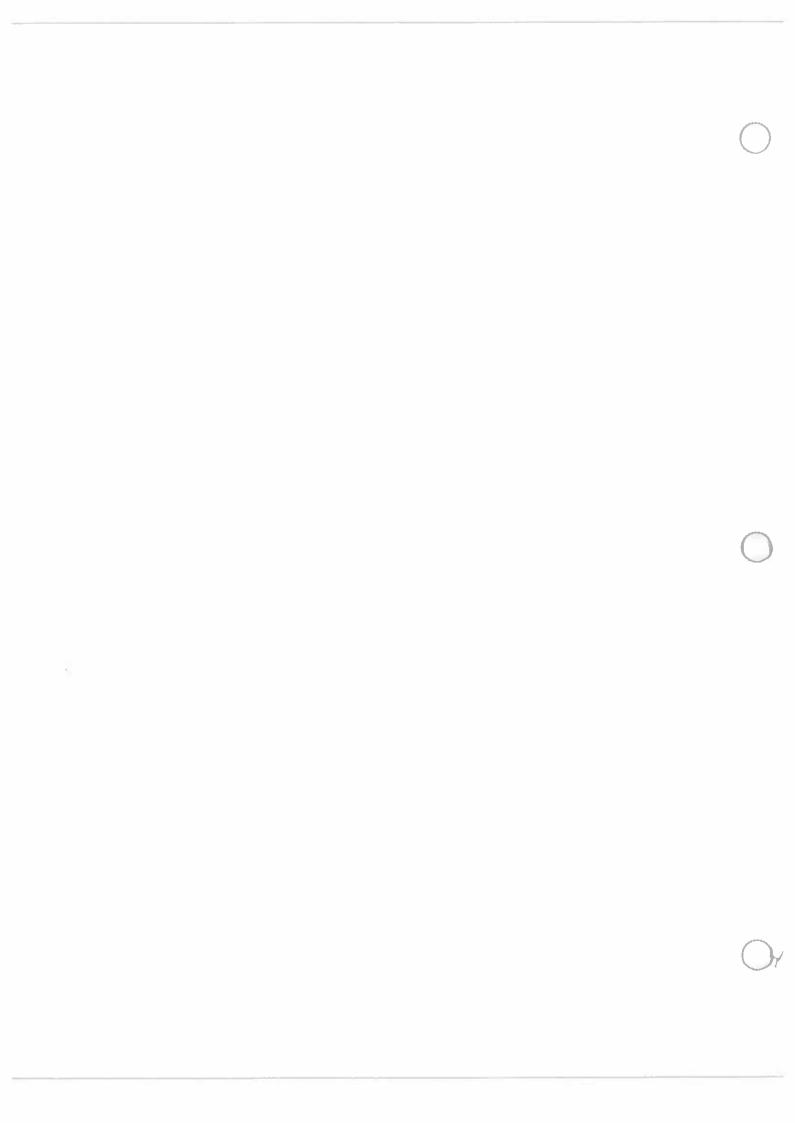
> Steve A. Levy Member

P.O. Box 587 3525 Sunrise Highway 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Great River, NY 11739-0587

Phone (631) 224-2604 Fax (631) 224-7653 www.pb.state.ny.us







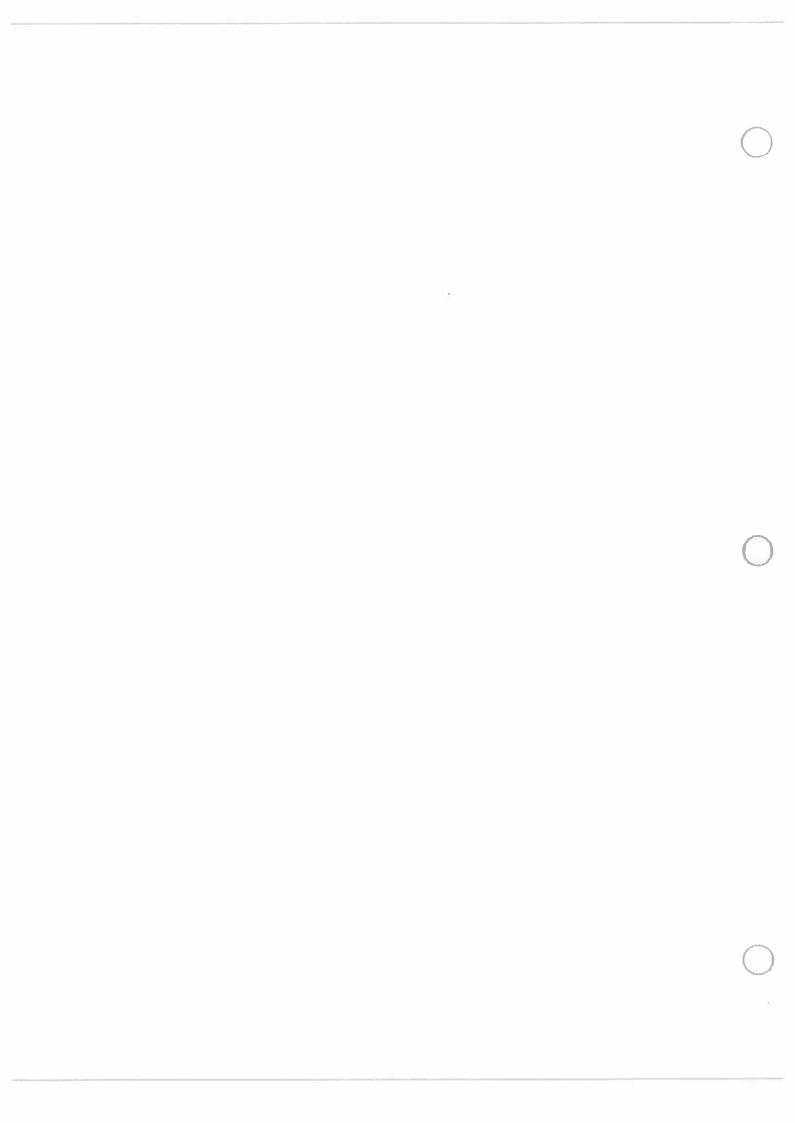
## **ROAD AND DRAINAGE STANDARDS**

**FOR THE** 

TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON SUFFOLK COUNTY, NEW YORK



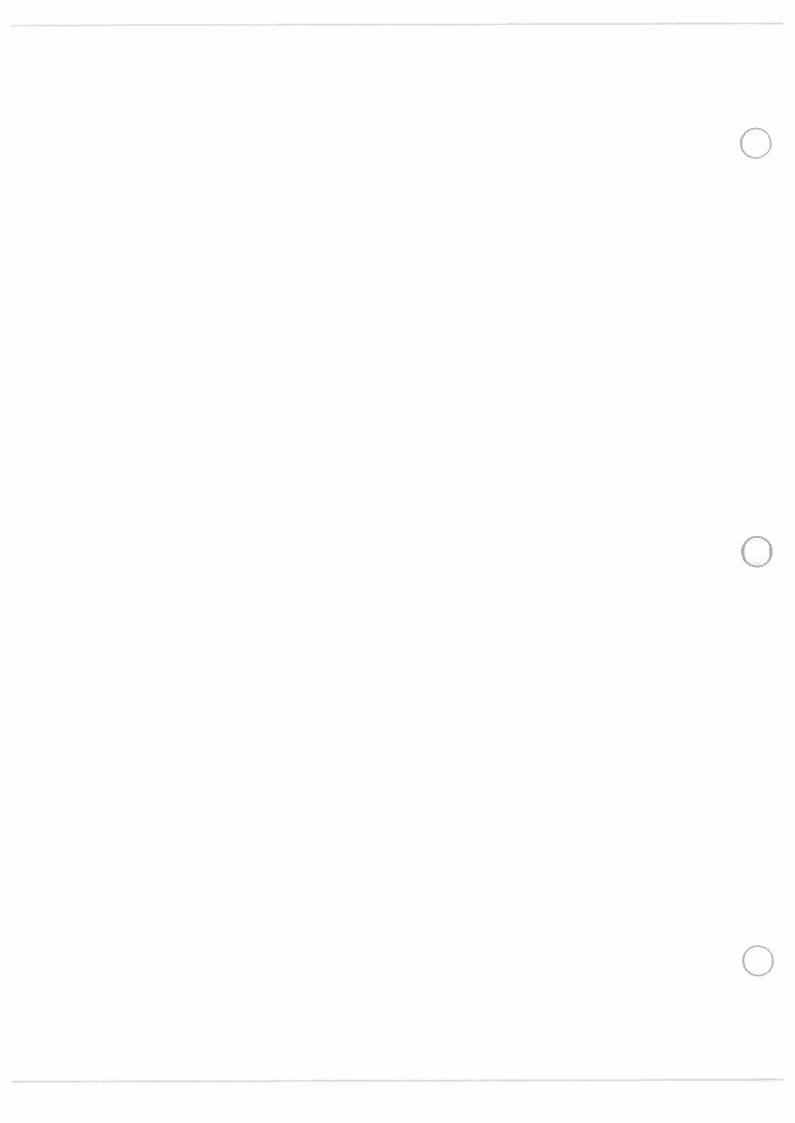
TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
WILLIAM H. MASTERSON SUPERINTENDENT OF HIGHWAYS



# TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT WILLIAM H. MASTERSON – SUPERINTENDENT OF HIGHWAYS

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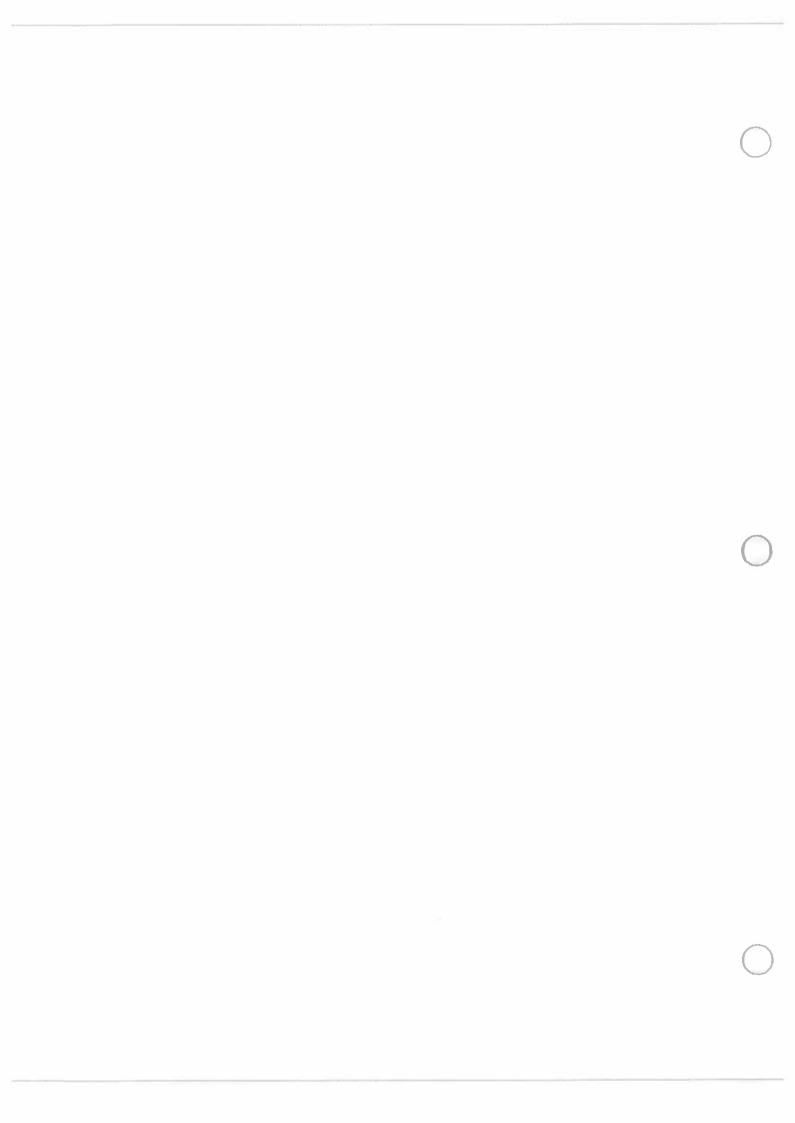


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# TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT WILLIAM H. MASTERSON – SUPERINTENDENT OF HIGHWAYS

## A. <u>DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA</u>

All storm water collection systems shall be designed in accordance with the following minimum standards and shall be submitted on design sheets to be reviewed by the Town Engineer.

### 1) Rational Method:

Q = Aci

Q = Discharge in cubic feet per second (c.f.s.)

A = Tributary drainage area in acres within the subdivision and

shall include areas outside the subdivision

c = Coefficient of runoff of drainage area

The following values of "c" shall be used:

Type of Surface	Flat	Rolling
Roofs	1.00	TROMING
Concrete or Asphalt Pavement	0.90	0.90
Bituminous Macadam	0.70	0.90
Gravel	0.25	0.70
Composite Areas Business and Dense Residential		kil
Suburbas David Dense Residential	0.60	0.95
Suburban Residential	0.30	0.60
Rural Districts	0.10	0.25
Parks, Golf Courses, etc.	0.10	0.35
Agricultural Areas	0.20	0.60

### Where:

"i" is the rainfall intensity in inches per hour, shall be determined by the following formula:  $i = \frac{120}{100}$ 

### Where:

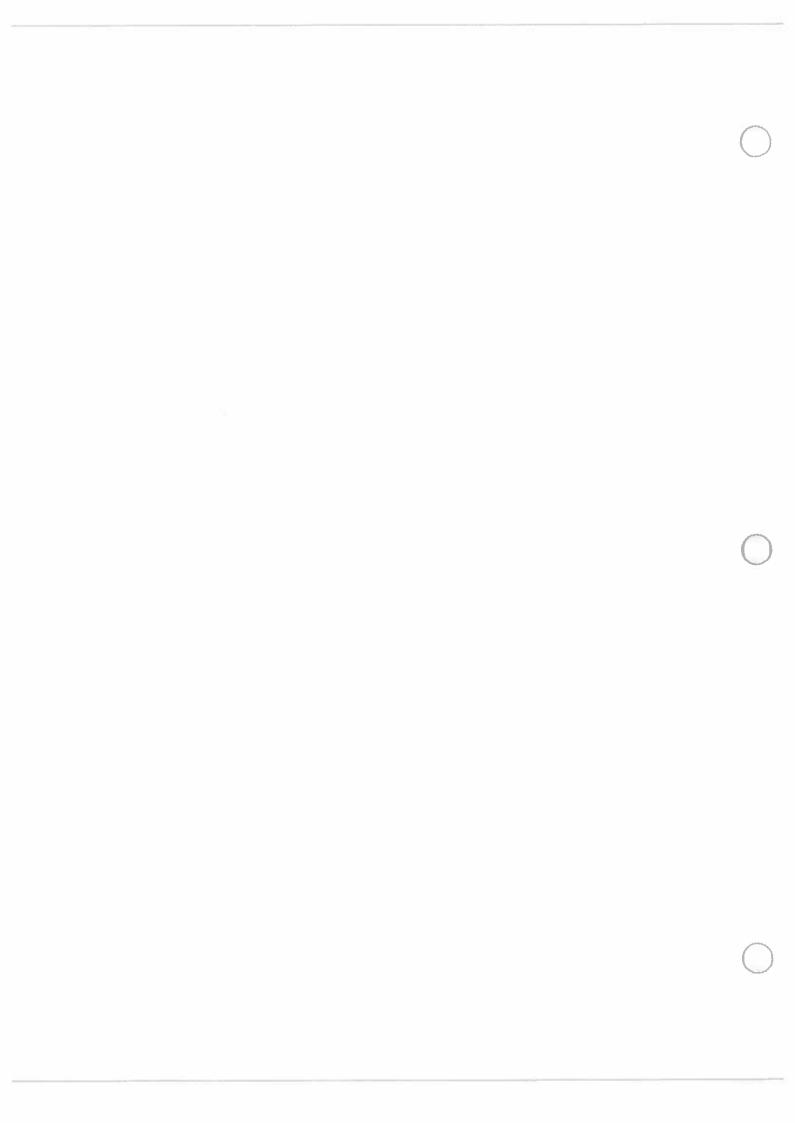
"t" is the time of concentration in minutes at the point of design.

Time of Concentration can be calculated by using Table 31.2 Equations for Overland Flow Travel Time (The Civil Engineering Handbook, W.F. Chen, 1995).

Maximum time of concentration (t) shall be 28 minutes.

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## **DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA (Continued)**

### 2) Manning's Formula:

Closed conduits and open channels shall be designed using Manning's Formula:

a) 
$$V = \frac{1.486 \text{ R}^{2/3} \text{ S}^{1/2}}{\text{n}}$$

Where:

V = velocity in feet per second

R = hydraulic radius in feet

S = Slope in ft./ft. The slope (S) shall generally be considered to be the slope of the pipe invert except that such slope shall be checked against the available hydraulic gradient wherever the system discharges against an existing hydraulic head.

Where: n = 0.015 for reinforced concrete pipe 18" or less

0.013 for reinforced concrete pipe 24" or larger

0.013 for smooth plastic pipe 0.021 for corrugated metal pipe

0.025 for earth ditches 0.013 for paved ditches

- b) Design velocities to be limited to 2 ft./sec. minimum and 10 ft./sec. maximum, unless special approval for unusual conditions is granted by the Town Engineer.
- c) Minimum pipe diameter to be 15".
- d) Minimum pipe cover from finished pavement or ground surface to be two (2) feet.

# 3) Manhole Installation:

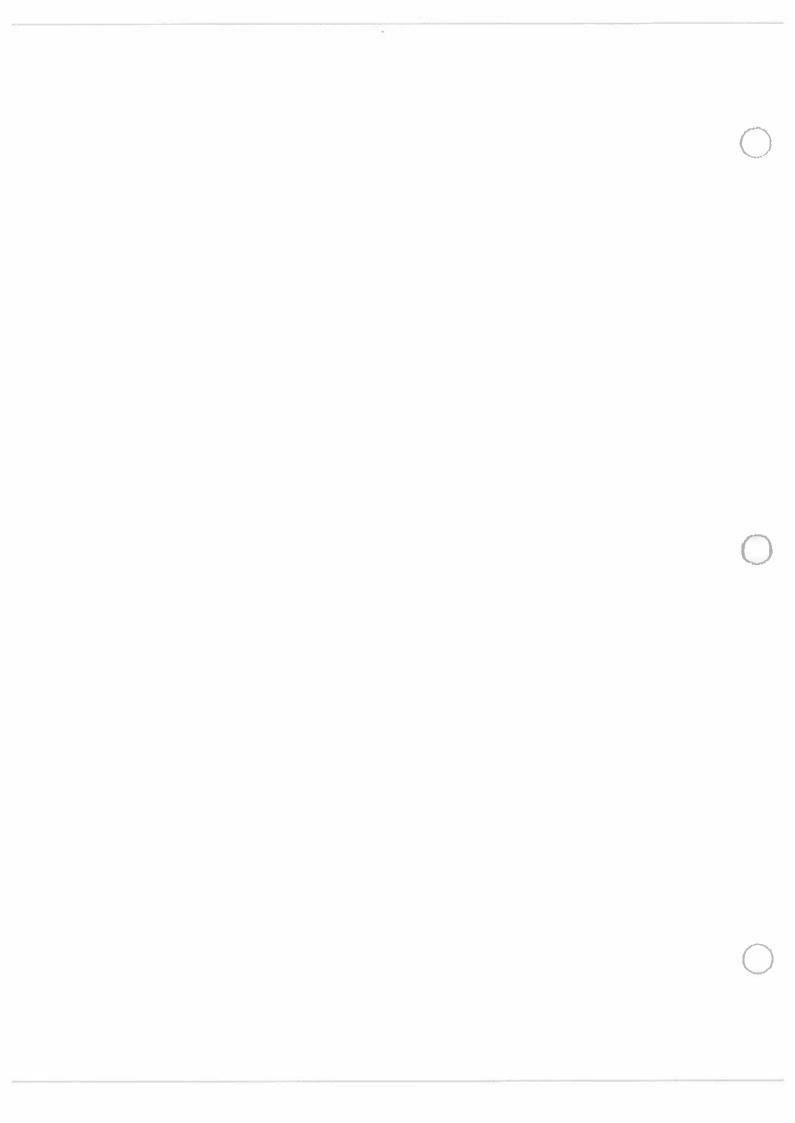
Maximum spacing distance between manholes shall be 350 feet. Manholes shall be provided where there are changes in pipe alignment or gradients.

# 4) Catch Basin Installation:

Spacing of catch basins shall be governed by the following: The maximum overland flow rate to a single catch basin shall not exceed three (3) c.f.s. The maximum distance of flow in the roadway gutter, before a catch basin is required shall not exceed 350 feet.

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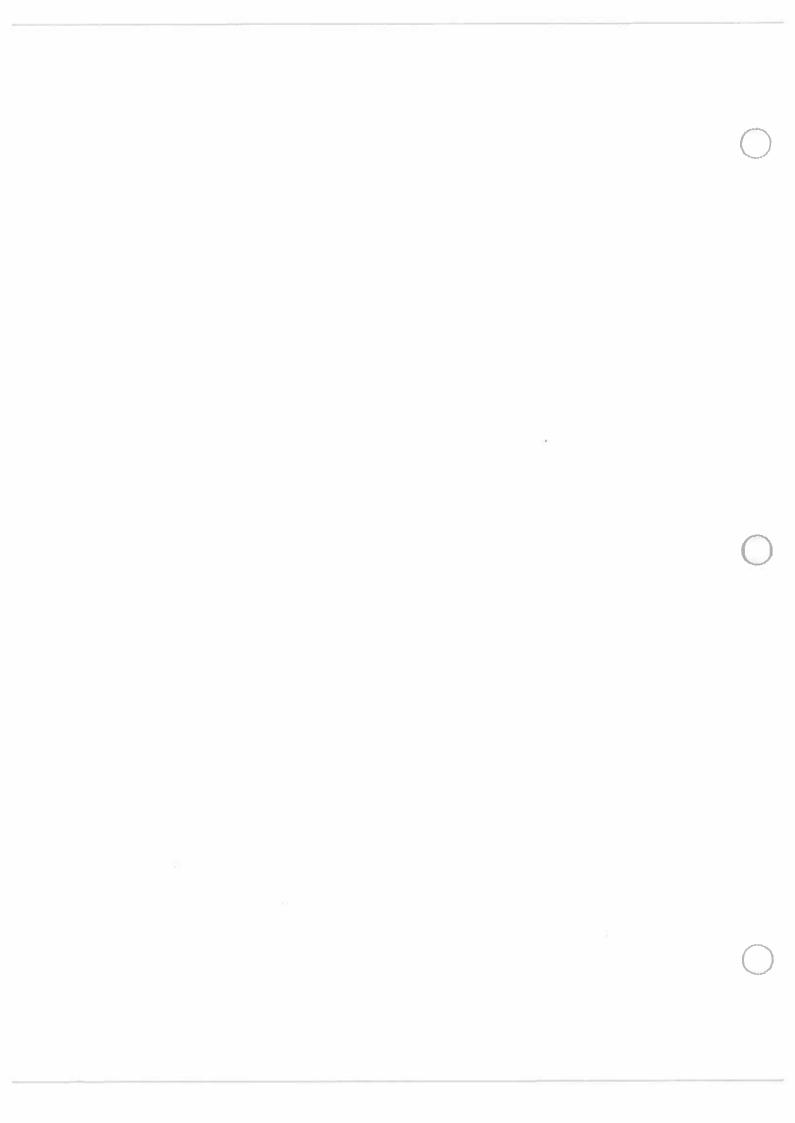
# **DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA (Continued)**

## 5) Recharge Basins:

Recharge basins shall be provided where there is no available outlet for storm water or where in the opinion of the Town Engineer, a potential drainage problem exists. In general, a tributary area of eight (8) acres or more shall be deemed to necessitate a storm water recharge basin. In areas less than eight (8) acres drainage facilities shall be installed as directed by the Town Engineer.

Storm water recharge basins shall be designed in accordance with the drawing details and the following:

- a) All storm water recharge basins shall provide storage capacity for 5" of rainfall on the total tributary area multiplied by a weighted runoff coefficient (minimum c = 0.25). Where it is evident that possible overflow of the recharge basins will cause property damage, the storage capacity shall be increased using 8" of rainfall.
- b) Maximum depth of storage capacity shall be ten (10) feet. This measurement is to be two (2) feet below the elevation of the berm, or elevation of grate in the inlet basin at the low point in system, whichever is the lowest.
- c) If feasible, the area of the recharge basin shall be cleared of trees, only where excavation is required and that a natural tree screening remain along the perimeter of the basin.
- d) Asphalt gutters will be required around the perimeter of the recharge basin where possible erosion from upland runoff may occur.
- e) Maximum discharge velocity of the outfall pipe shall not exceed 10 f.p.s.
- f) Excavation shall be carried down through good leaching material. A test hole shall be required at the bottom elevation of the recharge basin and shall indicate at least 5' of good leaching material, below the basin bottom. Should any doubt exist as to the adequacy of the leaching material, percolation tests will be required.
- g) Fencing complete with gate shall be constructed before starting excavation.



# TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

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# **DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA (Continued)**

### 6) Landscaping of Recharge Basins:

Topsoil shall be placed at least 6" deep on the surface of the bank around the recharge basin extending from the inside of the fence to a line 4' down from the top of the slope. All topsoil areas shall be limed, fertilized and seeded. The area around the fence shall have screen planting parallel to, inside and outside the fence around the entire recharge basins, except at the gates.

### a) <u>Topsoil</u>

The topsoil shall consist of natural loam, horticulture soil, free of refuse, clods and stones larger than 1" in diameter, weeds or any other objectionable loam material. It shall contain not less than 5% and not more than 20% organic matter as determined by loss on ignition of moisture free samples dried at 100 degrees. The pH shall be between 5.5 and 7.6. Topsoil shall be placed 6" deep when compacted. The surface shall be smoothly graded to meet established elevations and adjacent ground levels.

#### b) Liming

Limestone shall be agricultural ground limestone with a total carbonate content of not less than 80% or 44.8% calcium oxide equivalent, for the purposes of calculations. Total carbonates shall be considered as calcium carbonate. Limestone shall be evenly distributed at the rate of 50 lbs. per 1,000 square feet and worked into the top 3" of the soil.

#### c) Fertilizing

Not less than 5 days after the application of limestone, commercial fertilizer organic type (10-6-4) shall be evenly distributed at the rate of 20 lbs. per 1,000 square feet and worked into the top 3" of the soil.

d) <u>Hydroseeding</u> - Grass seed shall be applied as follows:

Per Acre:

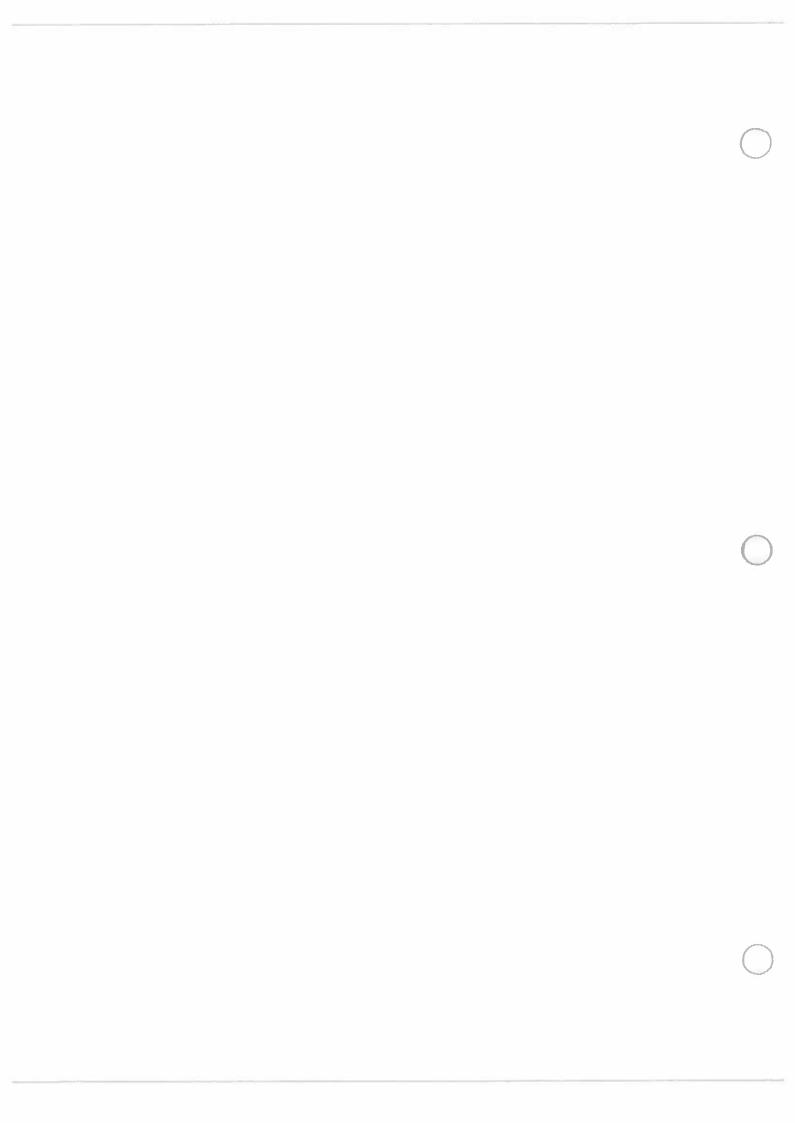
12 pounds Crownvetch

10 pounds Birdfoot Trefoil 30 pounds Tall Fescue

45 pounds Annual Rye

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# **DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA (Continued)**

The seed producer's certificate of analysis shall be available for inspection.

A 100% wood fiber mulch binder should be incorporated into the seed mixture at a rate of 1,200 pounds per 150 pounds of seed. The 100% wood cellulose fiber mulch binder should be meet the following requirements:

 Organic Matter
 98%±2%

 Ash Content
 1.4%

 pH
 6+2

Water Holding Capacity 90% minimum

Grass seeding shall be done between April 15<sup>th</sup> and June 15<sup>th</sup> or between August 15<sup>th</sup> and October 15<sup>th</sup> and shall not be accepted unless there is a uniform growth evident over all seeded areas.

e) <u>Manual Seeding</u> - Grass seed shall be applied as follows:

Per Acre: 12 pounds Crownvetch

10 pounds Birdfoot Trefoil 30 pounds Tall Fescue 45 pounds Annual Rye

Minimum seed germination shall be 80%. Inert matter and weed seeds shall not exceed 8%. The seed producer's certificate of analysis shall be available for inspection. Grass seed shall be sown evenly at the rate of 3 lbs. per 1,000 square feet. The seed shall be covered to a proper depth by raking or other suitable means. After seeding and raking, the surface shall be rolled with an approved roller weight of at least 100 lbs.

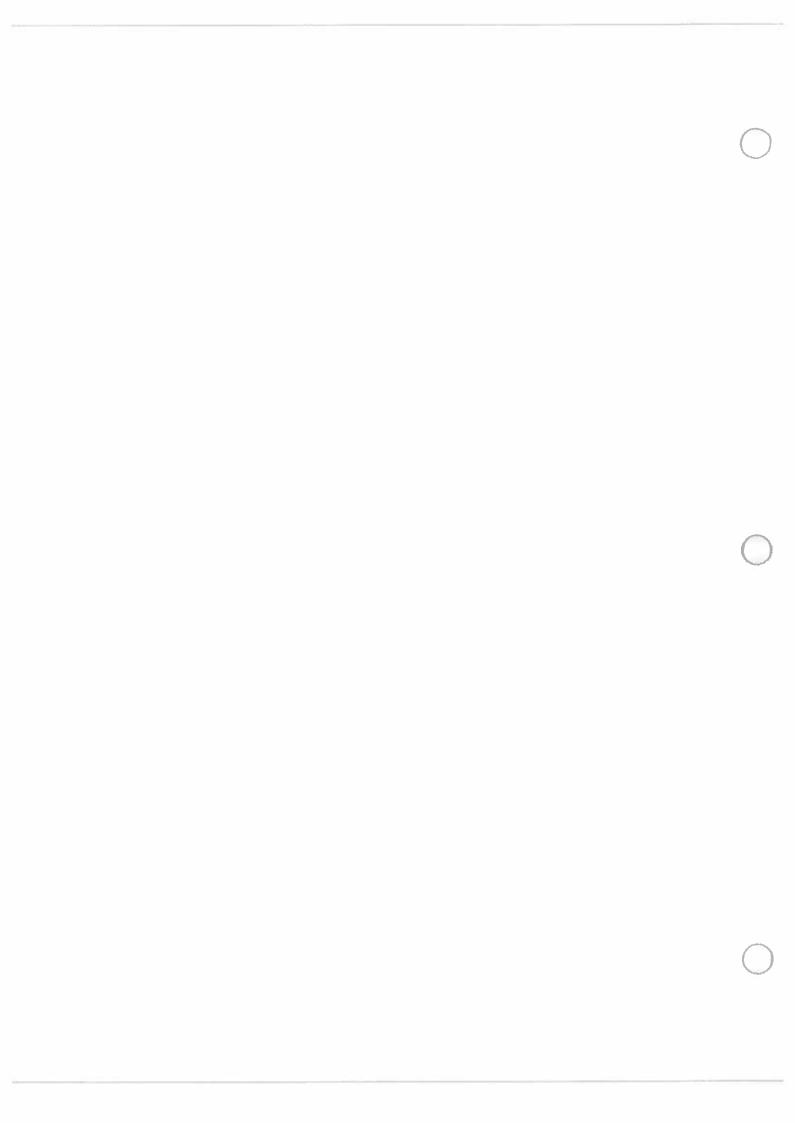
Grass seeding shall be done between April 15<sup>th</sup> and June 15<sup>th</sup> or between August 15<sup>th</sup> and October 15<sup>th</sup> and shall not be accepted unless there is a uniform growth evident over all seeded areas.

# f) Screen Planting

Plants shall be placed 8 feet apart and 7.5 feet from and parallel to the fence on both sides of the fence. The minimum height shall be 6' and the minimum spread shall be 2 feet. All trees shall be nursery grown and shall be normal columnar or narrowly pyramid habit of growth typically characteristic of the particular variety. Only the following species and varieties are acceptable:

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# TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

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## **DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA (Continued)**

- 1) Bay Berry (Myrica pensylvanica)
- 2) White Pine (Pinus strobus)
- 4) Red Twig Dogwood (Corinus stolonifera)
- 5) Eastern Red Cedar (Juniperus virginiana)
- 6) Highbush Cranberry (Viburnum dentatum)
- 7) Arrowwood Viburnum (Viburnum dentatum)
- 8) Inkberry (llex glabra)
- 9) Witchazel (Hamamelis virginiana)

All evergreen trees shall be moved with a burlap and tied with a good grade of haylop or heavy twine. The size of ball for all specified evergreen trees shall be a minimum of 12" in diameter and deep enough to include all lateral roots. All evergreen trees shall be set plumb at such a level that after settlement they bear the same relationship to the elevation of the surrounding ground as they bore to the ground from which they were dug. All trees shall be planted and the holes backfilled and tamped with topsoil. The screen planting shall be maintained and all dead or dying trees replaced by the developer until such time as the recharge basin has been accepted for dedication by the Town.

## 7) Roadside Ditches:

Under special conditions, roadside ditches may be utilized with prior approval of the Town. The following design criteria for roadside ditches shall be used:

Slopes 4% or less - sod

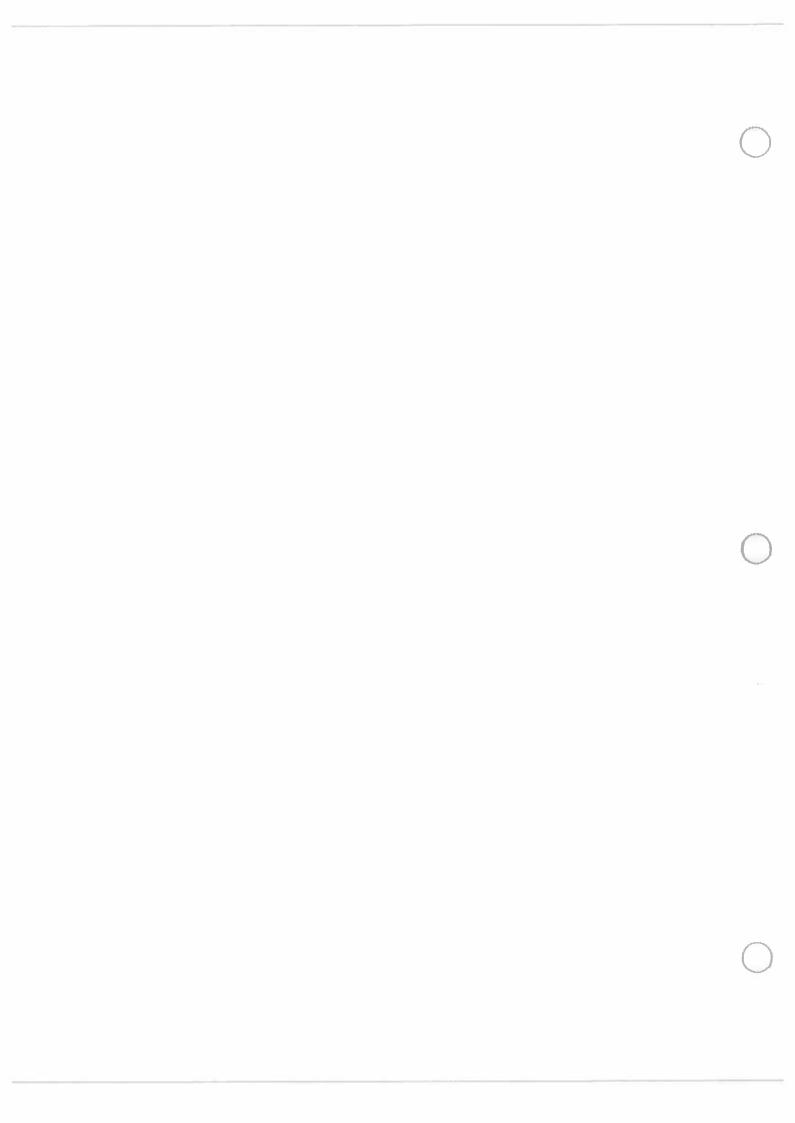
Slopes greater than 4% - asphalt

## 8) Leaching Basins:

Under special conditions, leaching basins may be used in addition to a recharge basin. The following design criteria for leaching basins shall be used:

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# **DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA (Continued)**

#### a) Vc = A R C

Where: Vc = volumetric capacity in cubic feet

A = tributary drainage area in square feet within the subdivision and shall include areas outside the

subdivision.

R = 2"

C = weighted coefficient for runoff of the drainage

area (minimum c= 0.25)

## 9) <u>Valley Gutters:</u>

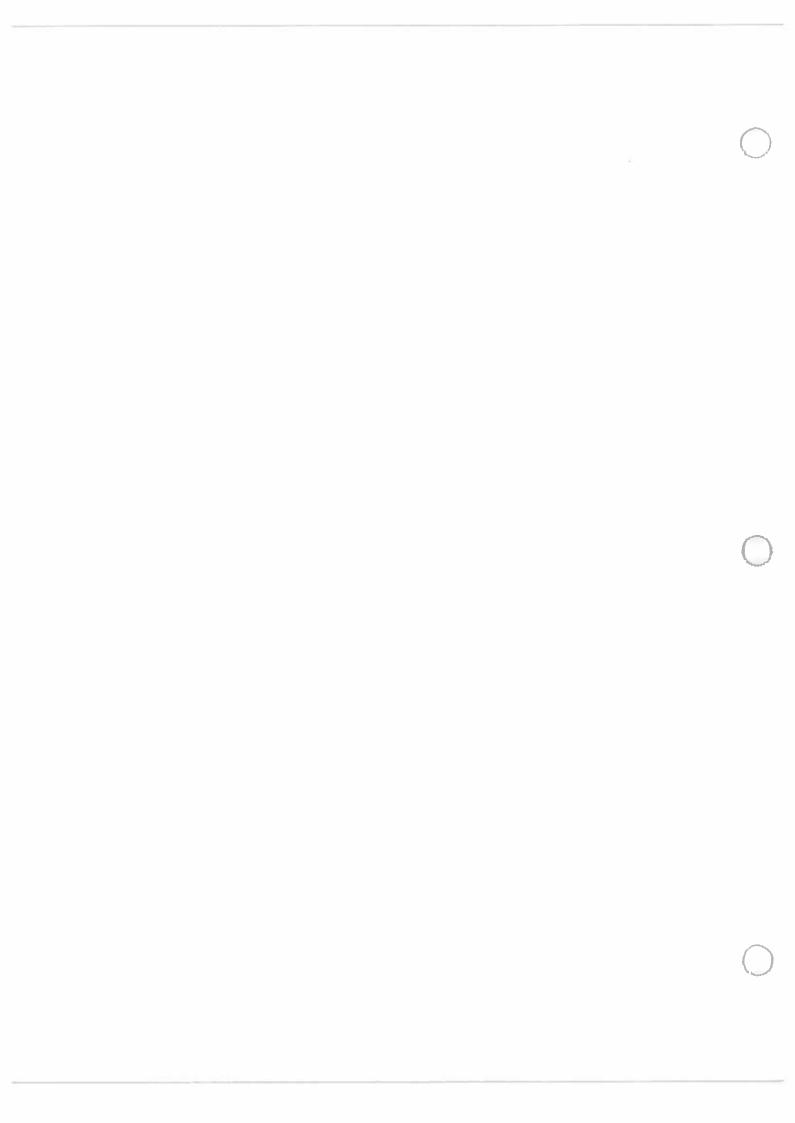
Valley Gutters will be permitted at "T" intersections where they will be parallel to the center line of the through road and shall be installed only after design approval by the Town Engineer. In general, the crown of the intersecting road shall be gradually eliminated starting from a point about thirty (30) feet back from the flow line of the through street. At other than "T" intersections, valley gutters will be permitted only when warranted by limited traffic use as approved by the Town Engineer.

# 10) <u>Drainage Structures on State or County Land:</u>

Drainage structures which are located on state highway rights-of-way shall be approved by the appropriate highway engineer's office and a letter of approval from that office shall be filed with the Town Planning Board. Where County highways are involved, the Planning Board will obtain the approval from the Suffolk County Department of Public Works.

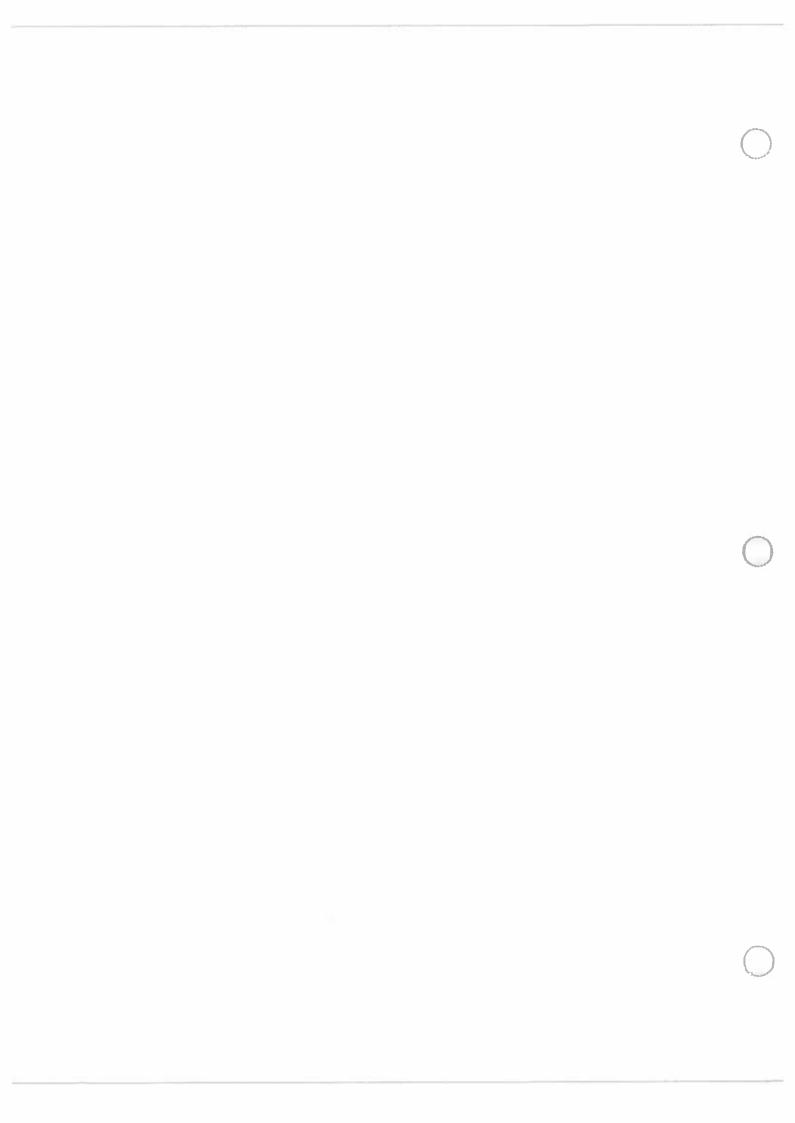
# 11) Dry Wells on Individual Plots:

Individual plot grading studies shall be made from map data submitted and where required, in the opinion of the Town Engineer, dry wells for house leaders, driveways, or yard drains shall be installed as directed.



# B. HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT CRITERIA

- 1) Horizontal alignment curves: The recommended minimum centerline radius curvature shall be 200 feet for local street and 400 feet for collector streets.
- 2) A tangent distance of at least 50 feet shall be provided between reverse curves.
- 3) Minimum radius at a corner shall be 25 feet at the property line except that a larger radius shall be provided at major intersections.
- 4) Adequate sight distance must be provided at all intersections in accordance with the New York State Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), 2001 edition.



# C. <u>VERTICAL ALIGNMENT CRITERIA</u>

- 1) All street gradients shall conform as much as possible to the natural terrain, minimizing excessive cuts and fills.
- 2) Minimum road gradients shall be 0.5%.
- 3) Maximum road gradients shall be 6%.
- 4) Gradients approaching intersections shall not exceed 2.5%, commencing at a point at least fifty (50) feet from the nearest intersecting right-of-way line measured along the centerline of the road. Intersections of roads and curbs having a minimum gradient shall be detailed sufficiently to insure proper surface drainage.
- 5) Gutter line gradients of cul-de-sacs shall be a minimum of 0.5%.
- 6) All changes in grade of 1.0% or more shall be connected with a vertical curve.
- 7) Sag and Crest Vertical Curves:

The following formula shall be used in the design of street profiles:

a) L = KA

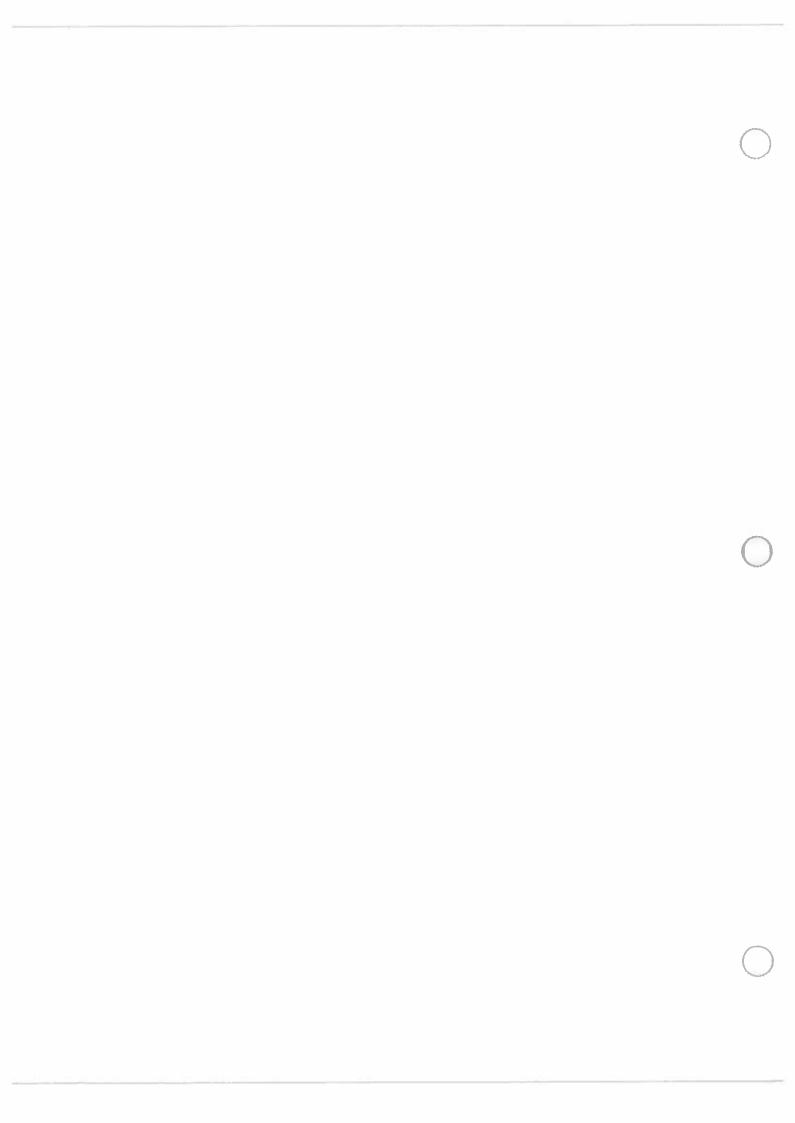
Where:

length in feet of a vertical curve in

K = constant equaling 28 for minor streets and 50

for collector streets.

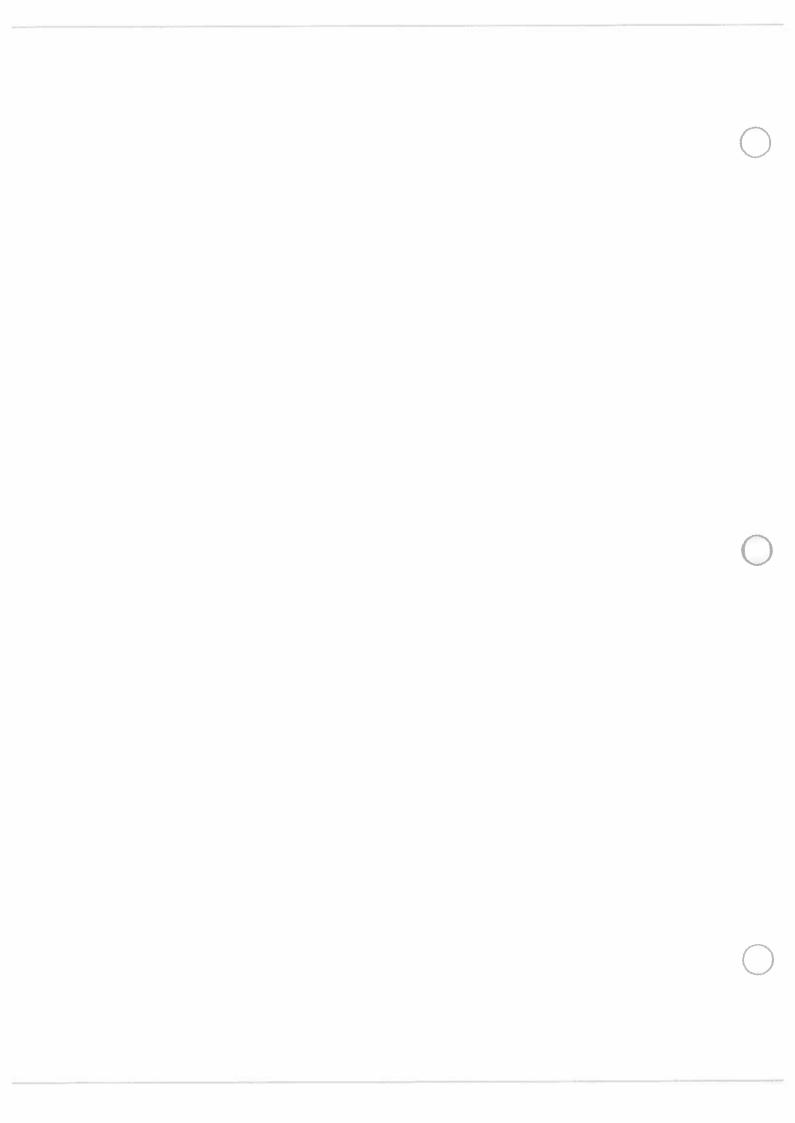
A = algebraic difference in percent of grade.



#### D. SPECIAL DETAILS

### 1) Retaining Walls:

- a) Where retaining walls are required by reason of plot grading or terrain they shall be designed by a Licensed Professional Engineer and approved by the Town Engineer prior to construction.
- b) Retaining walls shall be constructed of structural concrete, reinforced as required unless special written permission to substitute other materials is granted.
- c) Retaining walls constructed of railroad ties or similar treated timbers may be substituted when the Town Engineer determines that such construction is adequate provided that any such wall shall have a maximum reveal of four (4) feet. There shall be no more than two (2) such walls on the same slope, and the minimum horizontal distance between shall not be less that three (3) feet. Adequate tie-back or cribbing shall be provided, and no wall shall be backfilled until inspected.



## E. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

### 1) <u>Schedule of Operations:</u>

The Town Engineer, Superintendent of Highways and the Developer shall together review the Schedule of Operations prior to the start of construction to insure the orderly procedure of the work.

### 2) <u>Traffic Maintenance:</u>

The flow of traffic or the safety thereof on any public street or highway within the Town shall not be restricted or endangered in any way by construction operations, equipment, vehicles or materials connected with the construction or sales operations of a subdivision. The Developer shall provide for off-street parking space for all vehicles used in construction or sales operations. Equipment or materials shall not be stored within the right-of-way lines of any public street or highway.

#### 3) <u>Temporary Roads</u>:

All roads within a development which are used by the contractors or others and which have not been surfaced shall be suitably treated with calcium chloride or other material which have dust-laying qualities.

# 4) Temporary Drainage:

Rainfall run-off from development during construction operations must be confined to the site unless an adequate stormwater drainage system exists. Methods of providing for temporary drainage shall be approved by the Town Engineer. Stormwater run-off disposal onto existing roads, streets or private property is prohibited.

# 5) <u>Protection of New Drainage Facilities</u>:

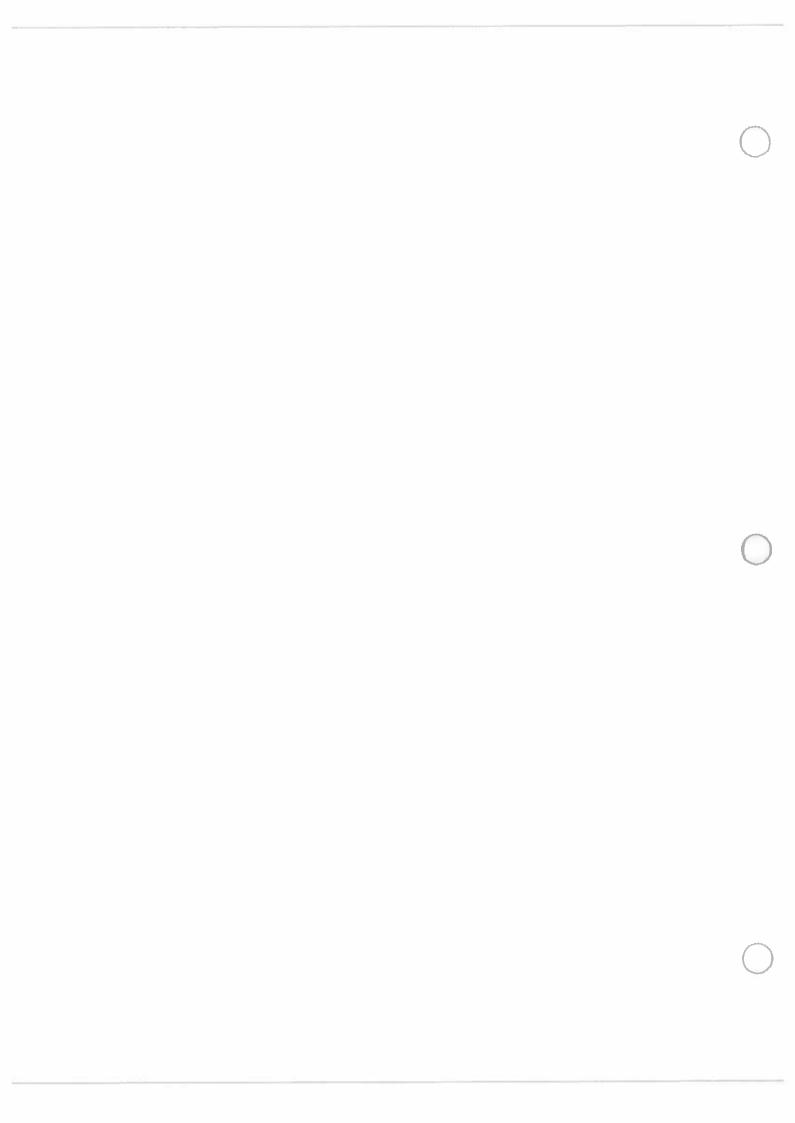
All drainage facilities during construction operations shall be cleared of lumber, debris, dirt and other objectionable material after completion and shall be maintained in a clean condition until time for use as directed by the Town Engineer.

# Developer's Responsibility:

The Developer is responsible for keeping Town roads, streets and private property free of debris and damage caused by construction operations or by stormwater run-off from the Development site. Any damage so caused shall be immediately repaired by the Developer at his own expense. If, after due notice by the Town Engineer the Developer does not proceed

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#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS (Continued)**

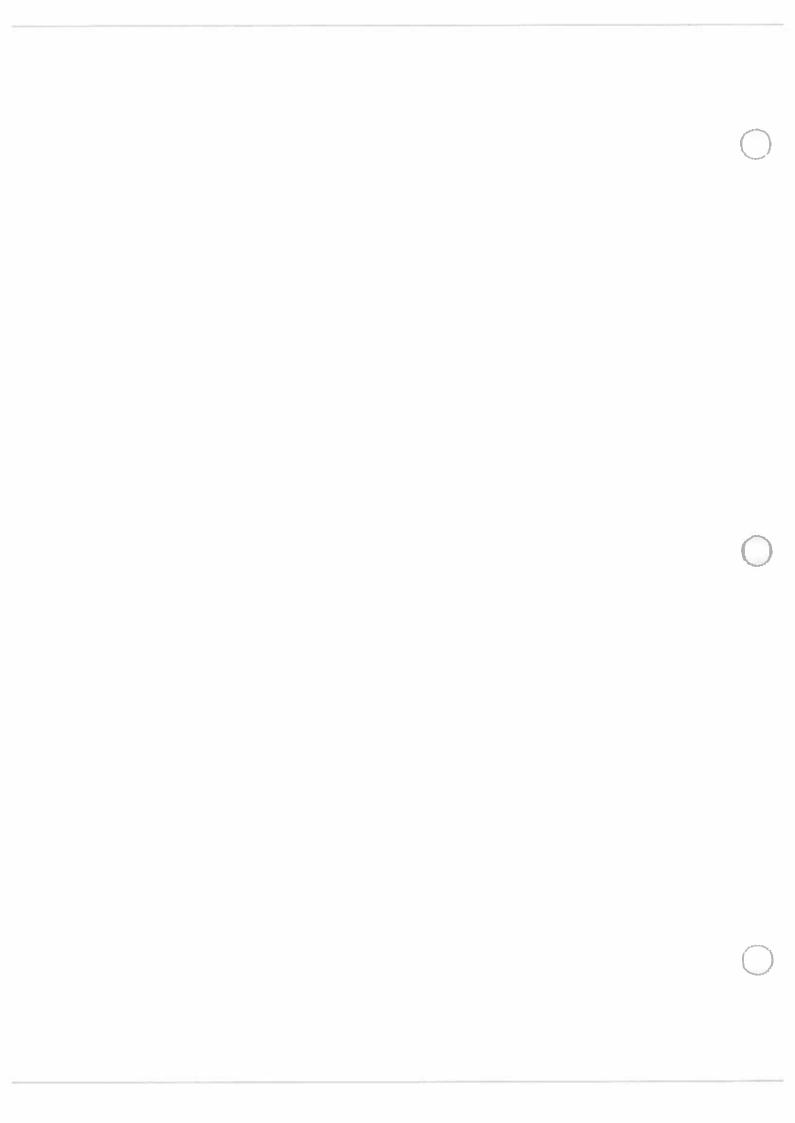
within 72 hours to make the necessary repairs or to remove the debris caused by his operations, the Town Engineer is empowered to take necessary corrective measures and the costs shall be paid by the Developer.

#### 7) Construction Emergencies:

In any emergency arising during the construction period of a Development where the Developer or his representatives is not immediately available to take responsible charge, the Town Engineer shall take such measures and render such decisions as may be necessary to control the situation. Any resultant costs shall be borne by the Developer at no expense to the Town.

### 8) <u>Decision of Town Engineer Final:</u>

It shall be mandatory upon the Developer that the work proceed in accordance with the best construction practice and that all necessary measured be taken for the protection of the Public Health, Safety and Welfare. The decision of the Town Engineer shall be final and binding in these matters.



# F. ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

#### 1) Stabilized Soil Base:

Depending on the character of the soils encountered all or part of the soil base areas where directed by the Engineer shall be improved with added material from the excavation. The Contractor shall stockpile, during the excavation process as directed by the Engineer, sufficient selected materials for this purpose. Suitable loamy or sandy soils shall be added and incorporated to form a stable base, a minimum of six (6) inches in compacted thickness. The areas to be treated in cuts shall be excavated to a depth of three (3) inches below subgrade, a layer of suitable material between three (3) and six (6) inches loose measure shall be spread over the roadway area. The added material shall be thoroughly mixed to a depth of six (6) inches by scarifying or by other methods approved by the Engineer. This operation shall continue until the soil is thoroughly mixed. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, soft, yielding or unsuitable material is encountered at subgrade level, it shall be removed to a depth of eighteen (18") inches or as directed by the Engineer and backfilled with suitable materials compacted in layers of six (6) inches.

The soil base shall then be shaped and compacted to the finished line and grade with a roller weighing a minimum of ten (10) tons. Shaping, filling and rolling shall continue until the soil base is thoroughly compacted to a depth of six (6) inches. When required, water shall be added to the soil mixture to obtain the optimum moisture content for compacting to the maximum density. The prepared finished soil base shall be kept free from ruts, depressions and properly drained. Upon completion of the soil base, the contractor shall request an inspection by the Engineer and shall not proceed with further roadway work until the inspection has been made and the work approved.

# 2) <u>Dense Graded Aggregate Base Course:</u>

#### a) <u>Description:</u>

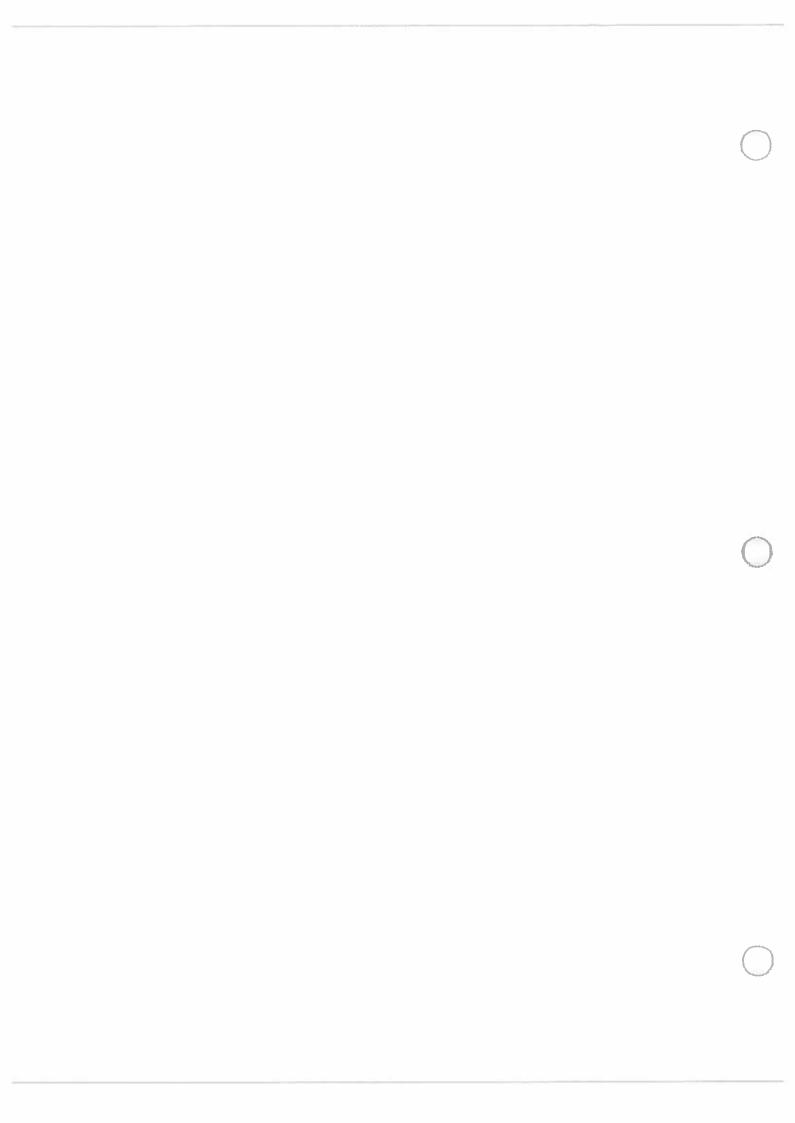
Upon the stabilized soil base a dense graded aggregate base course shall be uniformly placed so that, after thorough rolling and compacting, a minimum depth of 6" for residential roads and a minimum depth of 8" for commercial roads are obtained.

#### b) Materials:

The base course blend shall consist of well graded crushed stone or recycled concrete aggregate (RCA). The base course blend shall have the following mechanical gradation:

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# TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

WILLIAM H. MASTERSON - SUPERINTENDENT OF HIGHWAYS

## **ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS (Continued)**

Screen Size	% Passing	
1-1/2" 1"	100% 90-100%	Received
1/2"	65-85%	
3/8" #4	55-75% 40-55%	MAY 1 0 2010
#8	30-45%	
#30 #200	16-27% 0-10%	Startes From Revening June Planding and Moley Courts soon

The material shall also achieve a maximum dry density of not less than 145 pounds per cubic foot at optimum moisture content when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation D1557 – Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort, Latest.

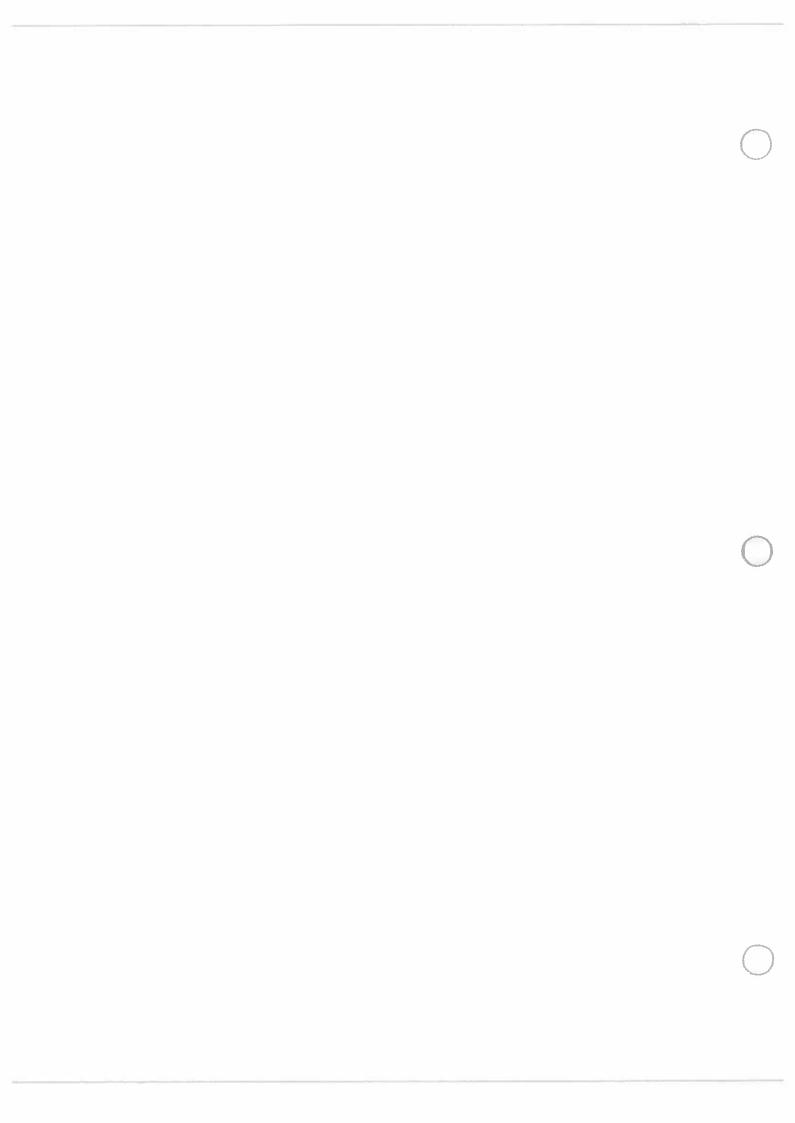
#### c) Method of Construction:

The stabilized soil base shall be smooth parallel to and at the required depth below the dense graded base surface. The soil base shall not be in a muddy or frozen condition. The dense graded base material shall be deposited on the stabilized base by means of a dump truck spreader tail-gate or any other approved method of depositing.

The spreading of the material shall be by means of approved self-propelled spreader equipment. No segregation of large or fine particles will be allowed, and the material as spread shall be well graded. After the base course has been laid loose, it shall be thoroughly rolled with an approved roller weighing not less than ten tons. Rolling must begin at the sides and continue toward the center, and shall continue until there is no movement of the course ahead of the roller.

The base course shall be kept in a moist condition to allow compaction to maximum density. Six (6) percent moisture shall be a guide line for the optimum moisture content.

In lieu of the above method of finishing rolling, the contractor may, at his option, use a vibratory method as follows: After the material is spread evenly, so that it will have the required thickness after compaction, the entire area shall be compacted by an approved vibratory compactor. Vibration shall continue until the material is keyed sufficiently to permit rolling with an approved roller without displacement of the material. For breakdown rolling, a pneumatic roller must be used.



# **ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION (Continued)**

Care shall be exercised to see that the voids in the base course are completely filled, but the operation of vibratory compaction shall not be such as to cause floating of the coarse aggregate.

The entire area shall then be rolled with an approved roller weighing not less than ten tons. Rolling shall begin at the sides and continue toward the center, and shall continue until there is no movement of the course ahead of the roller.

#### d) <u>Testing:</u>

The thickness of the base course shall be determined by the method directed by the Engineer, and a sieve analysis shall be performed as directed by the Engineer.

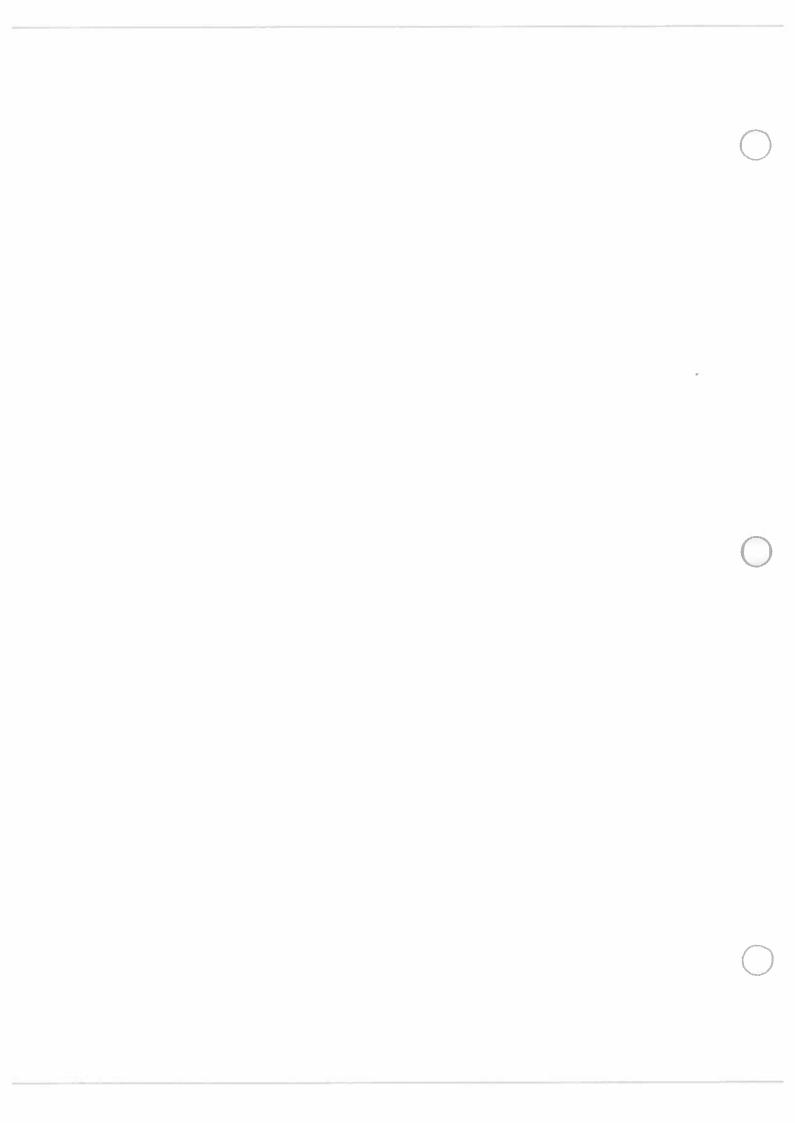
Upon completion of the aggregate base course the contractor shall request an inspection by the Engineer and shall not proceed with further roadway work until such inspection has been made and the work approved.

### 3. Asphalt Binder Course

The asphalt binder course shall meet the requirements of the New York State Department of Transportation Standard Specification Section 403 – Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Pavements for Municipalities – Type 3 Binder Course and shall be a minimum thickness of 2-1/2 inches for commercial roads and 1-1/2 inches for residential roads.

# 4. <u>Asphalt Top Wearing Course</u>

The asphalt top course shall meet the requirements of the New York State Department of Transportation Standard Specification Section 403 – Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Pavements for Municipalities – Type 6 Top Course and shall be a minimum thickness of 1-1/2 inches for residential roadways and commercial roads.



#### G. TESTING OF PAVEMENT MATERIALS

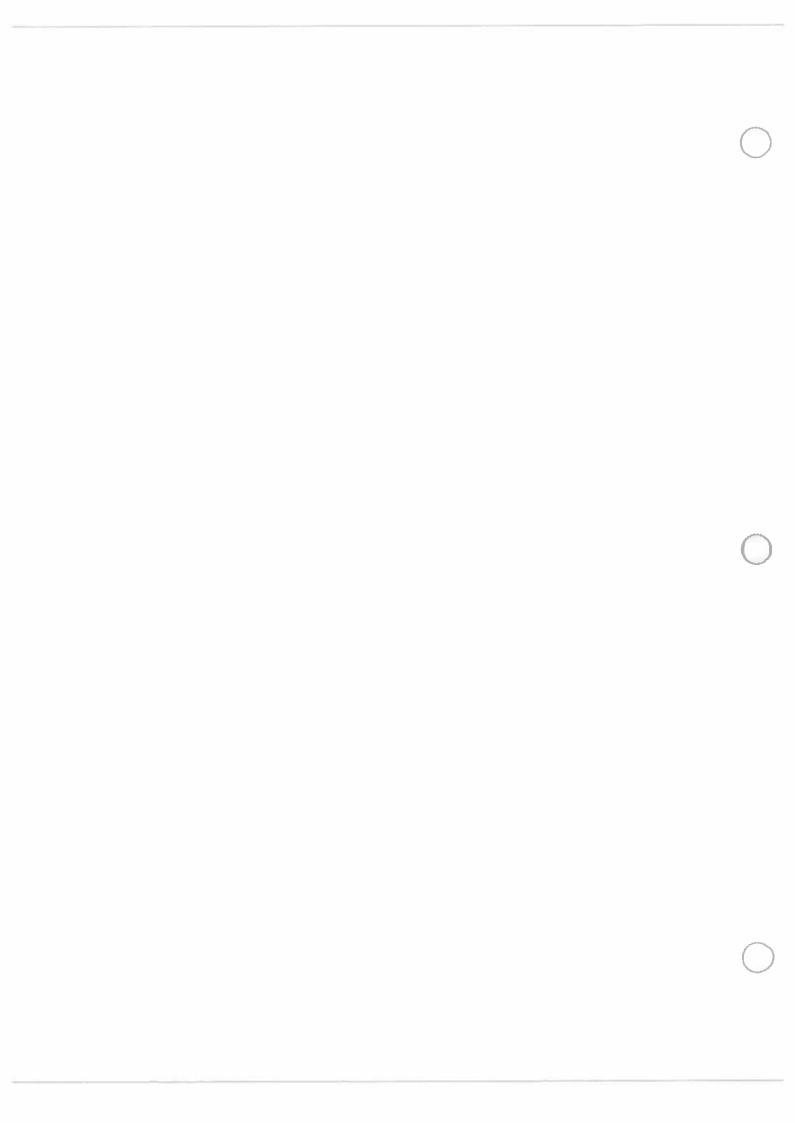
The following tests shall be performed by a reliable testing laboratory, approval of the laboratory and additional test required shall be approved by the Town Engineer, at the developer's expense.

### 1) Dense Graded Aggregate Base Course:

The base course material shall be subject to laboratory test for particle size analysis for conformance with specifications.

### 2) Asphaltic Concrete Paving:

One (1) core from the finished pavement will be taken for each 1,000 feet of road, or if the road is less than 1,000 feet, one (1) core per road. There shall be a minimum of two (2) cores per project.



# H. MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION

### 1) Portland Cement Concrete

#### a) <u>Proportioning:</u>

Concrete shall consist of one (1) part Portland cement, two (2) parts of clean washed sand and four (4) parts of ¾-inch broken stone or cleaned washed gravel.

#### b) Strength:

All concrete shall have a minimum compressive strength of 3500 psi when tested 28 days after pouring.

#### c) <u>Temperature:</u>

Concrete shall be poured at a minimum temperature of forty (40) degrees Fahrenheit and rising.

#### d) Curing:

Concrete shall be maintained in a moist condition for at least five (5) days after placement.

#### e) Rejection:

All concrete shall be deposited with a maximum slump of 4 inches. Any concrete not acceptable to the Town Engineer shall be rejected and immediately removed from the job site.

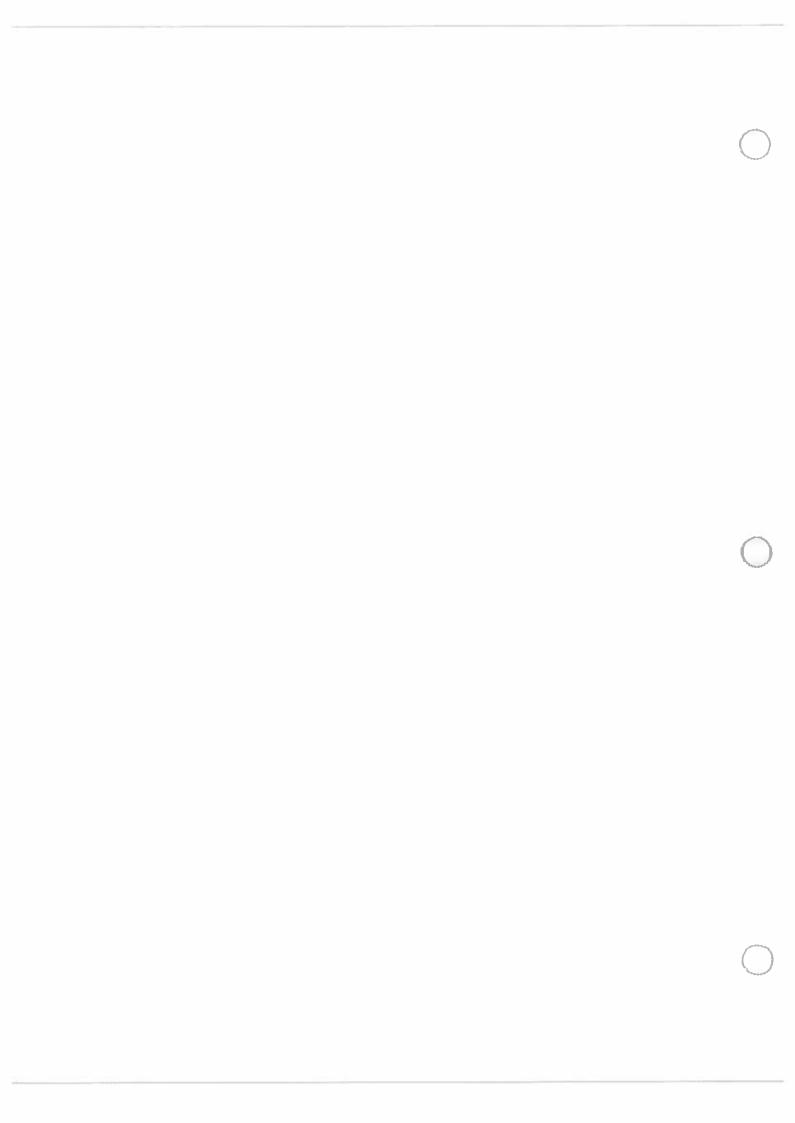
#### 2) Reinforcing Steel

#### a) Material:

All reinforcing steel shall conform to the American Society of Testing Materials ASTM A615 specification for deformed and plain billet steel bars for concrete reinforcement.

#### b) Placing:

Reinforcement shall be accurately placed in accordance with the approved plan and shall be held securely in place during the pouring of concrete.



### **MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION (Continued)**

#### 3) Piping

#### a) Smooth Wall Plastic Pipe:

Unless otherwise specified, all drainage piping shall be smooth wall corrugated plastic in accordance with the requirements of the New York State Department of Transportation Standard Specification Section 706-12 – Smooth Interior Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe.

1. Pipe and fittings shall meet the requirements of A.A.S.H.T.O. M294 for Type S and Type SP.

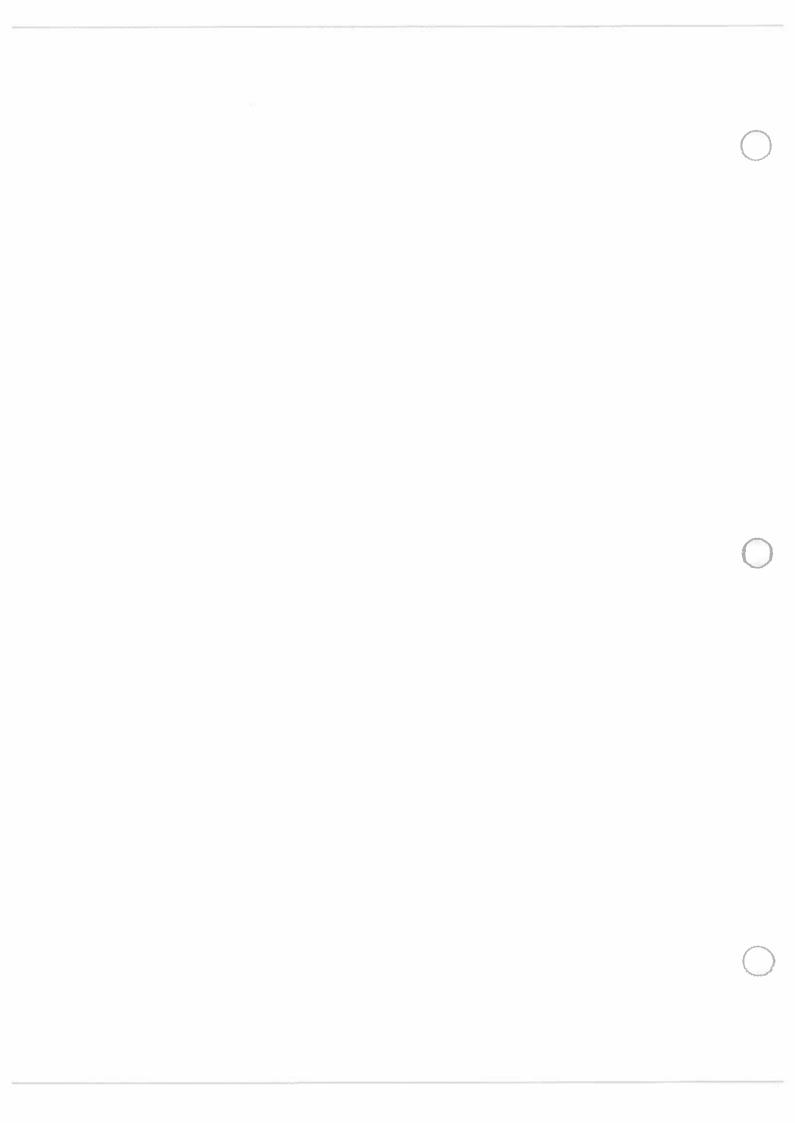
2. The smoothness of the interior liner shall not deviate more than 1/4" per foot when checked with a straight edge.

#### b) Reinforced Concrete Pipe:

Under certain conditions, reinforced concrete pipe may be used. It shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of the New York State Department of Transportation Standard Specification Section 706-02 – Reinforced Concrete Pipe. Design considerations shall be approved by the Town Engineer prior to installation.

1. Pipe shall meet the requirements of A.A.S.H.T.O. M 170M.

2. Elastomeric gaskets shall be used at pipe joints.



# I. FENCING - 6' HIGH CHAIN LINK FENCE AND GATES

#### 1) <u>Description</u>

The Contractor shall furnish and erect chain link fencing including posts, fittings and gates, of the type and size indicated in the plans and specifications and in locations shown on the plans and/or as directed by the Engineer.

#### 2) <u>Materials and Methods</u>

#### a) <u>FABRIC</u>

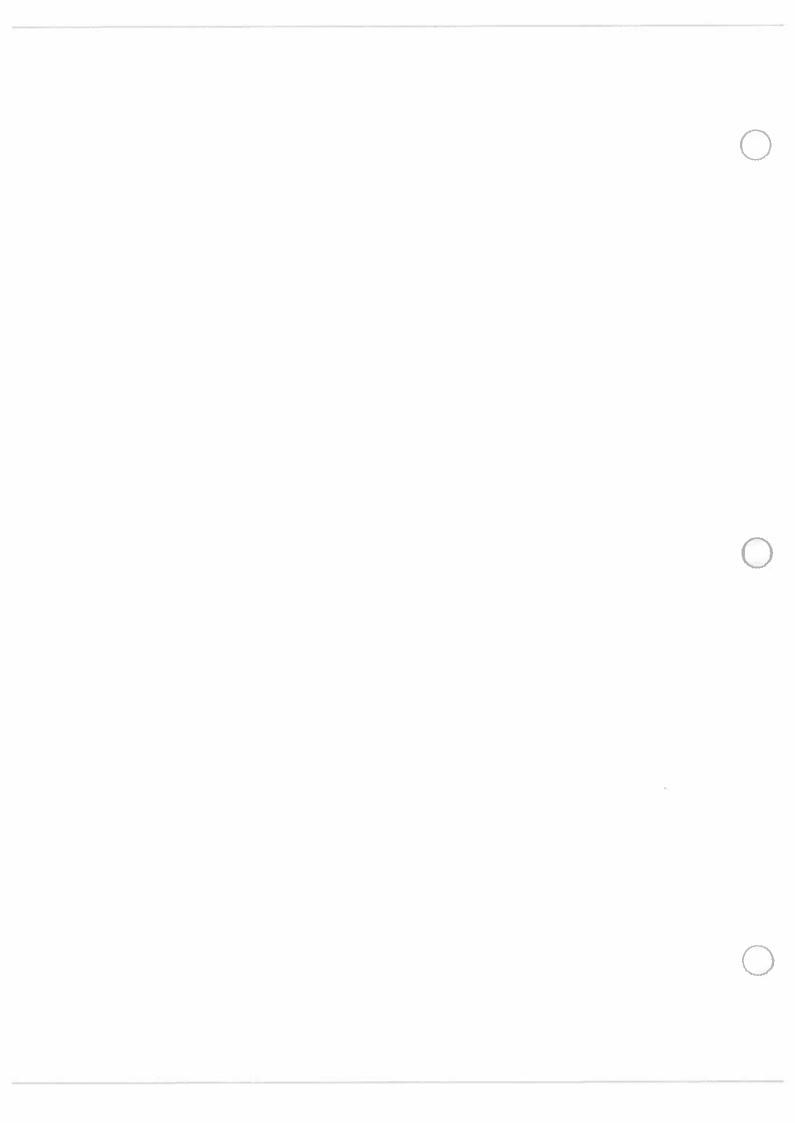
Fence Fabric shall conform to the specifications for "Zinc-Coated Steel Chain Link Fence Fabric", ASTM Designation: A-392 as currently revised or herein modified. Galvanizing shall be done by the hot dip process and only after weaving. The fabric shall be woven to a height of 6 feet as indicated on the drawings with 2 "diamond mesh of 9 gauge wire with diameter of 0.148 inch and breakload strength of 1290 lb.

# b) STEEL FENCE FRAMING

Steel Pipe: ASTM F 1083, standard weight schedule 40; minimum yield strength of 25,000 psi (170Mpa), sizes as indicated. Hot-dipped galvanized with minimum average of 1.8 oz/ft² (550 g/m²) of coated steel surface area.

## c) <u>CORNER AND END POSTS</u>

Comer and End Posts shall be hot dipped galvanized 3" (2.875"o.d.) standard weight, weighing 5.70 lbs/ft. All terminal posts shall be set 42" into 12" diameter concrete footings set with a 2" slope to shed water and shall be completed with all necessary fittings including 1-5/8"o.d. pipe braces, according to specifications outlined in the top rail section. Each brace shall be securely held in compression by a 3/8" diameter galvanized truss rod and turnbuckle assembly, using two braces and truss assemblies for each corner post, one in each direction. All end connections to have bevel edged brace bands with galvanized rail end cups, 3/16" x 3/4" galvanized tension bars, and bevel edged tension bands spaced approximately 14" on center. All bolts to be galvanized 5/16"x1-1/4" carriage bolts with hex nuts.



### FENCING - 6' HIGH CHAIN LINK FENCE AND GATES (Continued)

#### d) GATE POSTS

Gate posts: Steel pipe ASTM F 1083 standard weight schedule 40; minimum yield strength of 25,000 psi. Size as indicated. Hot-dipped galvanized with a minimum 1.8 oz/ft² (550 kg/m²) of coated steel surface area.

Gate Leaf Single Width	Post Size (Round)	Weight
6 feet	4.00 inches	9.11 lb/ft
15 feet	6.625 inches	18.97 lb/ft

#### e) LINE POSTS

Line Posts shall be hot dipped galvanized 2-1/2" (2.375"o.d.) and shall be 2'-9" longer than the width of the fabric. Line posts shall be standard weight, weighing 3.65 lbs/ft. All line posts shall be set 36" into 10" diameter concrete footings crowned with a 2" slope to shed water. All posts to be completed with line post caps using 6 gauge (.192") aluminum ties to attach chain link fabric to posts with ties on approximately 14" centers. All posts to be spaced as ordered by the Engineer but not further than 10' apart.

#### f) TOP AND BOTTOM RAILS

Top and Bottom Rails shall be hot-dipped galvanized pipe 1-5/8" (1.660"o.d.) to be furnished in random lengths not less than 20 feet for top rail, joined with galvanized steel rail couplings for a rigid connection but allowing for expansion and contraction. Rail shall be standard weight, weighing 2.27 lbs/ft. Fabric to be tied to the rail and braces with 6 gauge (.192") aluminum ties with maximum spacings of 24". Middle and bottom rails shall be attached to posts as approved by the Engineer with galvanized steel couplings bolted through rail.

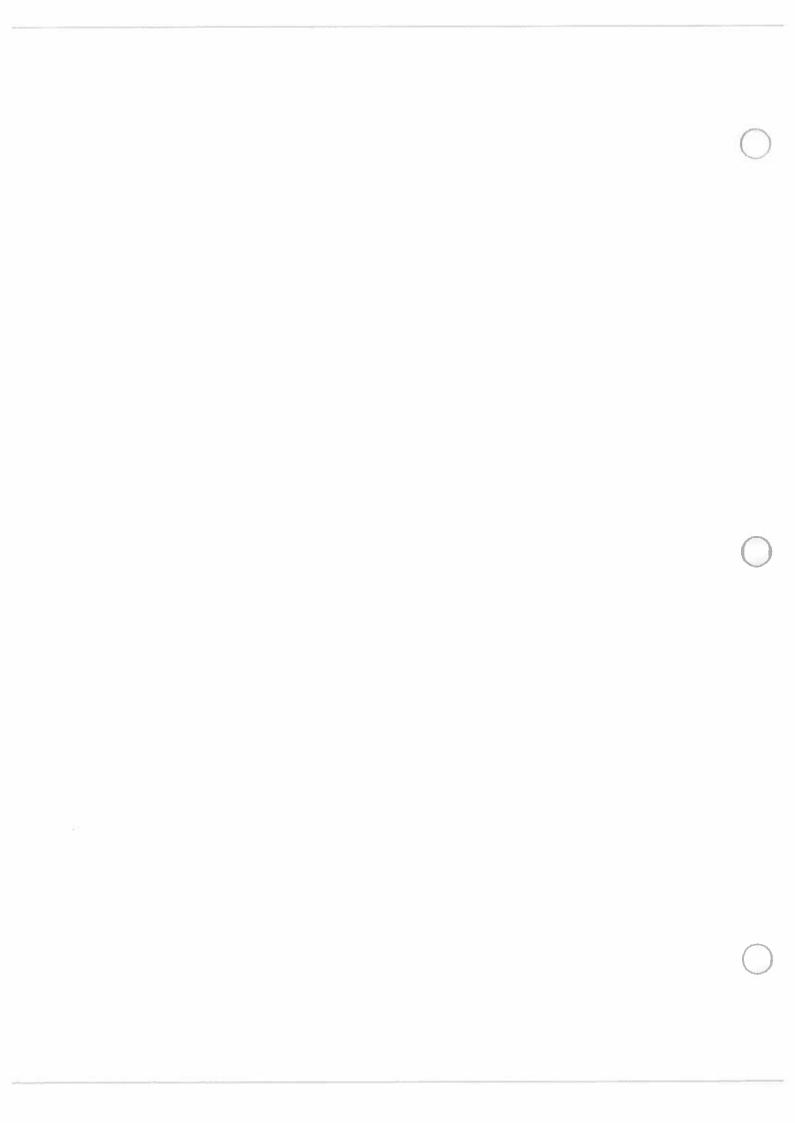
#### 3) CHAIN LINK FENCE ACCESSORIES

Accessories shall meet the requirements of ASTM F 626. Provide all items required to complete fence system. Galvanize each ferrous metal item in accordance with ASTM A 153 and finish to match framing.

a) Post caps: Formed steel, weathertight closure cap for tubular posts. Provide one cap for each post.

ROAD, DRAINAGE & ROAD OPENING STANDARDS PREPARED BY L.K. McLEAN ASSOCIATES, P.C.

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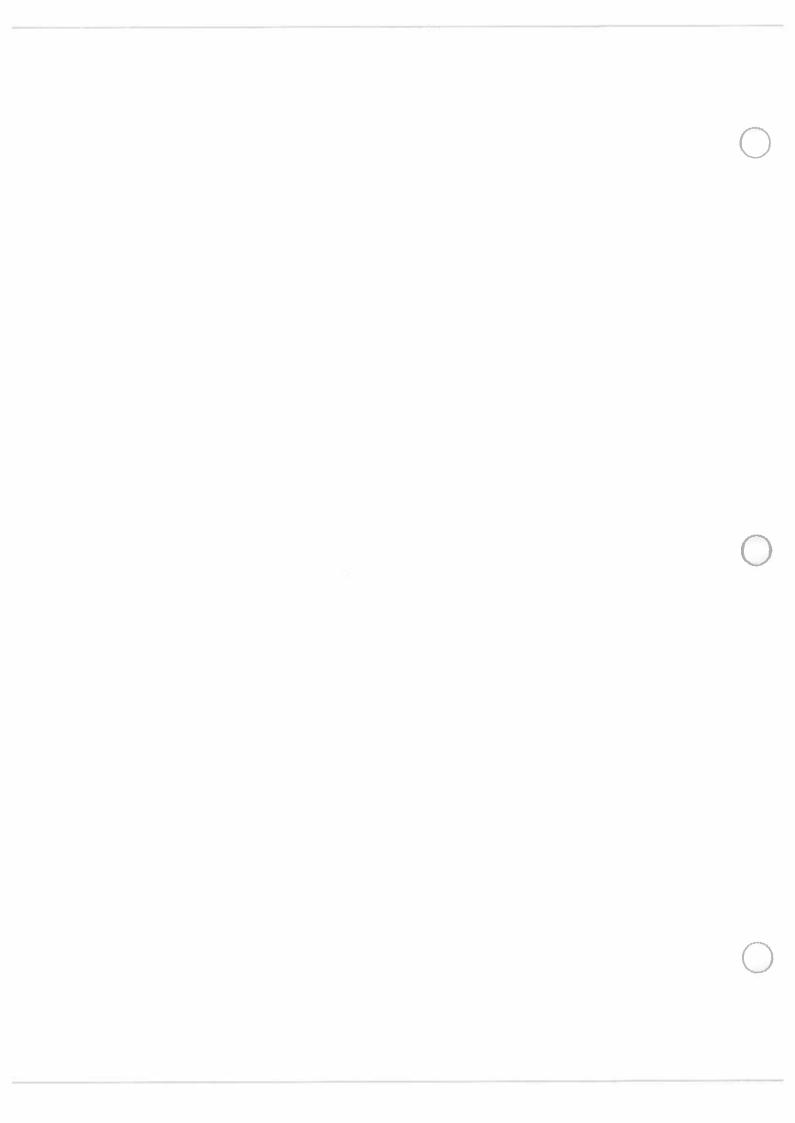


## FENCING - 6' HIGH CHAIN LINK FENCE AND GATES (Continued)

- b) Wire ties: 9 gauge (0.148") galvanized steel wire for attachment of fabric to line posts. Hog ring ties of 12-1/2 gauge (0.0985") for attachment of fabric to tension wire. Double wrap 13 gauge (0.092") for braces.
- c) Brace and tension (stretcher bar) bands: Pressed steel.
- d) Tension (stretcher) bars: One piece lengths equal to 2 inches less than full height of fabric with a minimum cross-section of 3/16"x 3/4" or equivalent fiber glass rod. Provide tension (stretcher) bars where chain link fabric meets terminal posts.
- e) Truss rods: Steel rods with minimum diameter of 5/16"
- f) Concrete: Minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi.

### 4) CHAIN LINK SWING GATES

- a) Gate frames: Fabricate chain link swing gates in accordance with ASTM F 900 using galvanized steel members, 2" square, weighing 2.60 lb/ft. Fusion or stainless steel welded connections forming rigid one-piece unit.
- b) Chain link fence fabric: Mesh and gauge to match fence. Install fabric with hook bolts and tension bars at all 4 sides. Attach to gate frame at not more than 15" on center.
- c) Hardware material: Hot dipped galvanized steel or malleable iron shapes to suit gate size.
- d) Hinges: Structurally capable of supporting gate leaf and allow opening and closing without binding. Non-lift-off hinge design shall permit gate to swing 180° inward.
- e) Latch: Forked type capable of retaining gate in closed position and have provision for padlock. Latch shall permit operation from either side of gate.
- f) Keeper: Provide keeper for each gate leaf over 5' wide. Gate keeper shall consist of mechanical device for securing free end of gate when in full open position.
- g) Double gates: Provide drop rod to hold inactive leaf. Provide gate stop pipe to engage center drop rod. Provide locking device and



## FENCING - 6' HIGH CHAIN LINK FENCE AND GATES (Continued)

padlock eyes as an integral part of the latch, requiring one padlock for locking both gate leaves.

h) Gate posts: Steel pipe ASTM F 1083 standard weight schedule 40; minimum yield strength of 25,000 psi. Size as indicated. Hot-dipped galvanized with a minimum 1.8 oz/ft² (550 kg/m²) of coated steel surface area.

Gate Leaf Single Width	Post Size (Round)	<u>Weight</u>
6 feet	4.00 inches	9.11 lb/ft
15 feet	6.625 inches	18.97 lb/ft

i) Concrete: Minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3,000 psi

### 7) SUBMITTALS

Submit manufacturer's shop drawings and data for all fencing material to the Engineer for approval prior to ordering.

## 8) <u>CONSTRUCTION DETAILS</u>

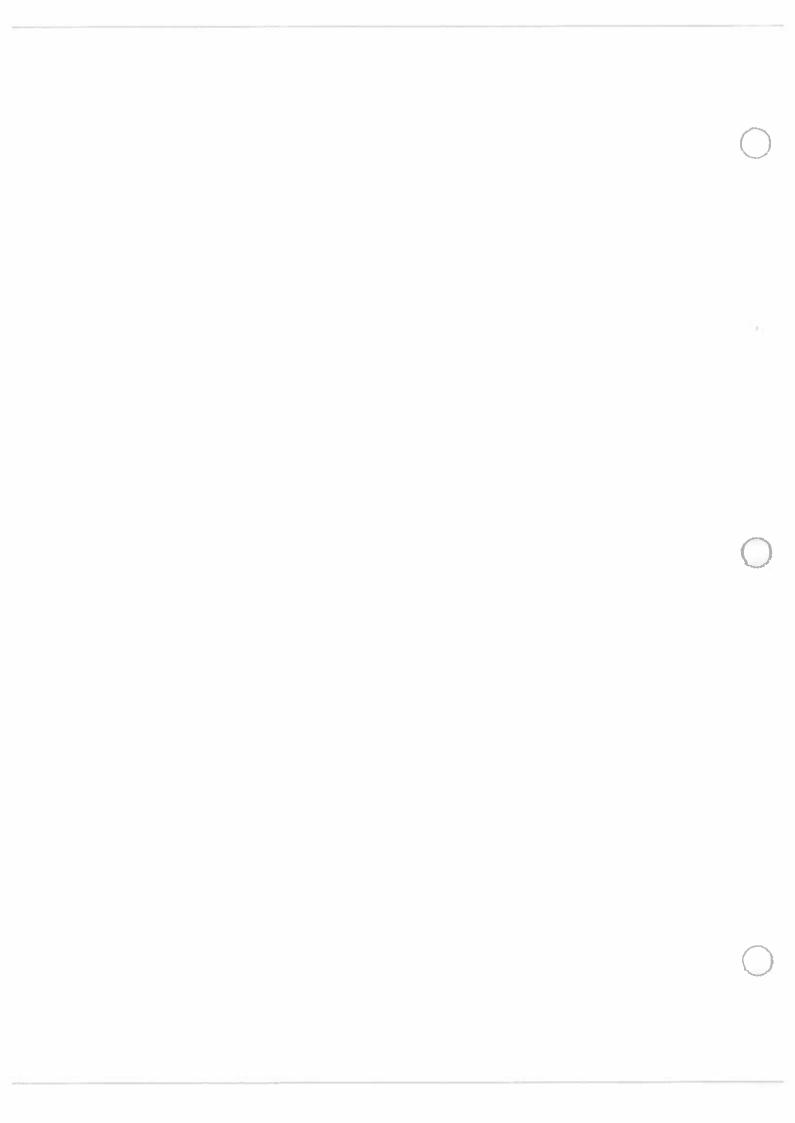
The Contractor shall verify areas to receive fencing are completed to final grades and elevations prior to installation. The Contractor shall ensure property lines and legal boundaries of work are clearly established. The Owner will provide horizontal control for the Contractor's use to establish property line.

## 9) CHAIN LINK FENCE FRAMING INSTALLATION

- a) Install chain link fence in accordance with ASTM F 567 and manufacturer's instructions.
- b) Locate terminal post at each fence termination and change in horizontal or vertical direction of 30° or more.
- Space line posts uniformly at <u>10' on center</u>.
- d) Concrete set terminal, line and gate posts: Auger holes in firm, undisturbed or compacted soil. Holes shall have diameter 4 times greater than outside dimension of post, and depths approximately 6" deeper than post bottom. Excavate deeper as required for adequate support in soft and loose soils. Set post bottom 36" below

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## FENCING - 6' HIGH CHAIN LINK FENCE AND GATES (Continued)

surface when in firm, undisturbed soil. Place concrete around posts in a continuous pour. Trowel finish around post. Slope to direct water away from posts.

- e) Check each post for vertical and top alignment, and maintain in position during placement and finishing operations.
- f) Bracing: Install horizontal pipe brace at mid-height, on each side of terminal posts. Firmly attach with fittings. Install diagonal truss rods at these points. Adjust truss rod, ensuring posts remain plumb.

### 10) CHAIN LINK FABRIC INSTALLATION

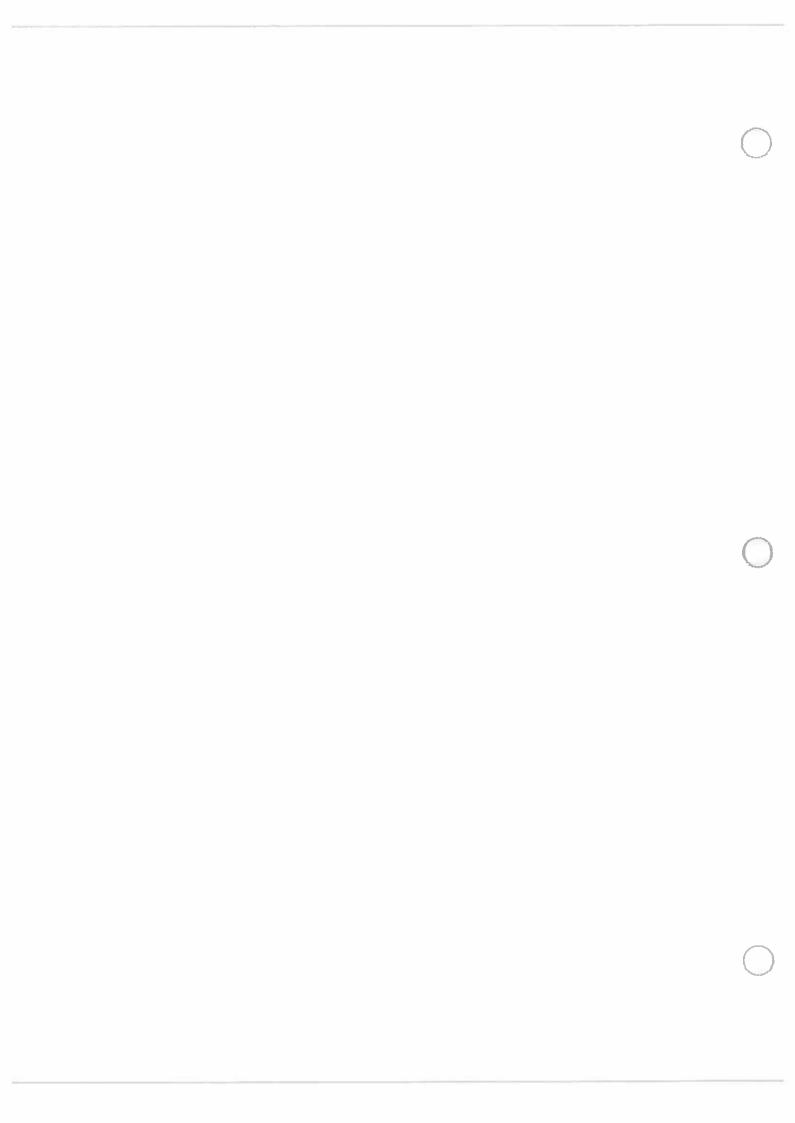
- a) Fabric: Install fabric on security side and attach so that fabric remains in tension after pulling force is released. Leave approximately 2" between finish grade and bottom selvage. Attach fabric with wire ties to line posts at 15" on center and to braces and rails at 24" on center.
- b) Tension (stretcher bars): Pull fabric taut; thread tension bar through fabric and attach to terminal posts with bands or clips spaced maximum of 15" on center.

### 11) GATE INSTALLATION

- a) Install gates plumb level, and secure for full opening without interference.
- Attach hardware by means that will prevent unauthorized removal.
- c) Adjust hardware for smooth operation.
- d) Set keeper, stops, sleeves into concrete.

## 12) <u>ACCESSORIES</u>

- a) Tie wires: Bend end of wire to minimize hazard to persons and clothing.
- b) Fasteners: Install nuts on side of fence opposite fabric side for added security.



### J. ROAD OPENING STANDARDS

#### 1) Introduction

All work performed in the Town of Southampton Highway Right-of-Way shall adhere to the standards specified herein. There shall be no deviation from the approved Road Opening Permit and these Standards without the written approval of the Superintendent of Highways. The Applicant shall notify the Superintendent of Highways in writing no later than 5 working days prior to commencement of work. Absolutely no work shall be performed without written notification and 24 hours confirmation. The Applicant shall submit Emergency Phone Numbers where they can be contacted 24 hours a day in the event of any emergency.

#### 2) Pre-construction Meeting

After review of Road Opening Permit Application and proposed scope of work, the Superintendent of Highways will determine if the project warrants a Pre-construction meeting. If a Pre-construction Meeting is required, the Applicant shall submit detailed plans for the project to the Superintendent of Highways. After review of the plans the Applicant will be notified of the time and date for the on-site Pre-construction meeting. Trenching, backfilling, right-of-way restoration, maintenance and protection of traffic and other relevant issues will be discussed. At the meeting the Applicant will be issued a *Road Opening Special Exception Listing* detailing the Applicant's restoration responsibilities.

#### 3) Trenching and Backfill

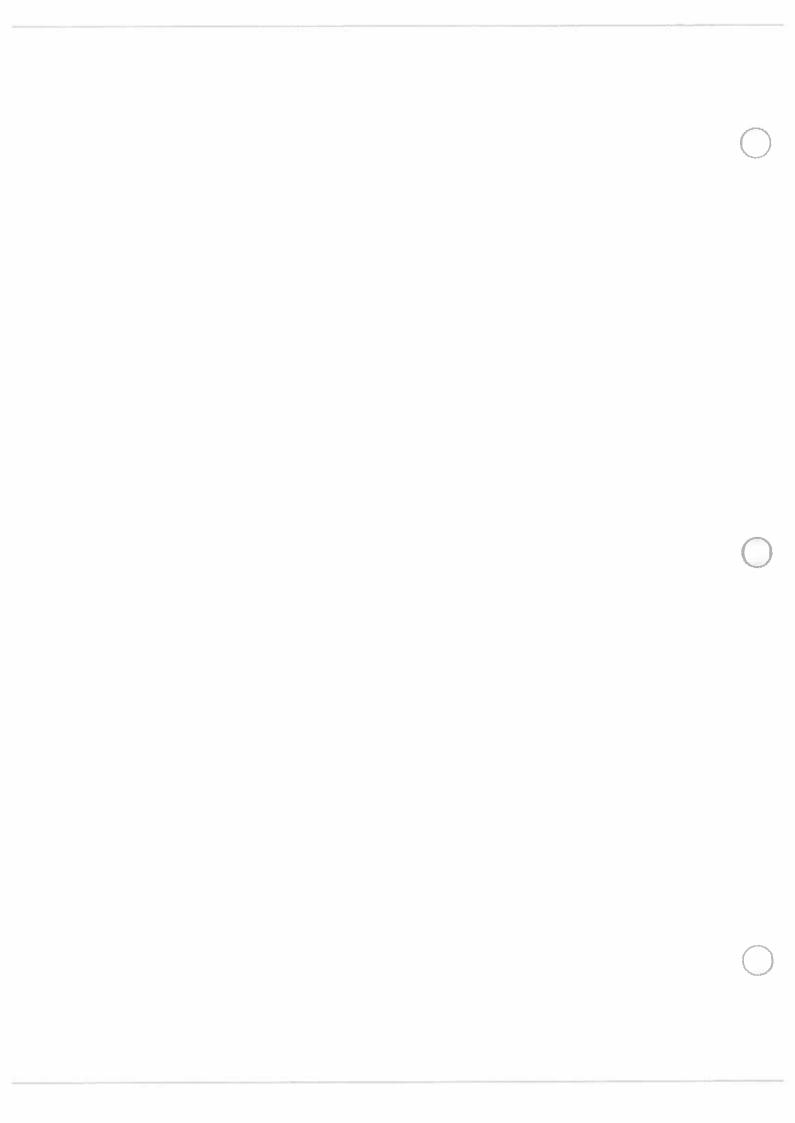
#### a) Description

The work consists of excavating, backfilling and compacting trench excavation necessary to install underground pipe, duct, cable, etc. Trenching and backfilling shall also include those excavations necessary to set manholes, splice and pull vaults, bore pits, and other miscellaneous excavations required throughout the performance of the work.

#### b) Trench excavation

The Applicant shall comply with all current and applicable Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), federal, state and local rules and regulations governing the safety of workmen and the general public during excavation, installation, and backfilling operations.

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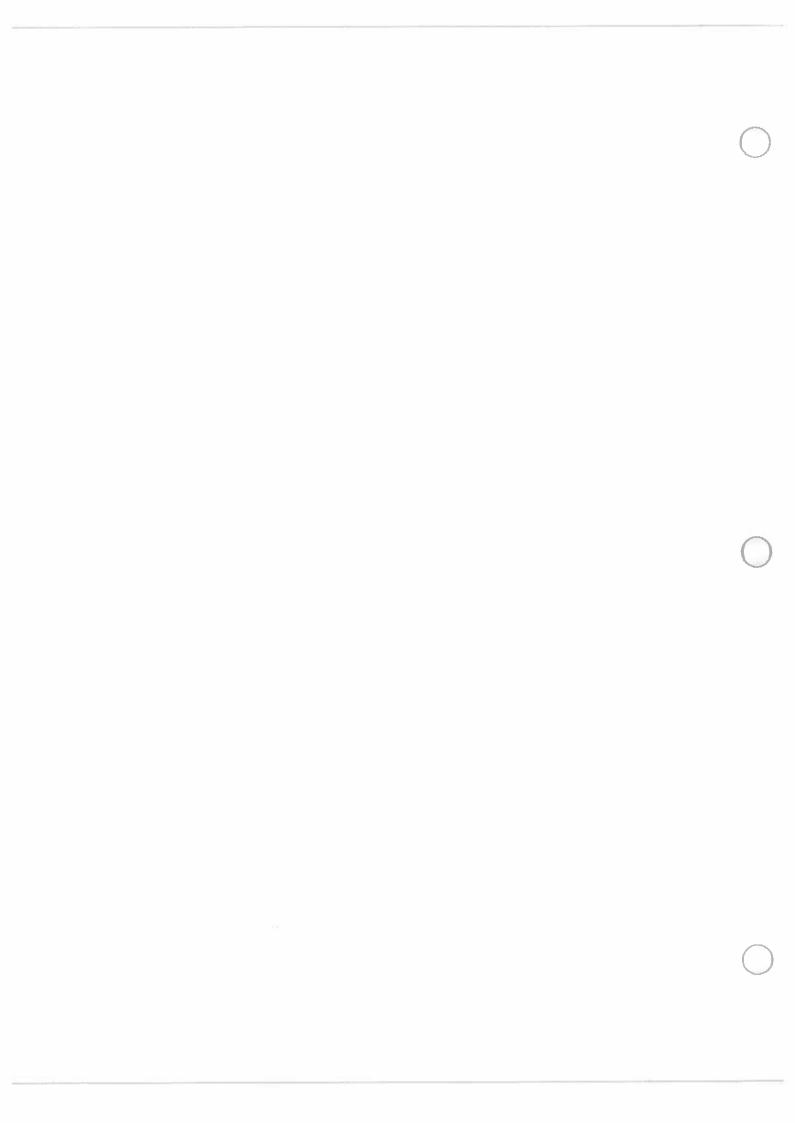


## **ROAD OPENING STANDARDS (Continued)**

- 2) The Applicant shall be solely responsible for locating and identifying all existing utilities or structures within the right-of-way. This shall be done prior to the performance of the work. All information relative to the above shall be recorded and incorporated into the records in a manner accepted by the Superintendent of Highways.
- Trench width and depth shall be as indicated on the approved project plans and details. The minimum width for all trenches shall be two (2) feet. Requested deviation from the location indicated on the approved drawings shall be subject to the acceptance of the Superintendent of Highways. Trench excavation shall be accomplished by hand digging, mechanical trencher or backhoe at the discretion of the Applicant.
- 4) Trenching shall be excavated in a straight line as practical between structures. The trench line shall not meander.
- Damage to adjacent works or property caused by surface runoff or dewatering, and as a result of construction operations, shall be the Applicant's responsibility and shall be corrected and restored immediately by the Applicant.

### c) Backfill and Compaction

- 1) Backfilling and compaction shall begin as soon as the corresponding trenching work is complete. All excavation shall be backfilled at the end of each working day unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent of Highways or his authorized representative. Backfill shall be compacted and shaped to the original contour and drainage.
- 2) Backfill material shall be placed and thoroughly compacted in 6-inch lifts. Moisture content shall be adjusted as required to obtain the specified density with the compaction equipment used.
- Each lift shall be mechanically compacted using a vibratory plate compactor or other equipment subject to the approval of the Superintendent of Highways.



### **ROAD OPENING STANDARDS (Continued)**

- 4) Backfill shall be compacted to a minimum 95 percent of maximum density within 5 percent of optimum moisture content in accordance with ASTM D698.
- 5) All trenches that have not acceptably backfilled and compacted, or which settle after backfilling, shall be reopened to the depth of satisfactory compaction and refilled and recompacted as specified to the satisfaction of the Superintendent of Highways.
- Trenches that require temporary asphalt patch shall be backfilled with N.Y.S.D.O.T. Asphalt Concrete Type 3 Dense Binder to a minimum compacted thickness of 4 inches. No cold patch will be permitted.

#### 4) Right-Of-Way Restoration

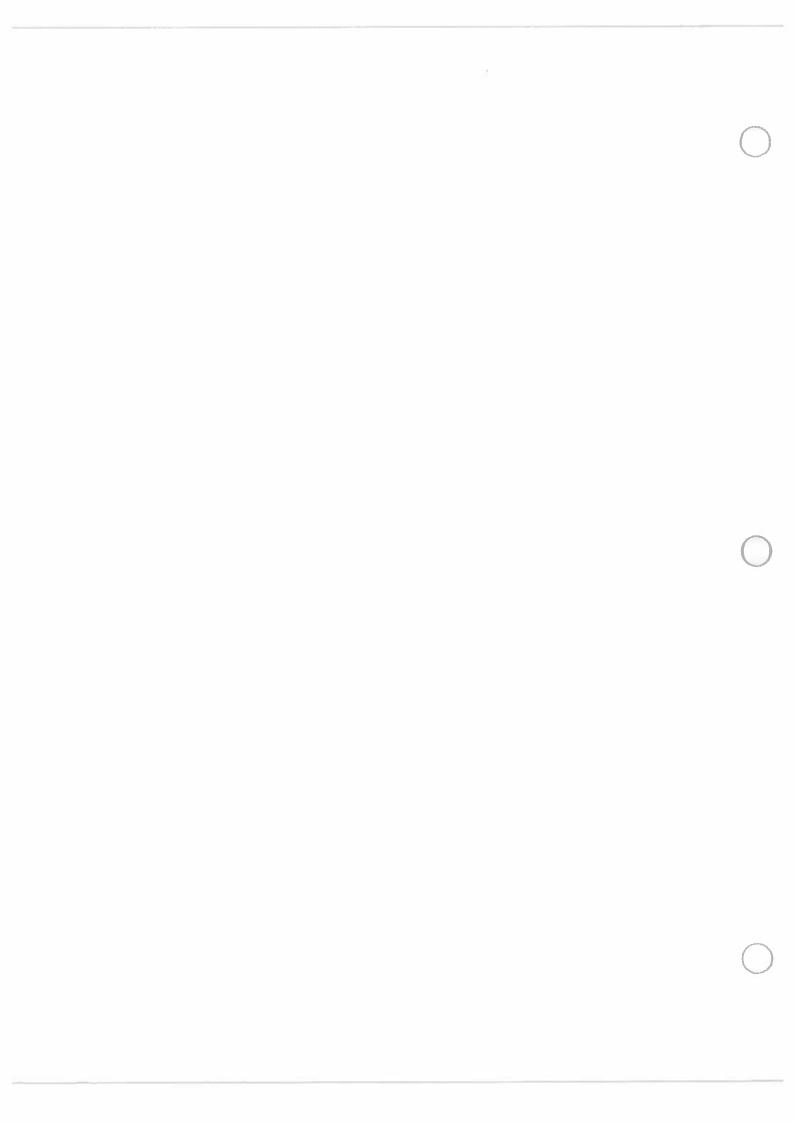
#### a) <u>Description</u>

This section covers the work associated with the restoration of asphalt pavement, concrete sidewalk, concrete driveways, concrete curbs, shoulder areas, or the restoration of any areas disturbed during trenching operations.

### b) Concrete Sidewalk, Driveway and Curb Restoration

- 1) When a trench is located parallel to a length of concrete sidewalk or curb and the limits of the trench are under or near enough to undermine the sidewalk or curb, the entire sidewalk or curb shall be removed.
- When construction requires the removal and replacement of sidewalk or curb, removal shall extend to the nearest joint. Cutting of sidewalk or curb between joints will not be permitted.
- 3) Concrete sidewalk and curb replacement shall be in accordance with the Town of Southampton Sidewalk Contract specifications. Concrete sidewalks, driveways and aprons shall be replaced to the original lines and grades and match adjacent existing sections. In general, concrete sidewalks shall be a minimum of 4 inches thick with welded wire fabric reinforcement. Handicapped sidewalk ramps shall be constructed at all intersections and at locations designa-

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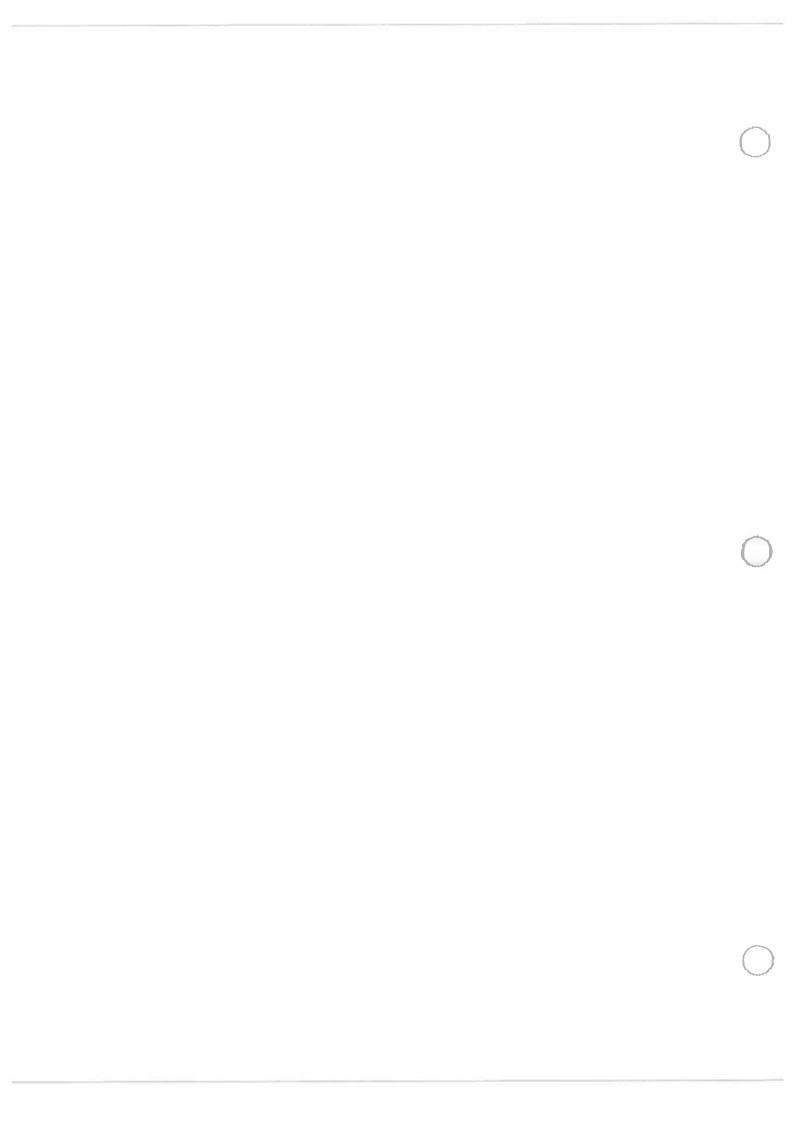


## **ROAD OPENING STANDARDS (Continued)**

ted by the Superintendent of Highways. Concrete driveways and aprons shall be a minimum of 6 inches thick with welded wire reinforcement. Concrete curbs shall be replaced in kind to the original lines and grades. All concrete shall have a minimum compressive strength of 3,500 psi at 28 days.

### C) Asphalt Pavement Restoration

- The existing asphalt pavement adjacent to the trench area shall be saw cut full depth prior to restoration. Cut edges of the asphalt pavement shall be thoroughly cleaned and a tack coat shall be uniformly applied to the cut edges prior to paving.
- 2) The Applicant shall backfill and compact the trench to an elevation 10 inches below the finished pavement grade.
- 3) The Applicant shall then place and compact 6 inches of stabilized soil aggregate subbase course in the trench. The stabilized soil aggregate subbase material shall meet the material requirements for the Town of Southampton Specification for Subbase Course.
- 4) The stabilized soil aggregate subbase material shall be compacted using a vibratory plate compactor or other equipment subject to the approval of the Superintendent of Highways.
- 5) The stabilizes soil aggregate subbase material shall be compacted to a minimum 95 percent of maximum density within 5 percent of optimum moisture content in accordance with ASTM D698.
- 6) The Applicant shall then place and compact a 2-1/2 inch lift of Asphalt Concrete Type 3 Dense Binder Course over the compacted stabilized soil aggregate subbase course.
- 7) After completing the placement and compaction of the Dense Binder Course, the Applicant shall place and compact a 1-1/2 inch lift of Asphalt Concrete Type 6 Top Course.
- 8) Joint sealant shall be applied on the pavement surface where new pavement meets existing pavement.



### **ROAD OPENING STANDARDS (Continued)**

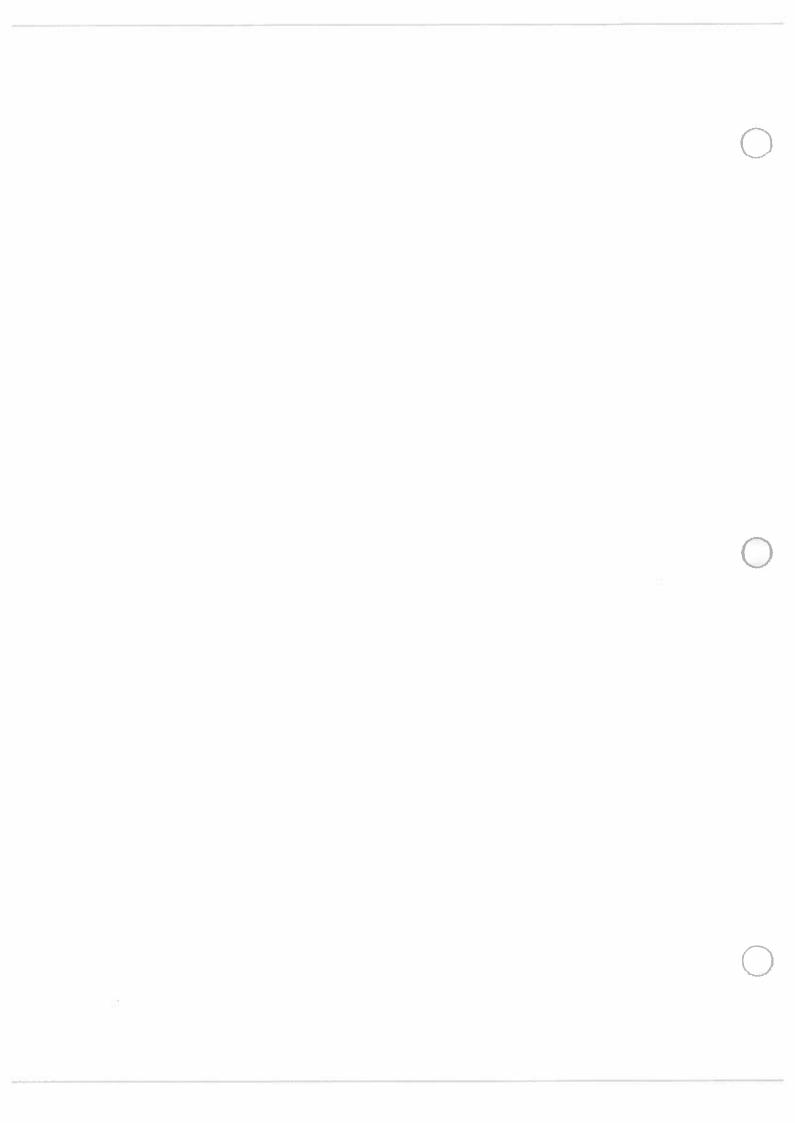
- All pavement markings shall be replaced in kind.
- During the site investigation at the Pre-construction meeting, the Superintendent of Highways may direct the Applicant to perform additional asphalt pavement restoration operations such as truing and leveling, key cuts/v-notch, crack filling, tack coat, and/or other operations in order to restore the asphalt pavement to a first class manner to the satisfaction of the Superintendent of Highways.

#### D) Shoulder Restoration

- 1) Shoulder area disturbed by construction shall be restored within 2 weeks of construction completion. This includes, but is not limited to:
  - a) Removal of excess excavation spoils from the construction area.
  - b) Removal of trash and construction debris.
  - c) Filling, repairing, and stabilizing ground surfaces disturbed by construction.
  - d) Regrading, hand raking, or manipulating finished ground surface to the level of smoothness necessary for topsoil and seeding.
  - e) Topsoil and Seeding.
  - f) Treating, repairing, or replacing tress and shrubs damaged by construction activities.
- 2) All earth surfaces disturbed by the Applicant's construction activities shall be revegetated by topsoil and seeding.
- The Applicant shall furnish, spread, and grade 4 inches of topsoil over the disturbed areas. Natural grades shall be re-established to the extent practical. Care shall be taken so as not to disturb natural surface drainage patterns.
- 4) The topsoil area shall be fertilized and seeded as specified to establish a satisfactory stand of grass acceptable to the Superintendent of Highways. Seeding operations shall take

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## **ROAD OPENING STANDARDS (Continued)**

place only during seasons when satisfactory results can be expected. The Applicant may be required to return after completion of construction to meet seasonal limits.

If in the opinion of the Superintendent of Highways an acceptable stand of grass has not been established, the Applicant will be directed to return to reseed the area as many times as necessary in order to establish an acceptable stand of grass.

### 5) <u>Maintenance of Traffic</u>

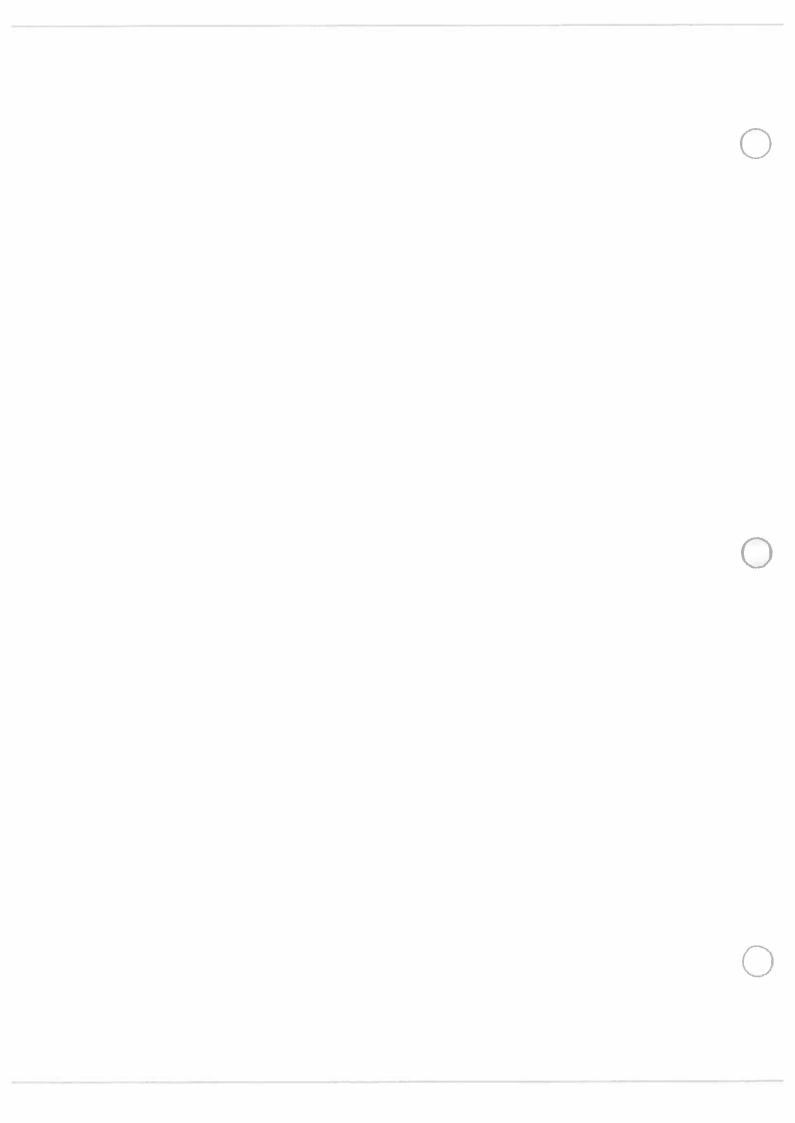
- a) The Applicant shall conduct the work to interfere as little as possible with public travel, whether vehicular or pedestrian. Whenever it is necessary to cross, obstruct, or close roads, driveways, or walks, whether public or private, the Applicant shall provide and maintain suitable and safe passages, detours, or other temporary expedients for the accommodation of public and private travel, and shall give reasonable notice to owners of private drives before interfering with them.
- b) In making open-cut street crossings, the Contractor shall not block more than of the street at a time. When required by the Superintendent of Highways, the Applicant shall widen the shoulder on the opposite side to facilitate traffic flow. Temporary asphalt surfacing shall be provided as necessary on shoulders as directed by the Superintendent of Highways.
- c) Materials stored upon or alongside public streets shall be so placed, and the work at all times shall be conducted, as to cause minimum obstruction and inconvenience to the traveling public.
- d) At times it will be necessary to divert vehicular or pedestrian traffic around construction areas, the Applicant shall furnish all signs, barricades, cones, drums, warning lights, flag persons, or other devices required in the New York State Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), 2001 edition or as required by the Superintendent of Highways.

### 6) <u>Barricades and Lights</u>

 All roads, which are closed to traffic, shall be protected by effective barricades on which shall be placed acceptable warning signs.
 Barricades shall be located at the nearest intersecting road on each

ROAD, DRAINAGE & ROAD OPENING STANDARDS PREPARED BY L.K. McLEAN ASSOCIATES, P.C.

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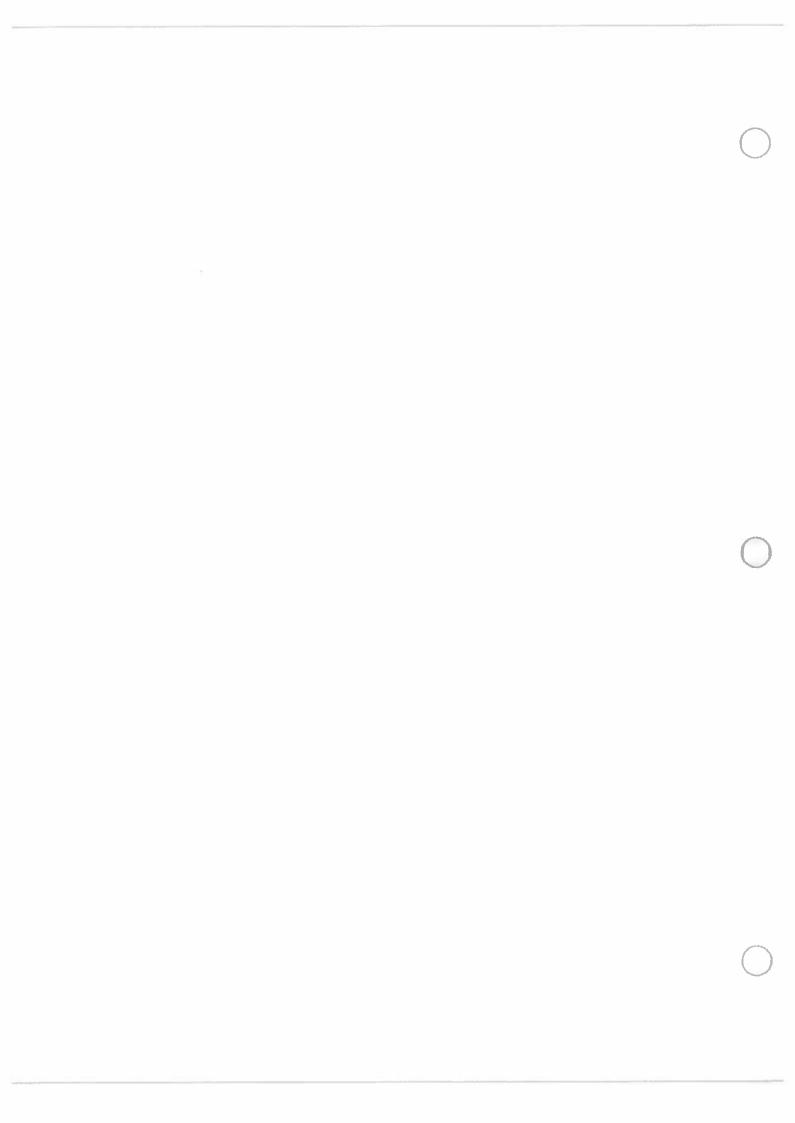
## **ROAD OPENING STANDARDS (Continued)**

side of the blocked section in accordance with the guidelines of the New York State Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), 2001 edition.

- b) All open trenches and other excavations shall be provided with suitable barriers, signs, and lights to the extent that adequate protection is provided to the public. Obstructions, such as material piles and equipment shall be provided with similar warning signs and lights.
- All barricades and obstructions shall be illuminated by means of wanting lights from sunrise to sunset or in cases of low visibility.

### 7) Protection of Public and Private Property

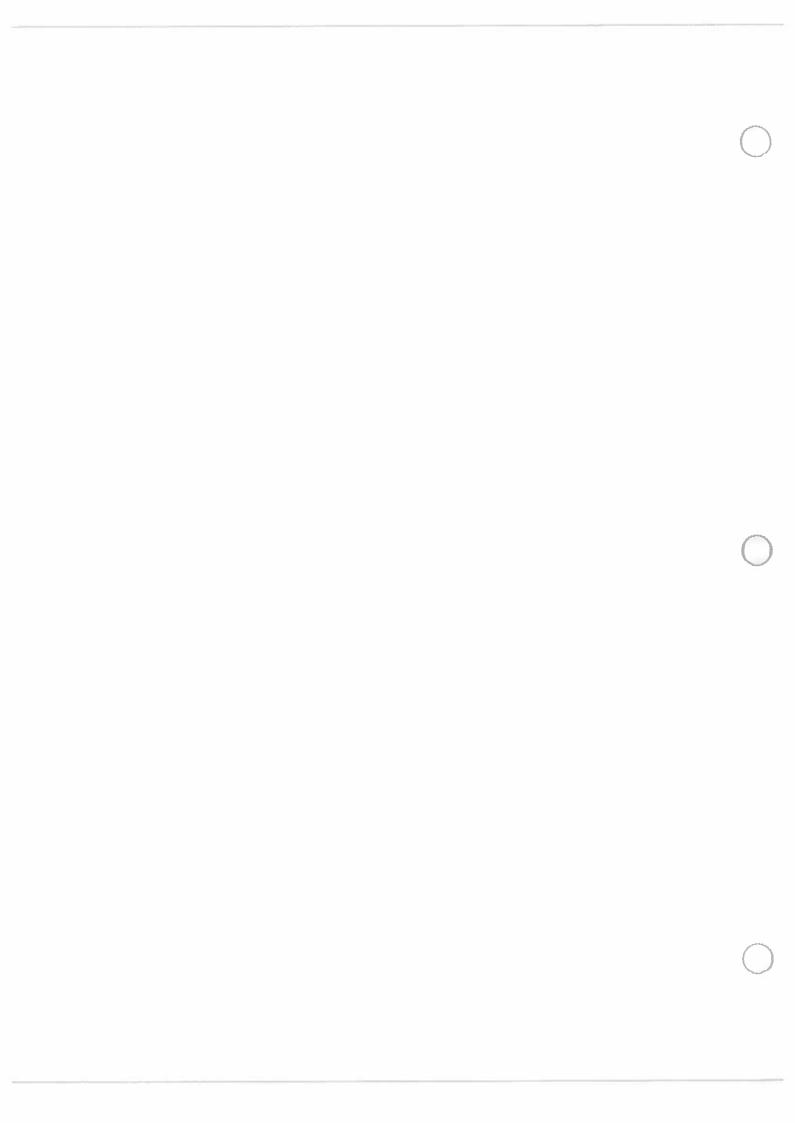
- a) The Applicant shall protect, shore, brace, support, and maintain all underground pipes, conduits, drains, and other underground construction uncovered or otherwise affected by the construction work. All pavement, surfacing, driveways, curbs, walks, buildings, utility poles, guy wires, fences, and other surface structures affected by construction together with all sod and shrubs, shall be restored to their original condition whether inside or outside of the right-of way. All replacements shall be made with new materials.
- b) The Applicant shall be responsible for all damages to roads, shoulders, ditches, embankments, culverts, bridges, and other public or private property, regardless of location or character, which may be caused by transporting equipment, materials, or men to or from the work or any part or site thereof. The Applicant shall make satisfactory and acceptable arrangements with the Superintendent of Highways over the damaged property concerning its repair or replacement, or payment of costs incurred in connection with the damage.
- c) All fire hydrants and water control valves shall be kept free from obstruction and available for use at all times.
- d) Street signs, mailboxes, and other items which conflict with construction shall be removed, stored, and reinstalled in a condition comparable to the condition prior to removal.

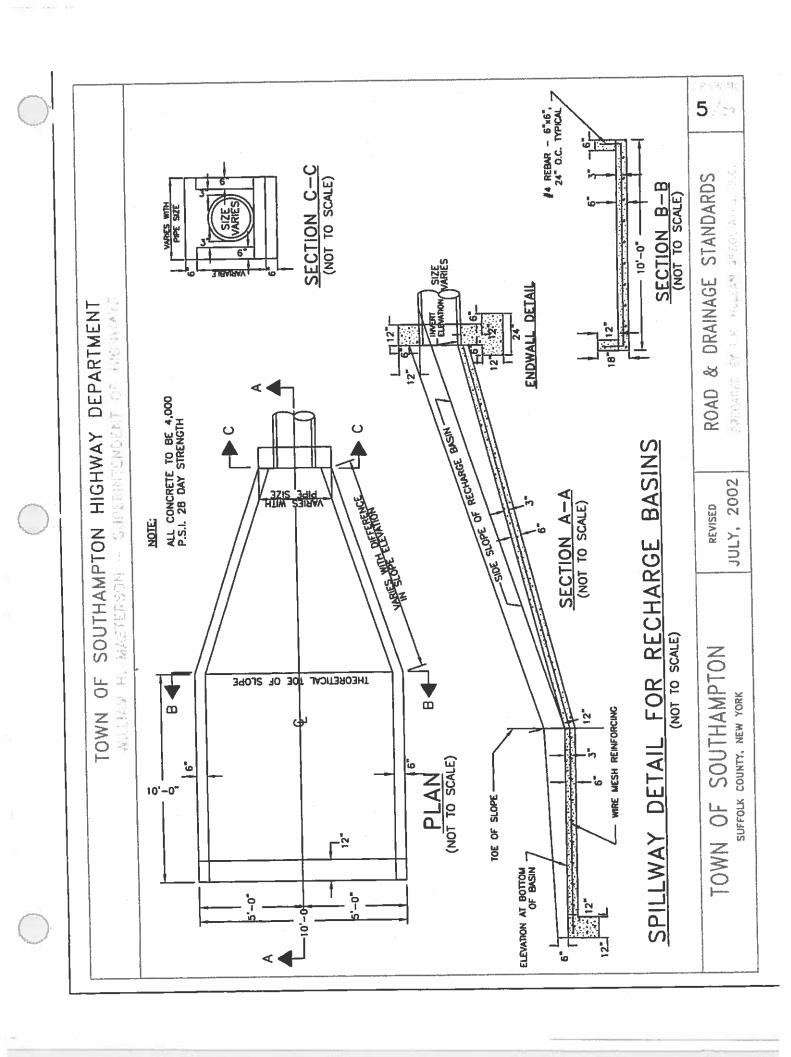


## **ROAD OPENING STANDARDS (Continued)**

### 8. <u>Emergency Protection</u>

Applicant has not taken sufficient precautions for the safety of the public or adjacent structures or property, and whenever in the opinion of the Superintendent of Highways, an emergency has arisen and immediate action is considered necessary, the Southampton Town Highway Department, with or without notice to the Applicant, may provide suitable protection by causing work to be done and materials to be furnished and placed. The cost of such work and materials shall be charged back to the Applicant. The performance of such emergency work shall not relieve the Applicant of responsibility for damage, which may occur.







# TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

2

## TABLE "A"

LOCATION OF ROAD BY ZONING DISTRICT	RIGHT-OF-WAY WIDTH	PAVEMENT WIDTH	CURB REQUIRED
R-10, R-15, R-20 & MULTI-FAMILY DISTRICTS			
HIGHWAYS	84-120 FEET	64 FEET	(b)
COLLECTOR STREET	70 FEET	40-50 FEET(a)	1
LOCAL STREET "A"	50-60 FEET	30-34 FEET	(b)
LOCAL STREET "B"	50 FEET	24-30 FEET	(b)
MARGINAL ROAD	50 FEET	30-34 FEET	(b)
COMMON DRIVEWAY	N/A	12-16 FEET	NO
OTHER RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS			
HIGHWAYS	84-120 FEET	64 FEET	(b)
COLLECTOR STREET	70 FEET	40-50 FEET(a)	
LOCAL STREET "A"	50-60 FEET	26-30 FEET	(p)
LOCAL STREET "B"	50 FEET	20-24 FEET	(b)
LANE	50 FEET	18 FEET	NO
MARGINAL ROAD	50 FEET	26-30 FEET	(b)
COMMON DRIVEWAY	N/A	12-16 FEET	NO
BUSINESS & INDUSTRIAL DISTRICTS			
HIGHWAYS	84-120 FEET	64 FEET	YES
COLLECTOR STREET	70 FEET	50 FEET	YES
LOCAL STREET "A"	60 FEET	34-40 FEET	(b)
LOCAL STREET "B"			
MARGINAL ROAD	5 FEET	34-40 FEET	(b)
COMMON DRIVEWAY	N/A	24-34 FEET	(b)

- (a) INCLUDES STABILIZED SHOULDERS
- (b) AT THE DISCRETION OF THE PLANNING BOARD & SUPERINTENDENT OF HIGHWAYS

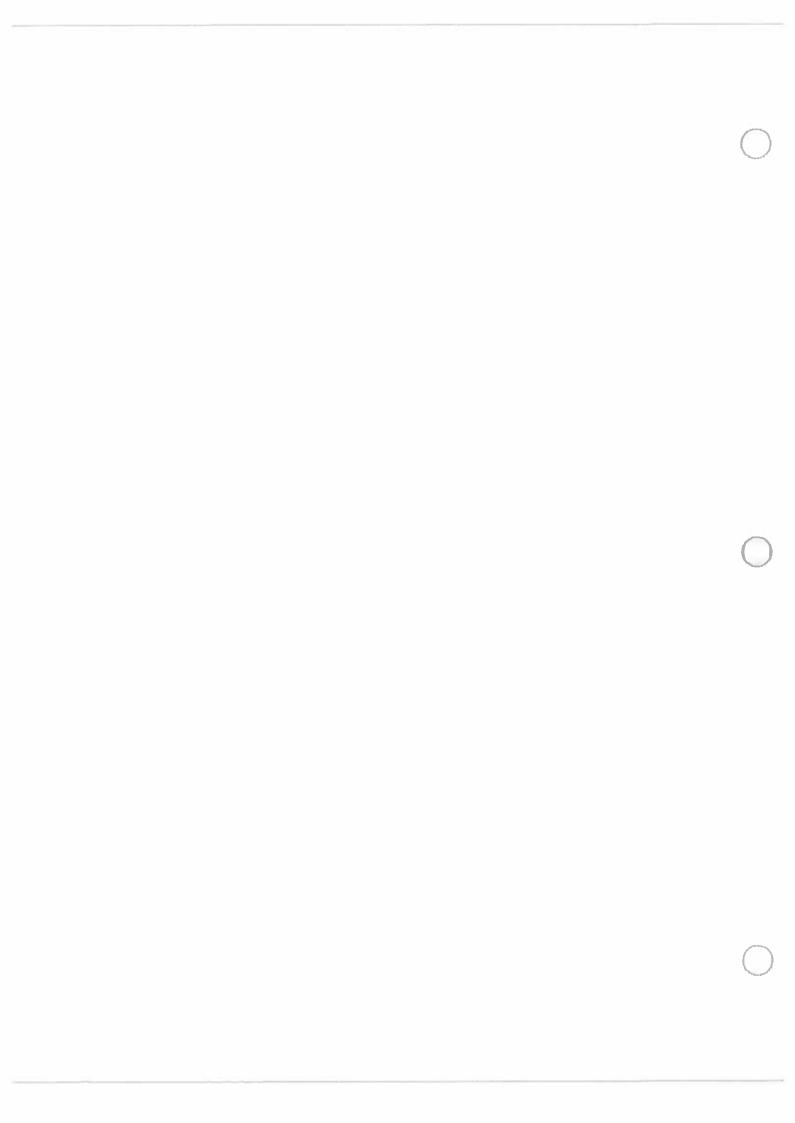
TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON

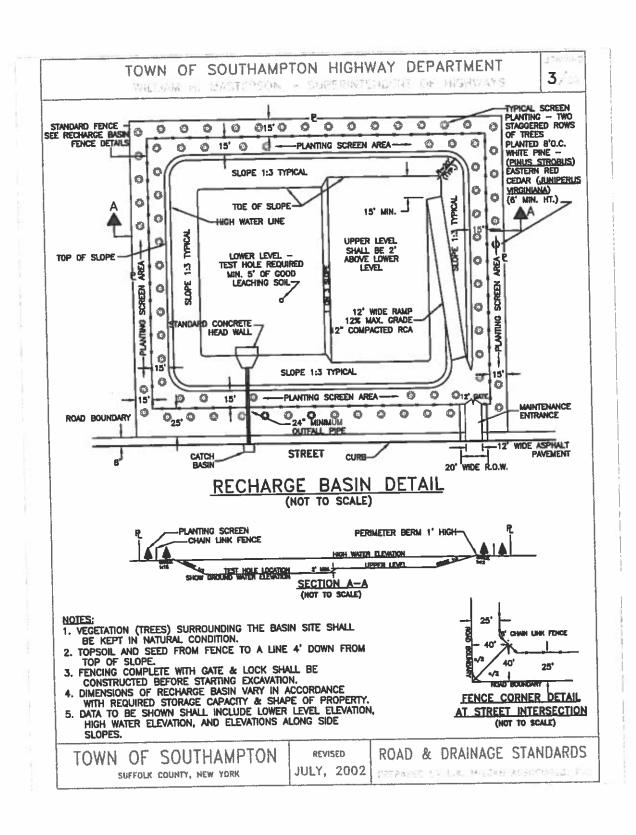
SUFFOLK COUNTY, NEW YORK

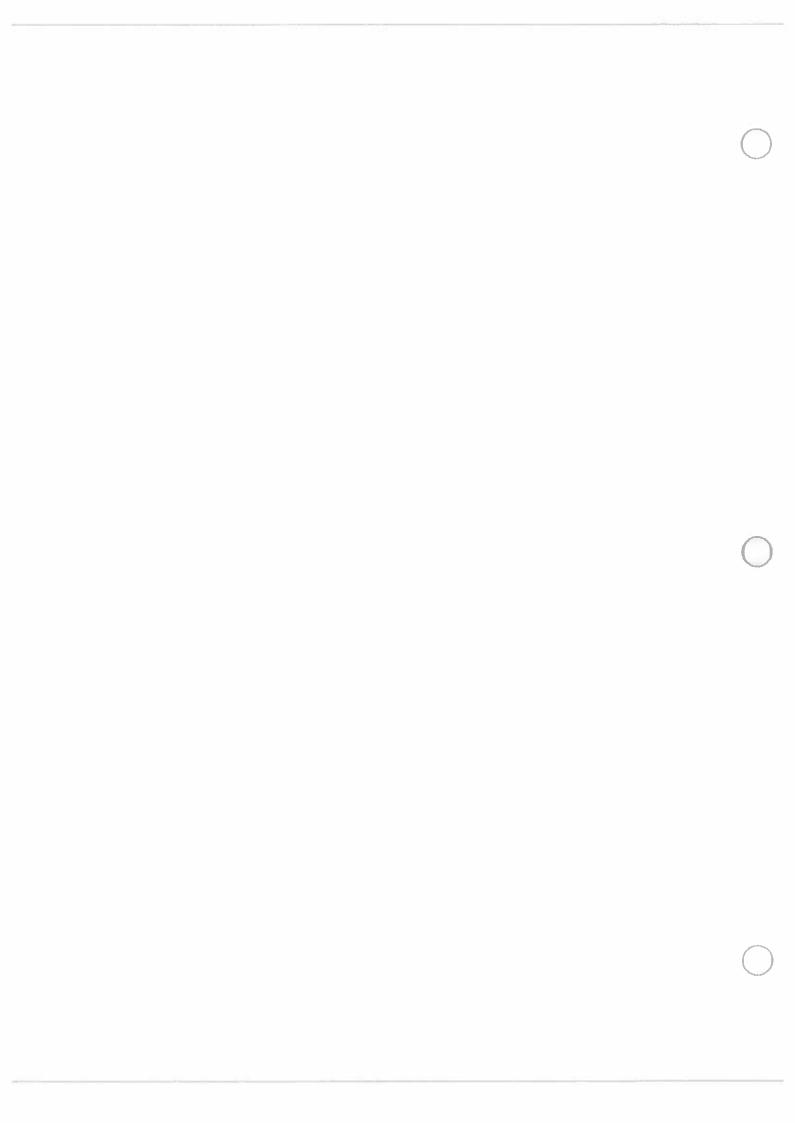
REVISED

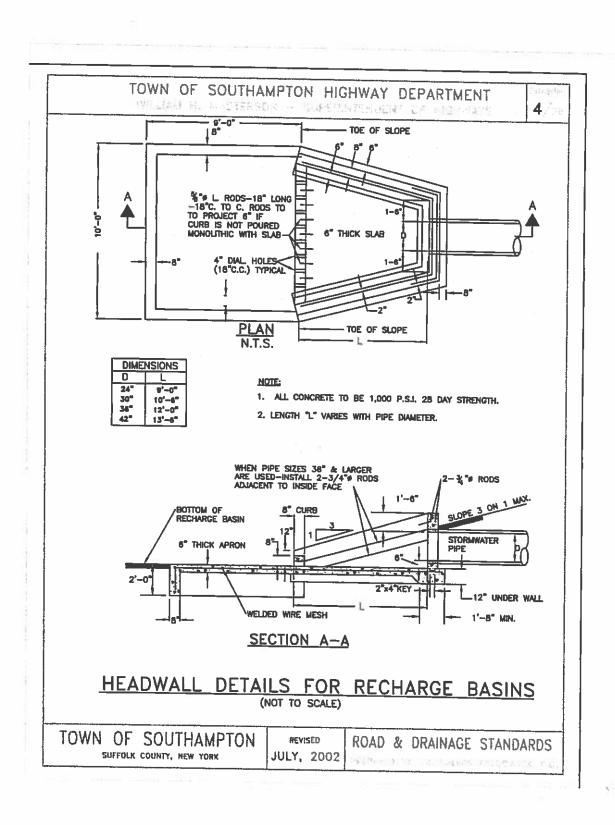
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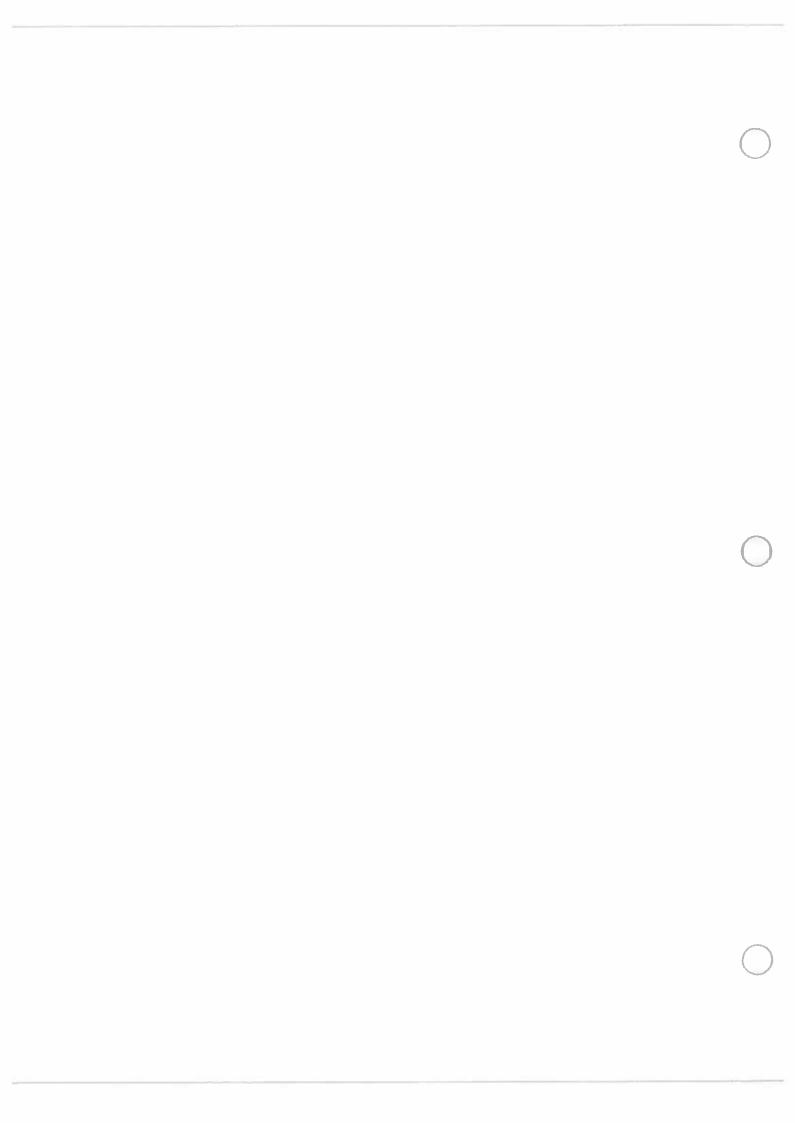
ROAD & DRAINAGE STANDARDS

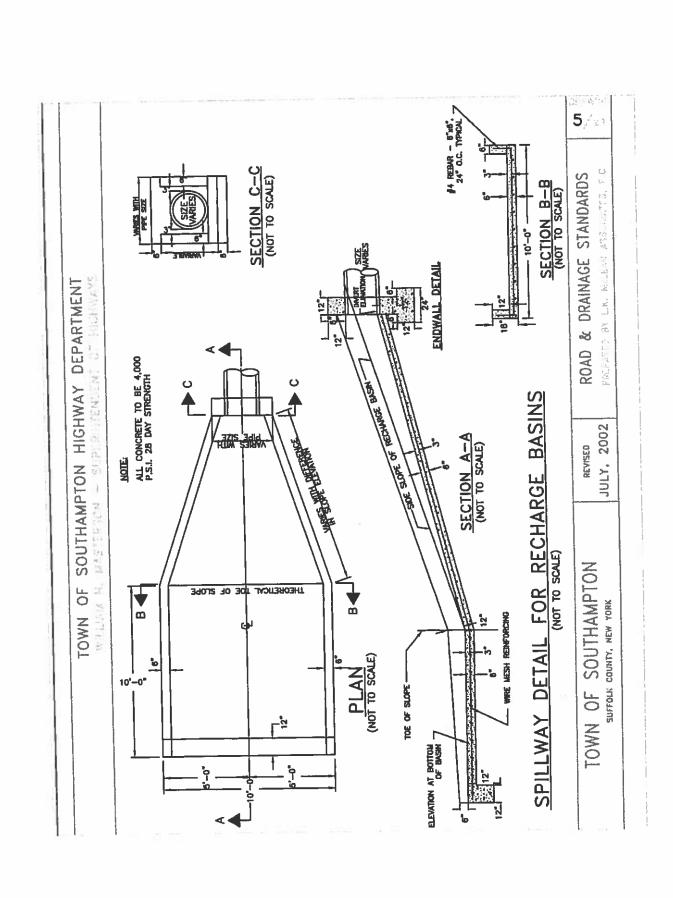


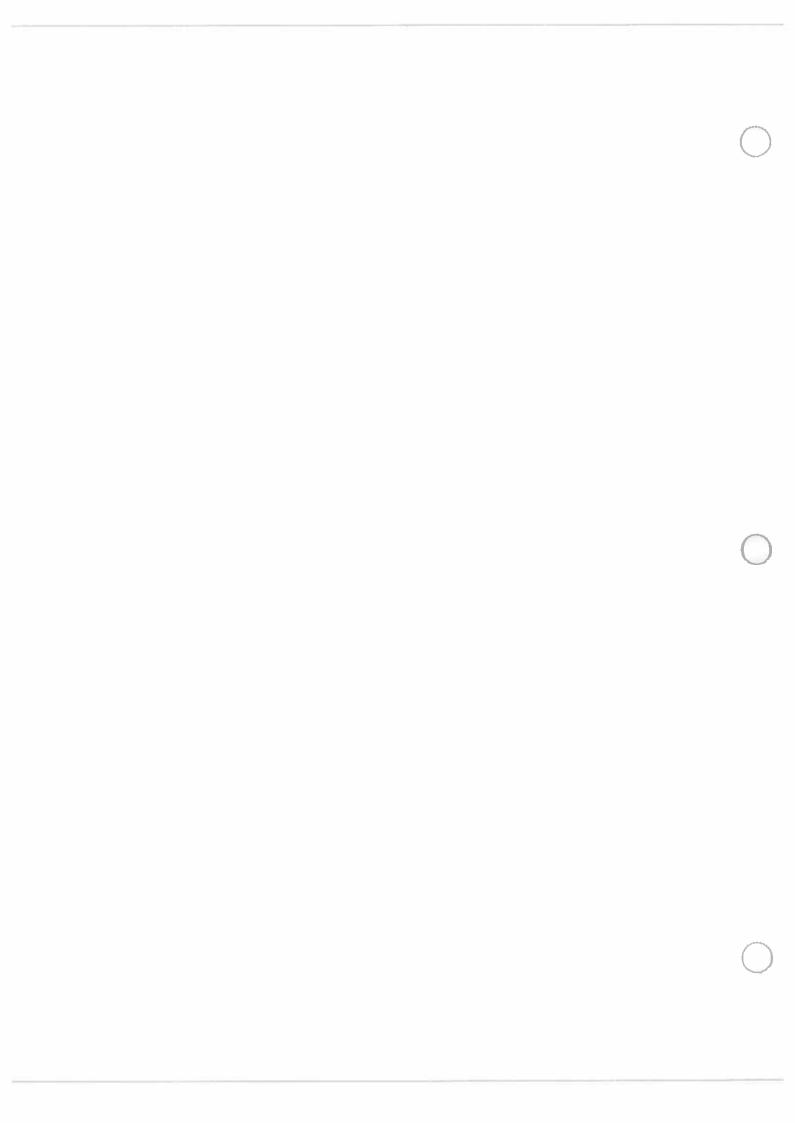


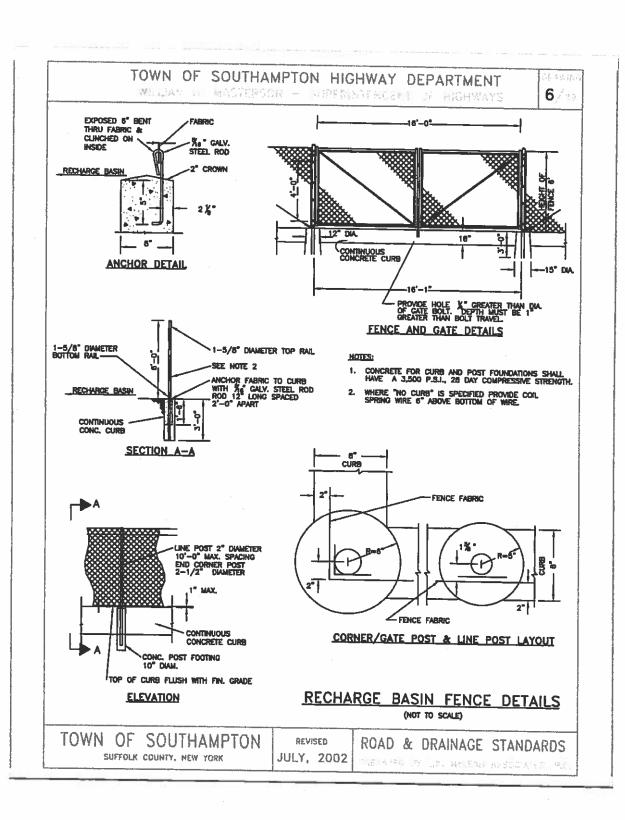


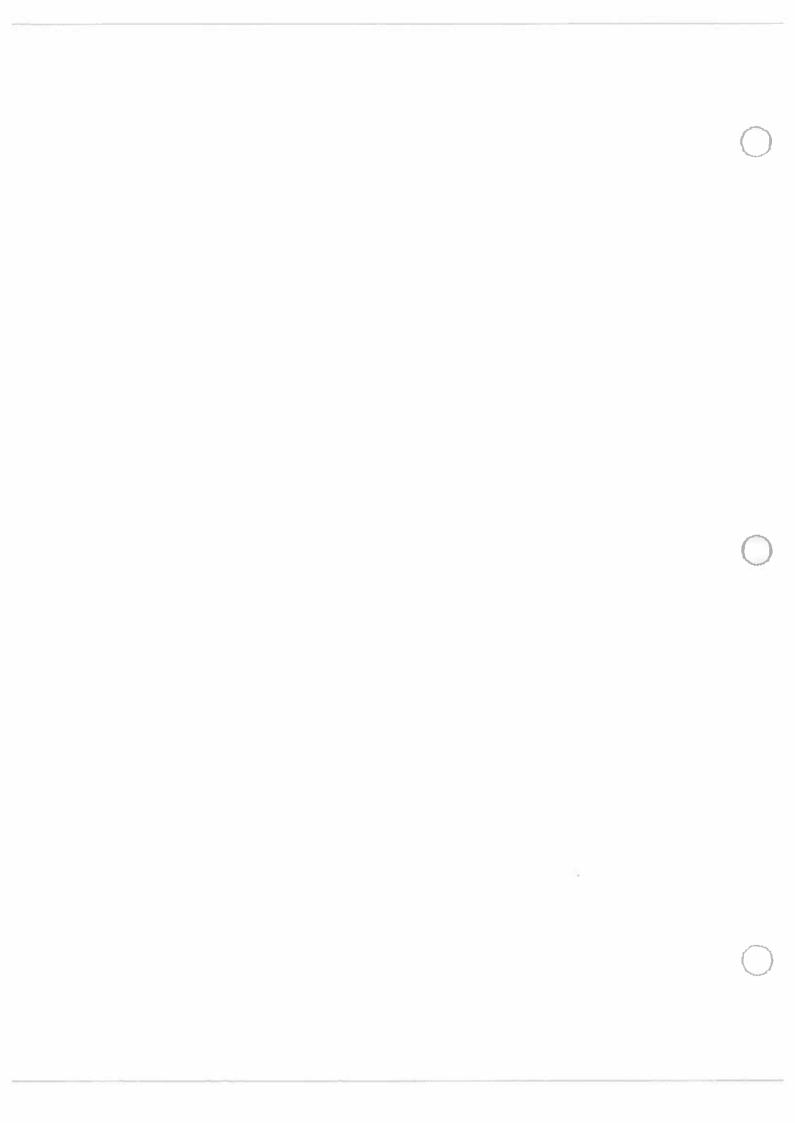


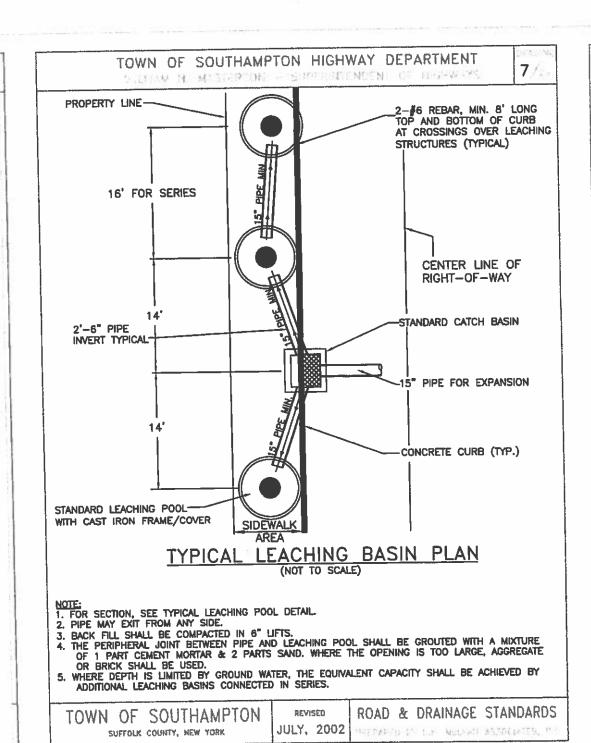


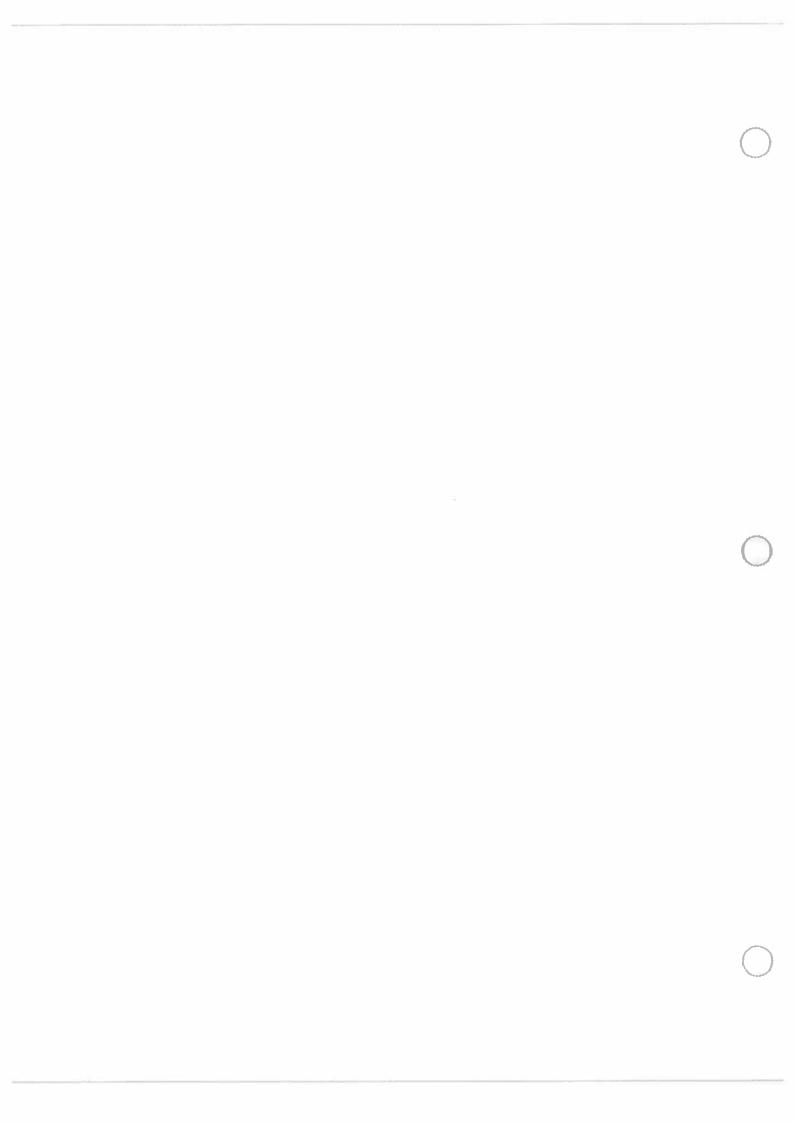


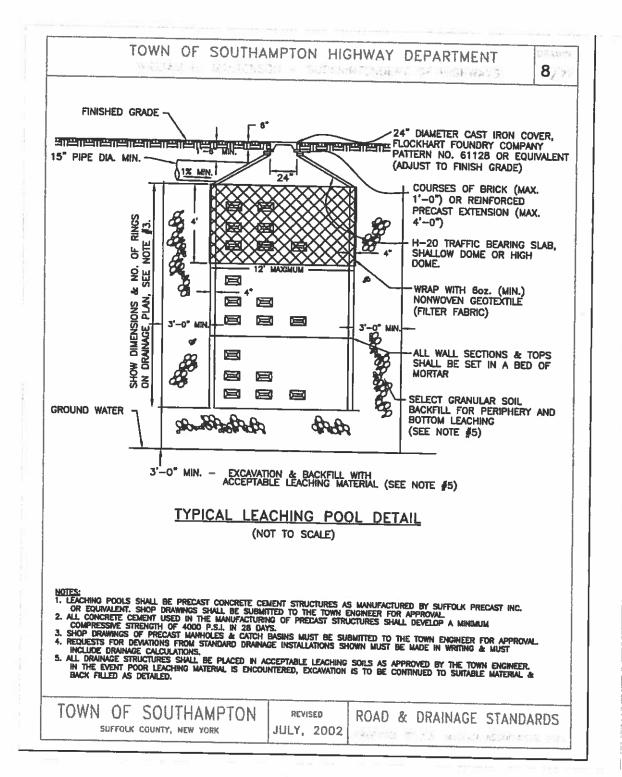


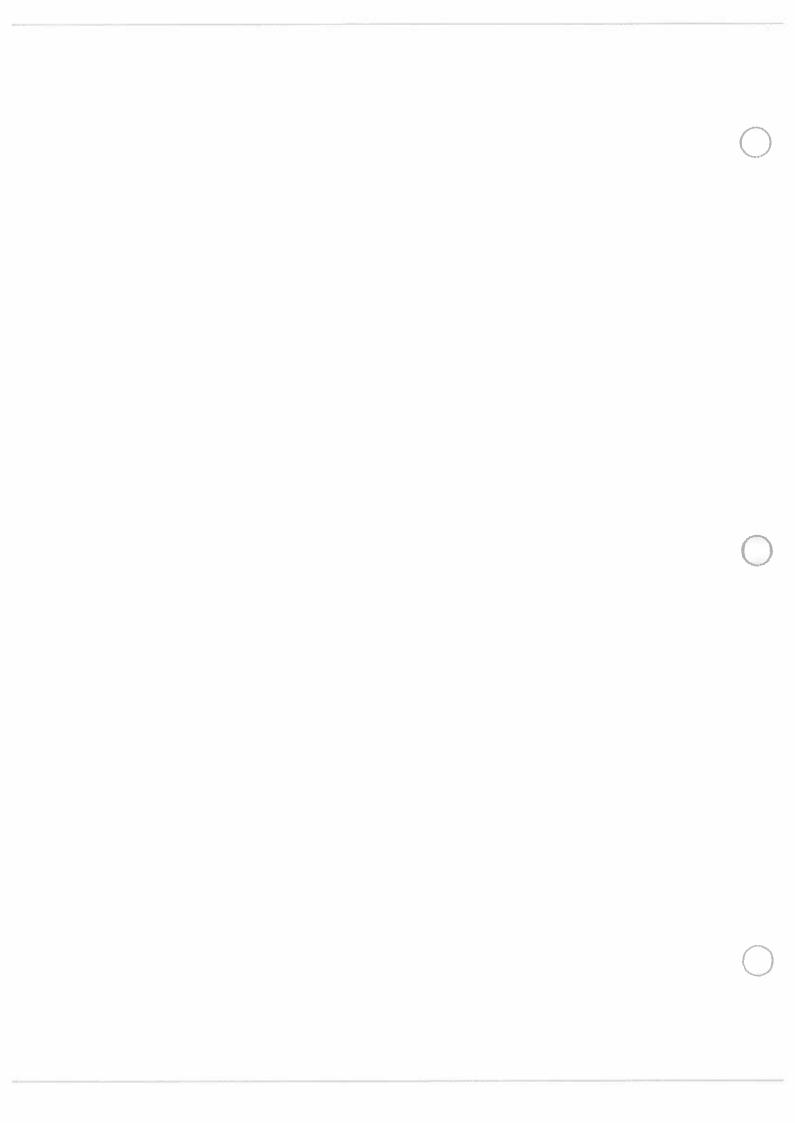


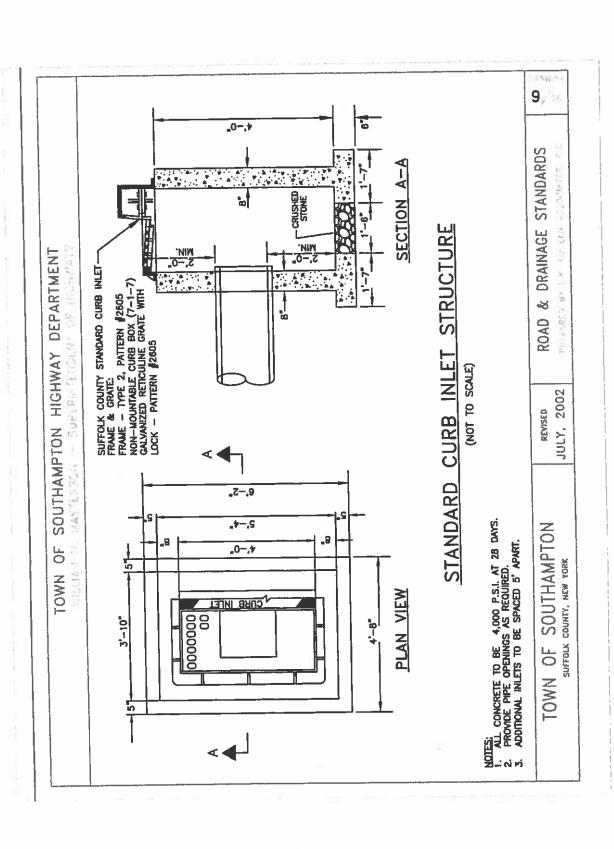


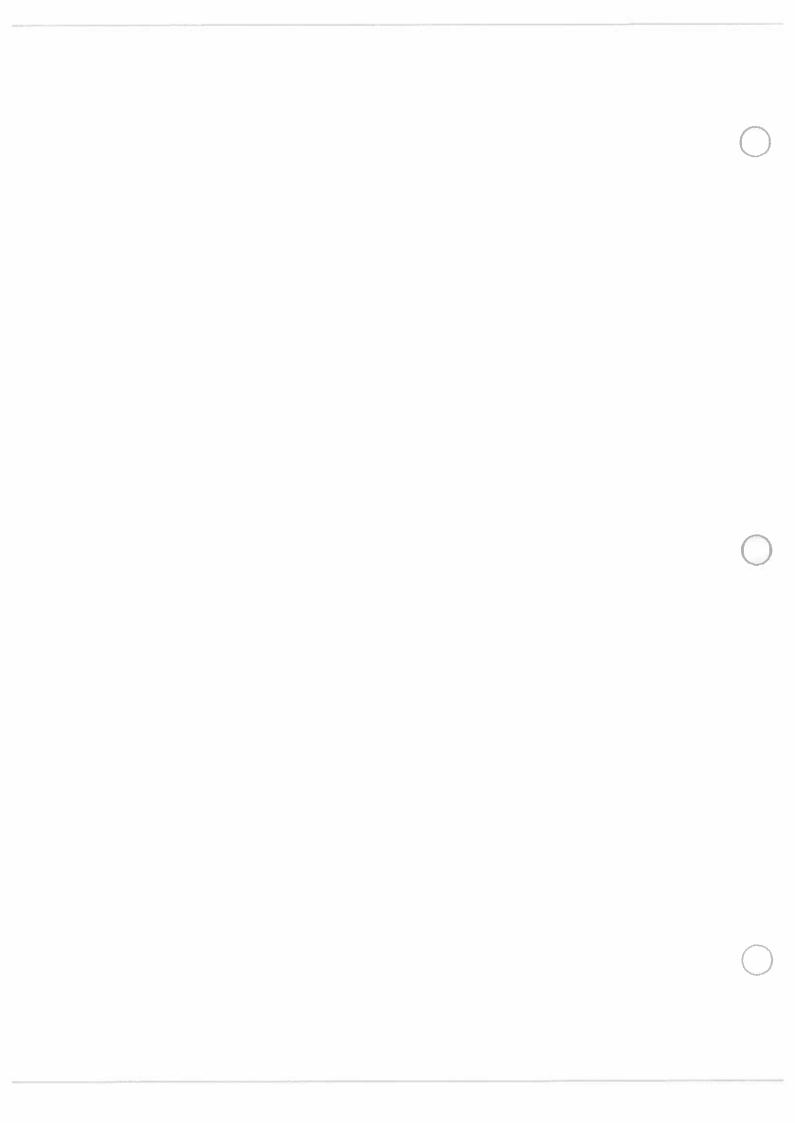


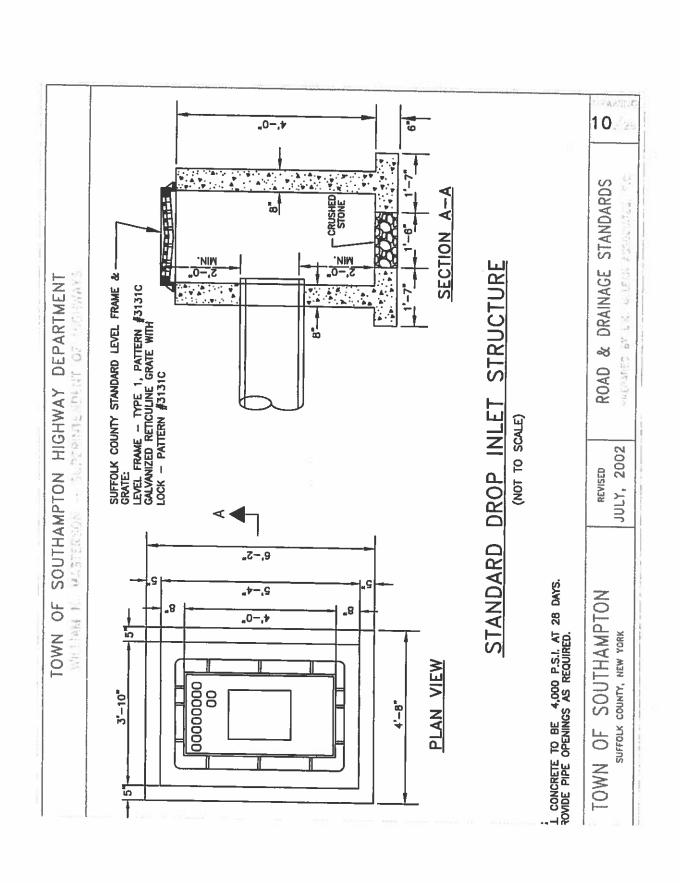


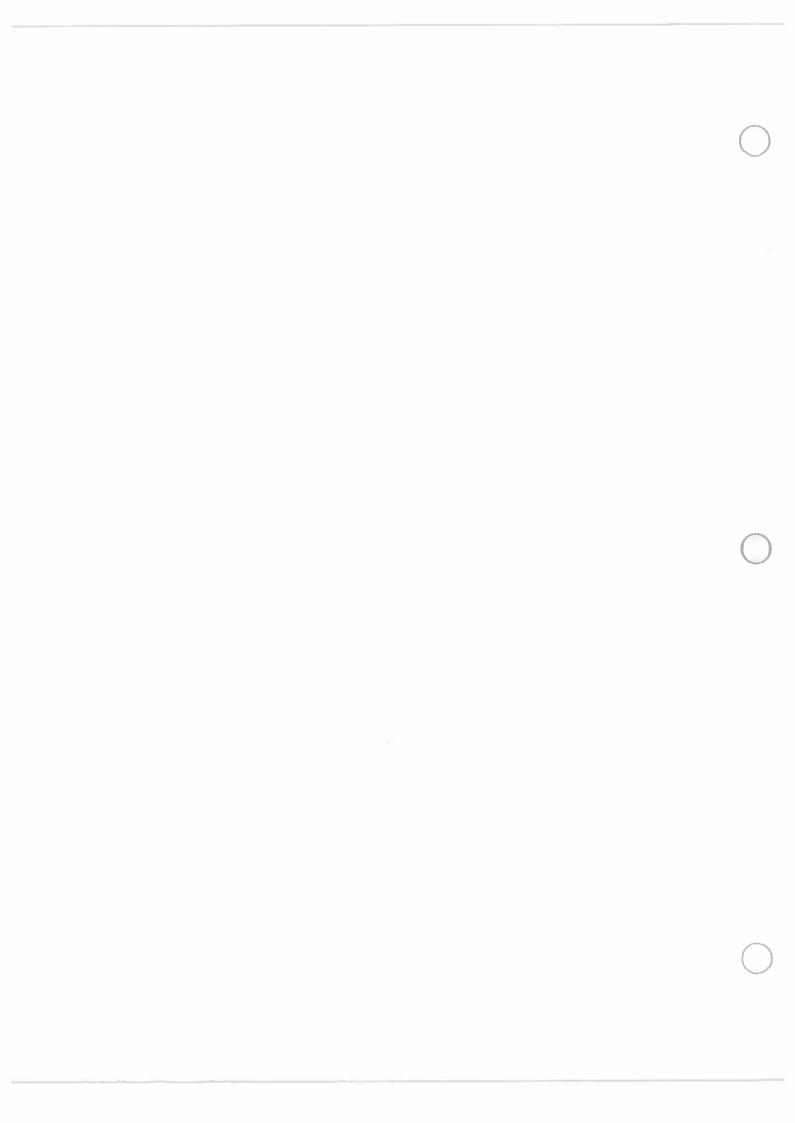


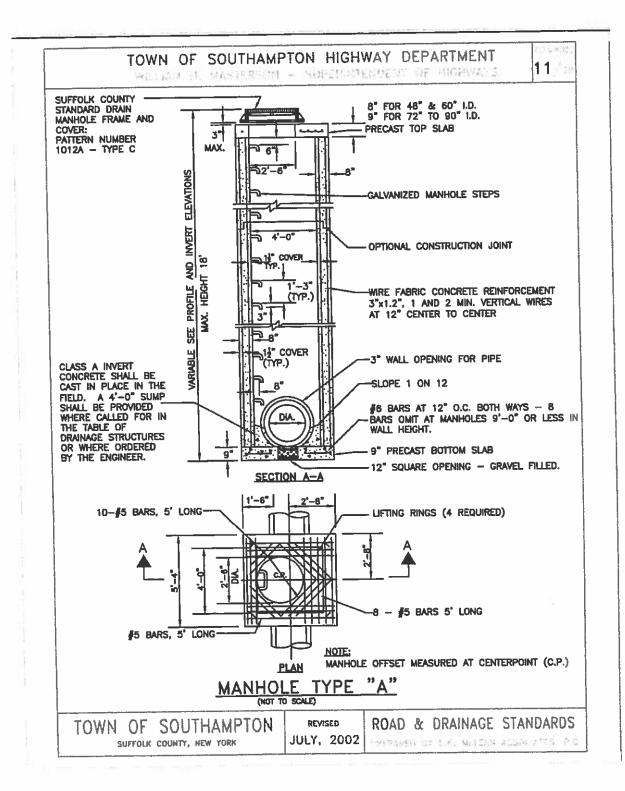


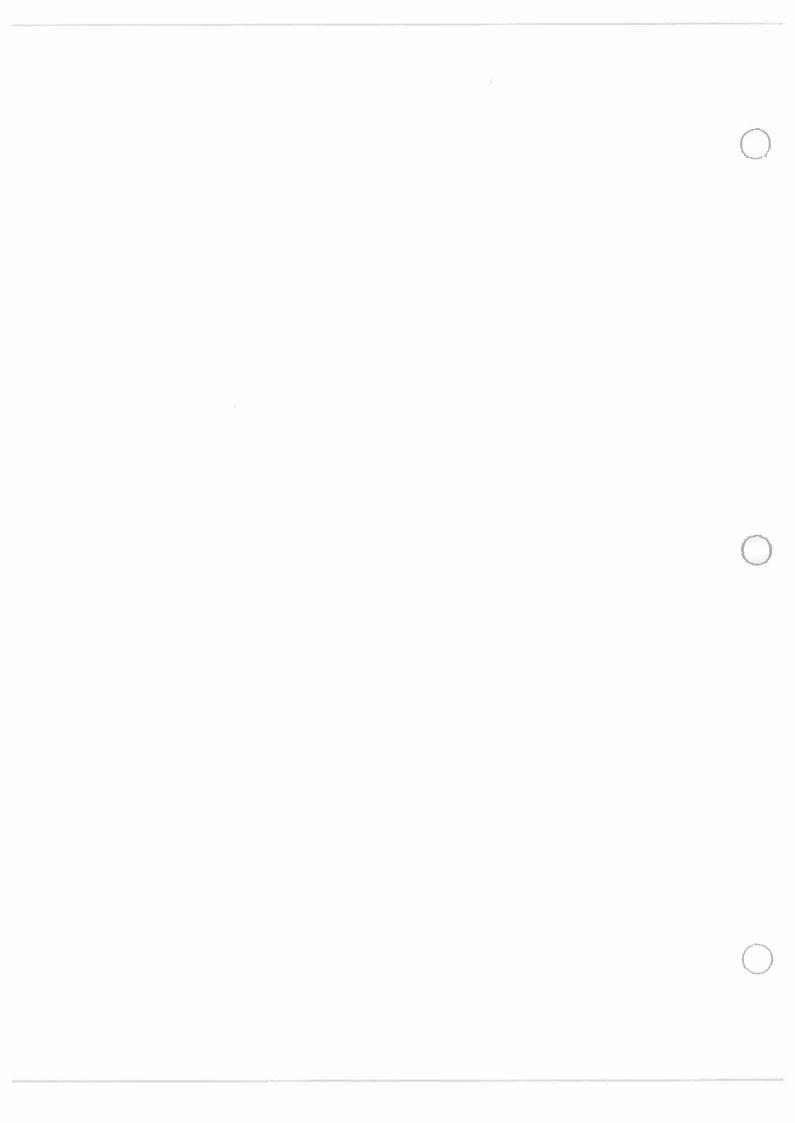


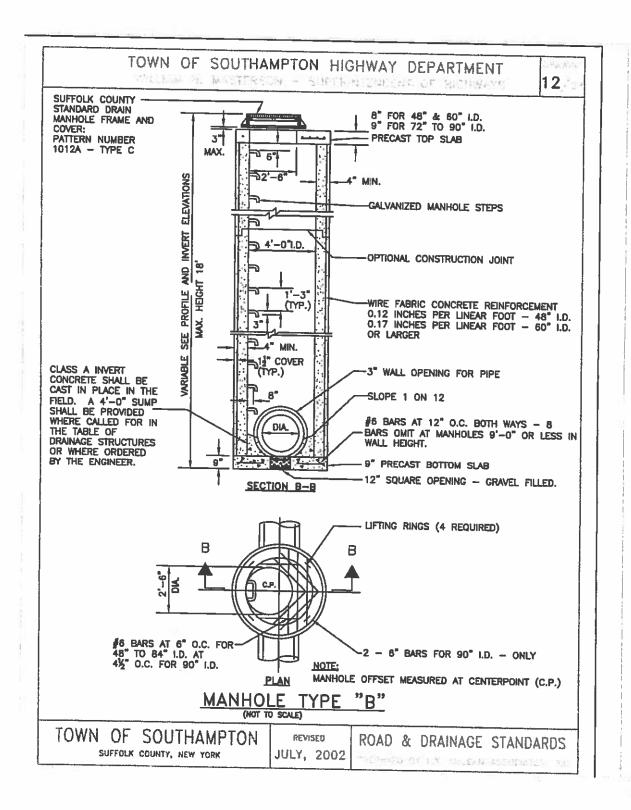


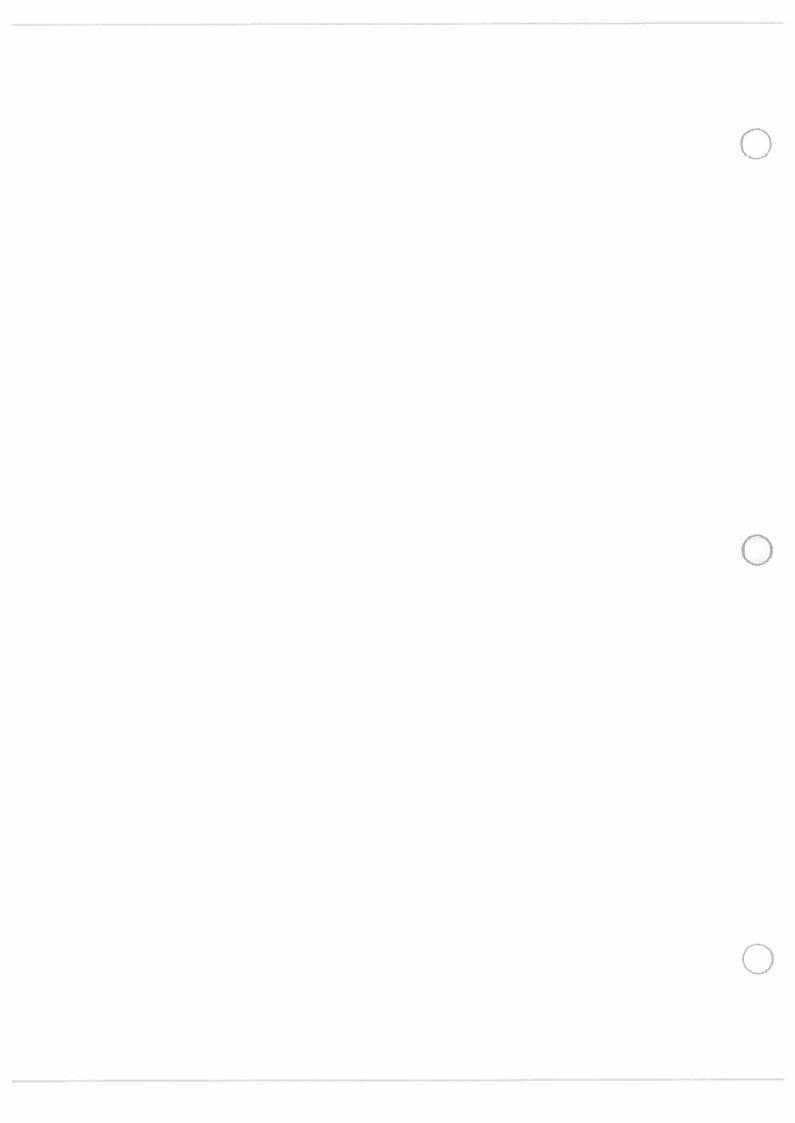


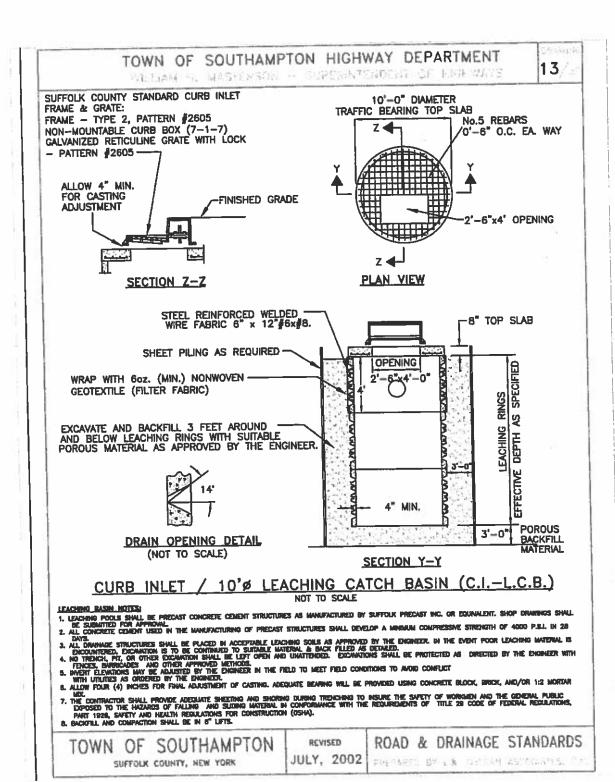


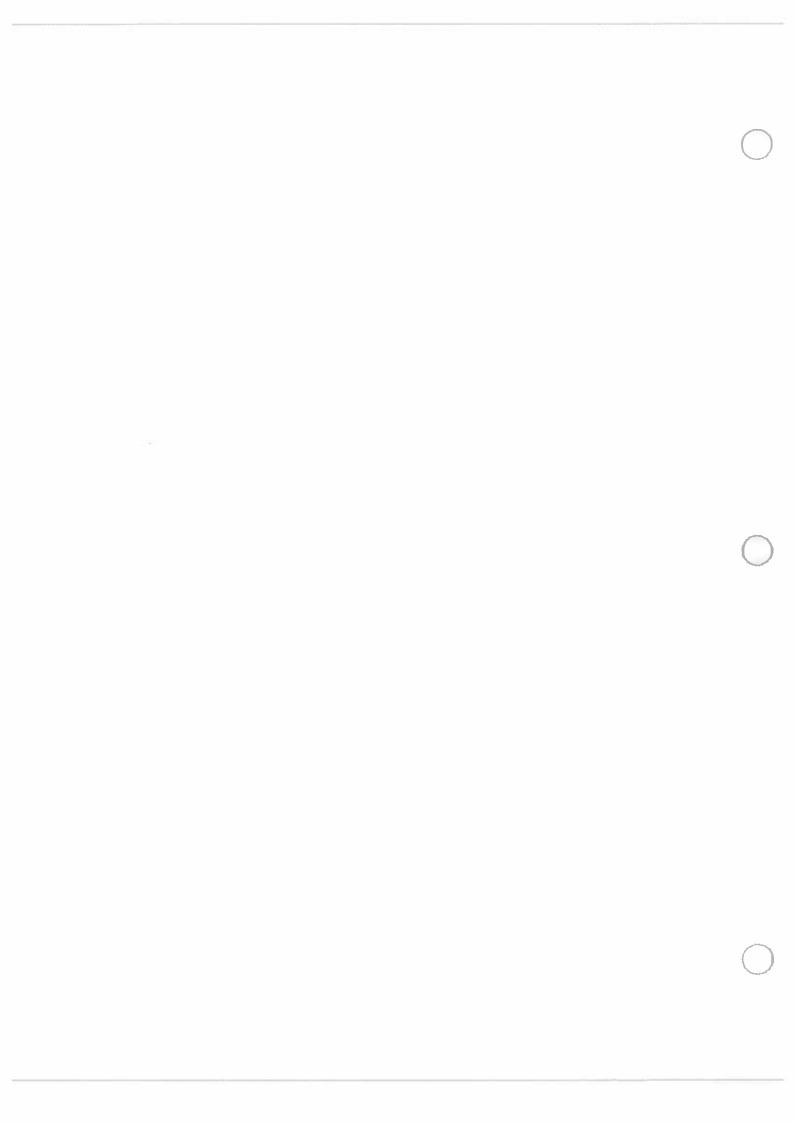


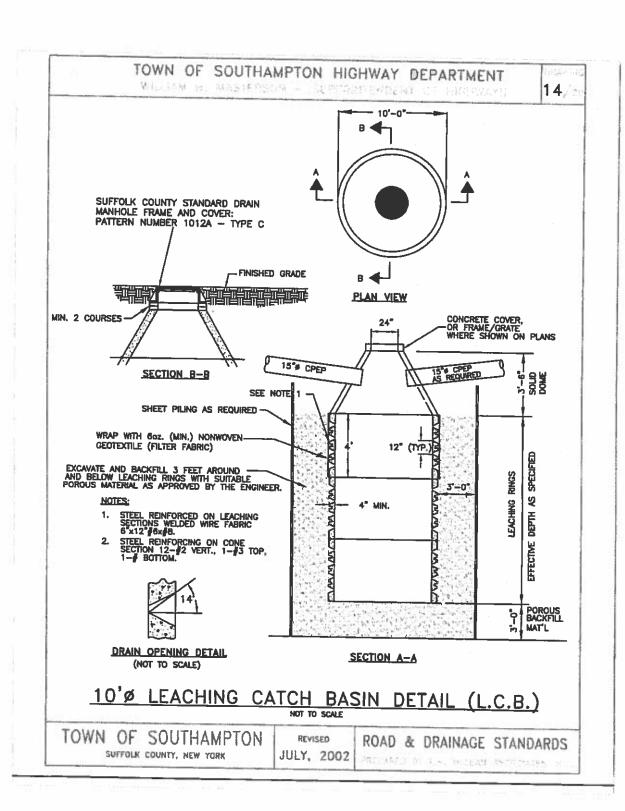


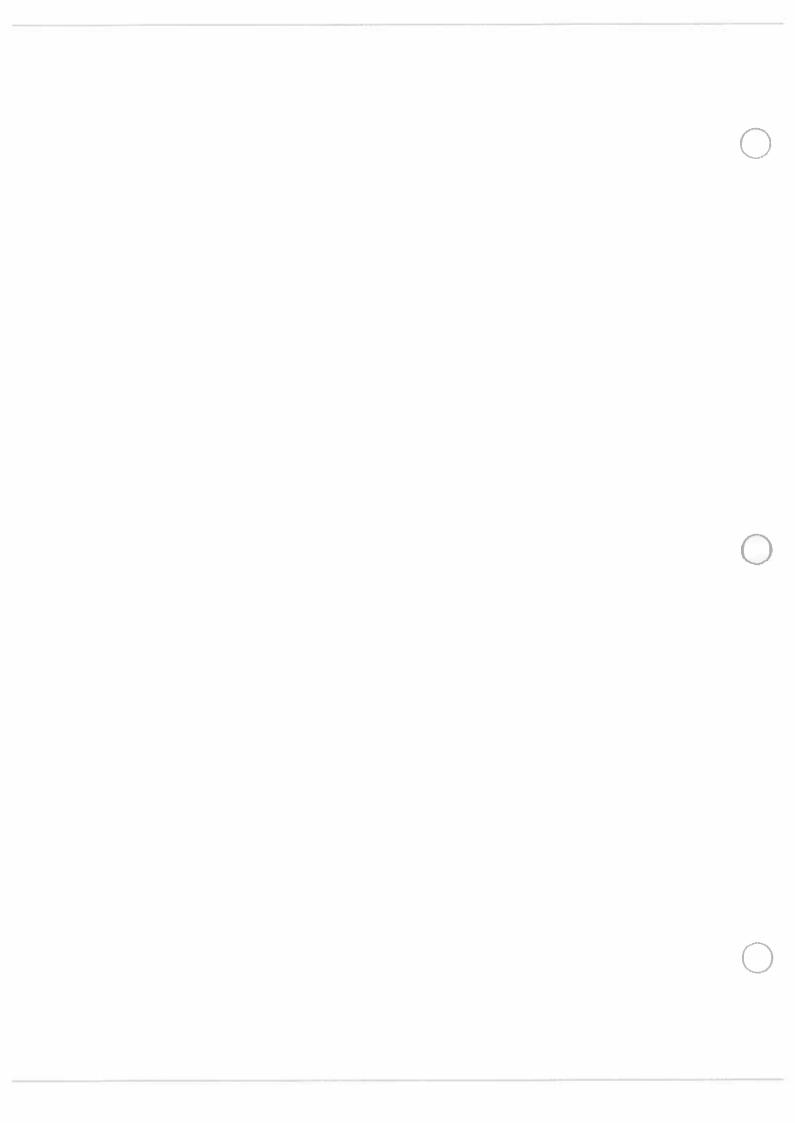


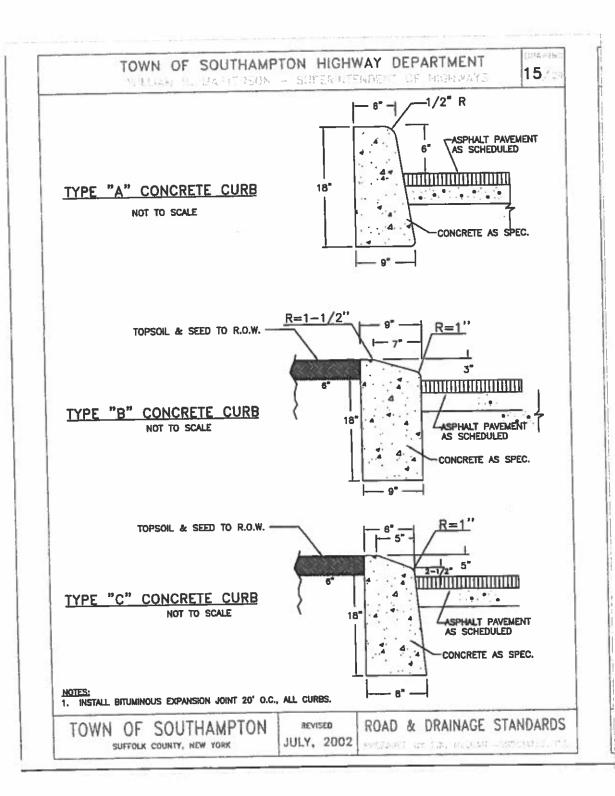


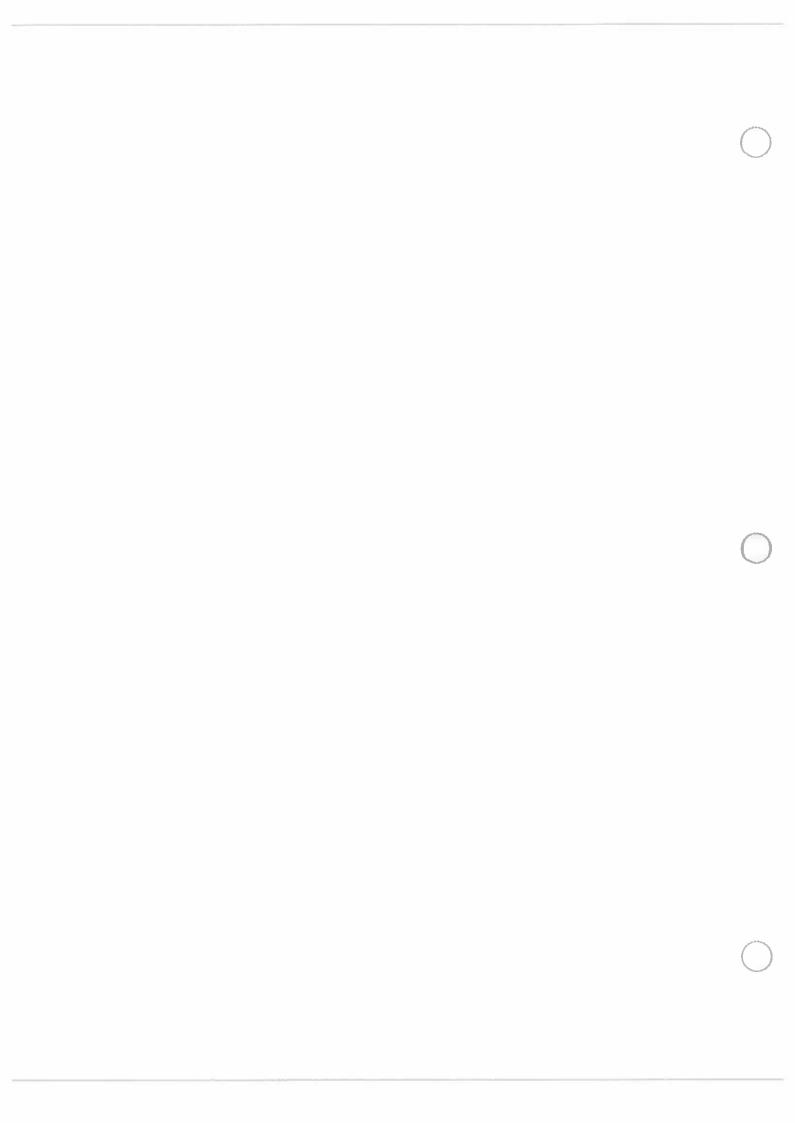


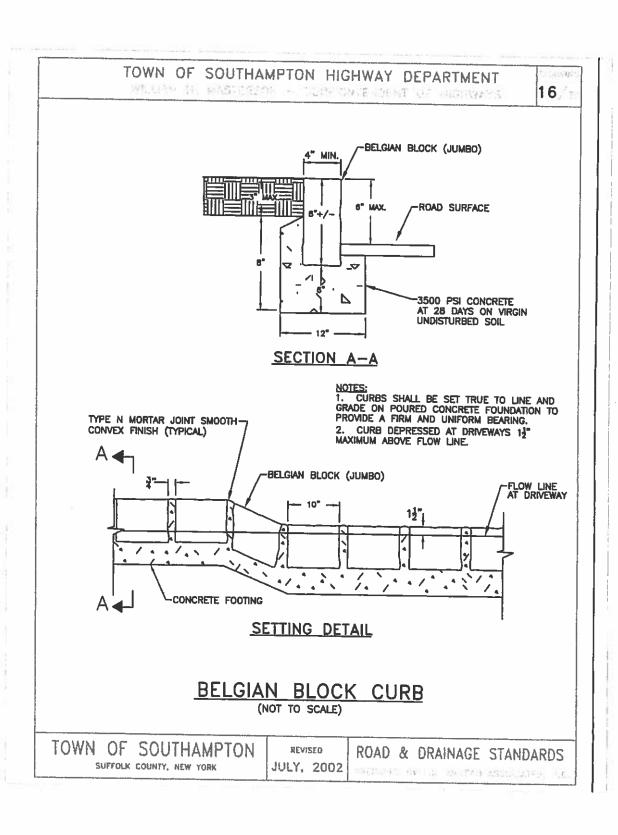


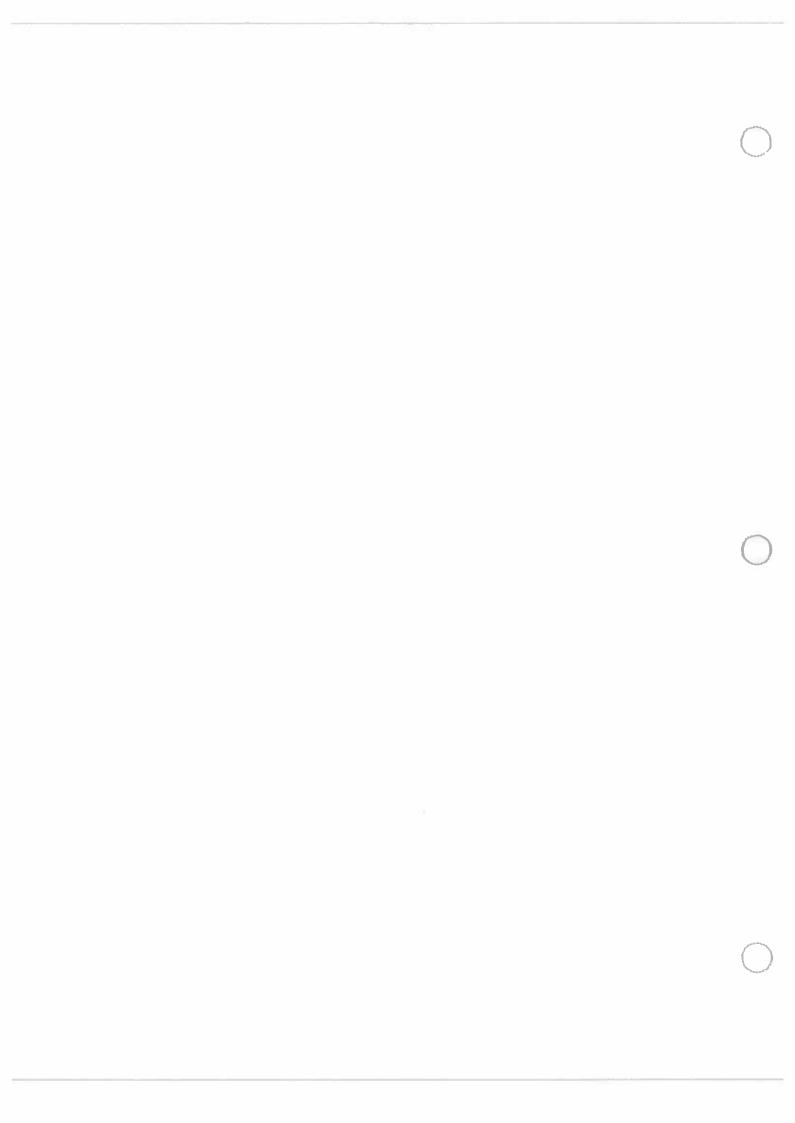


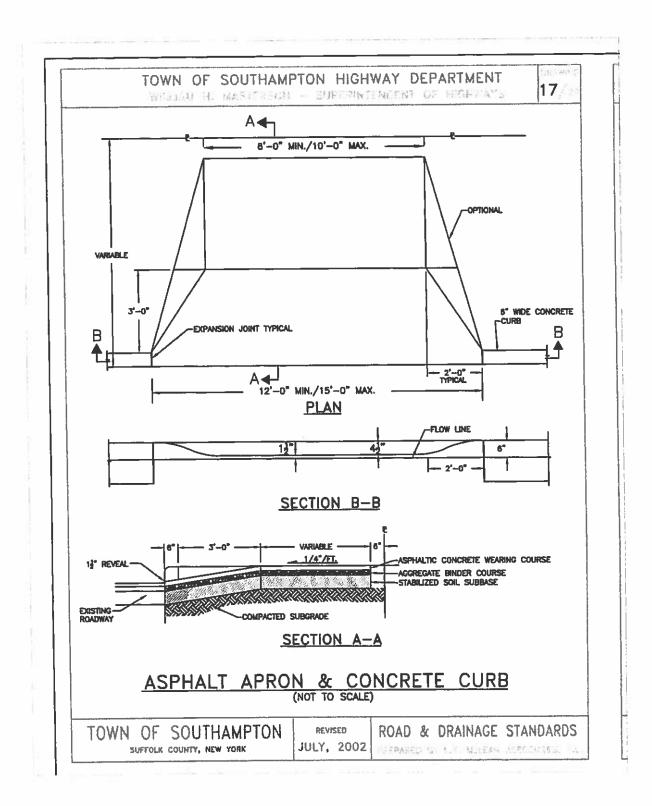


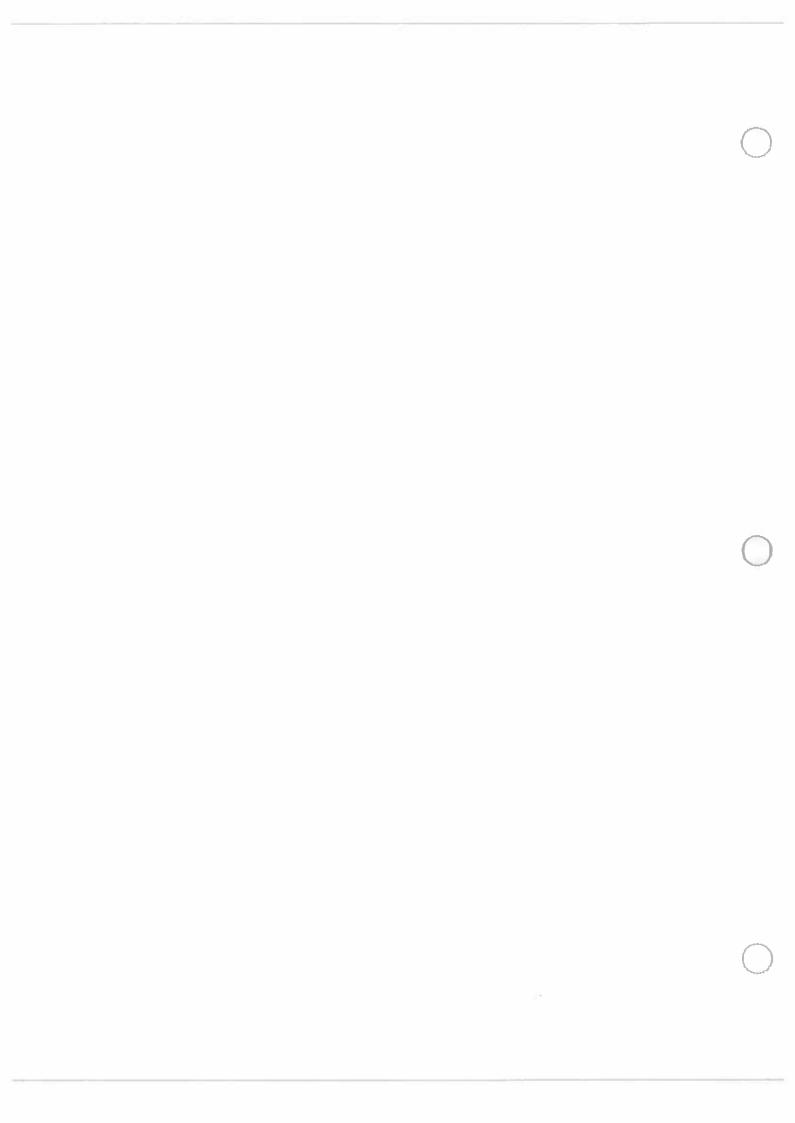


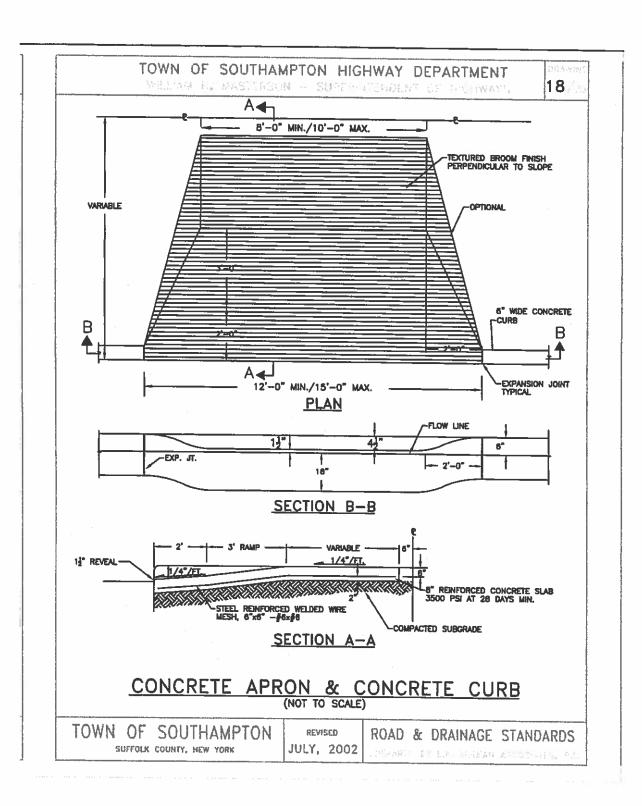


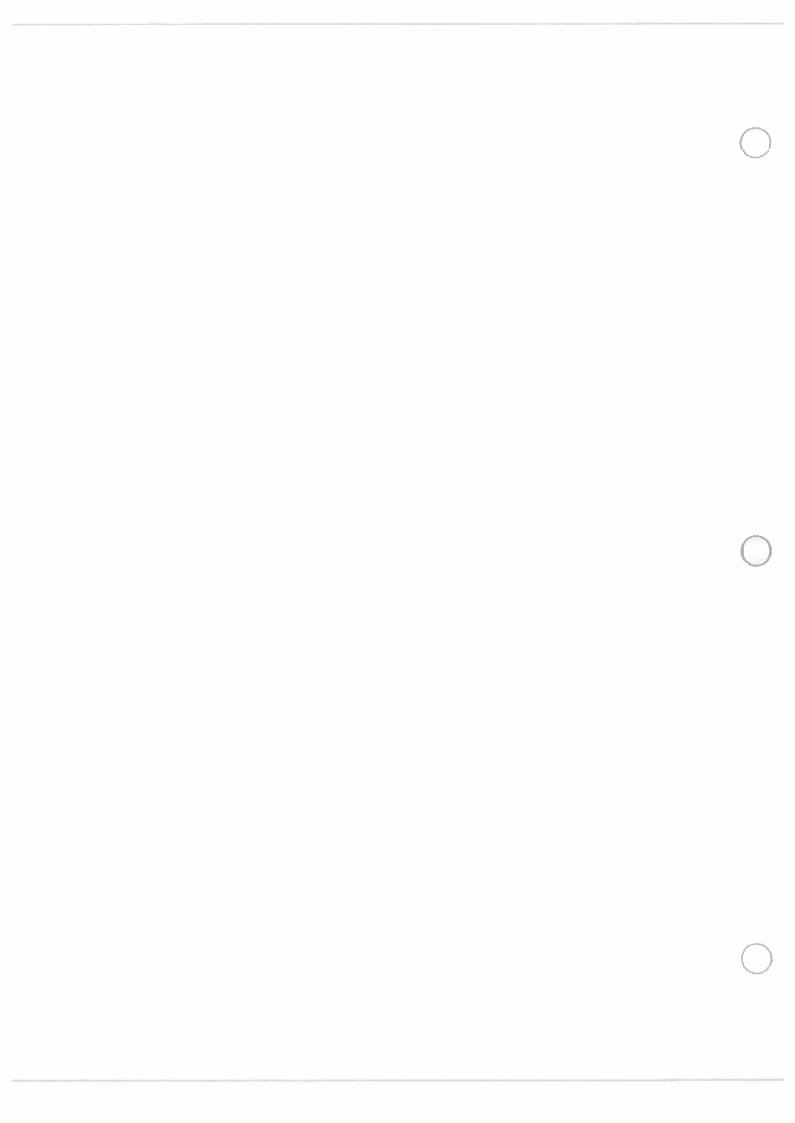


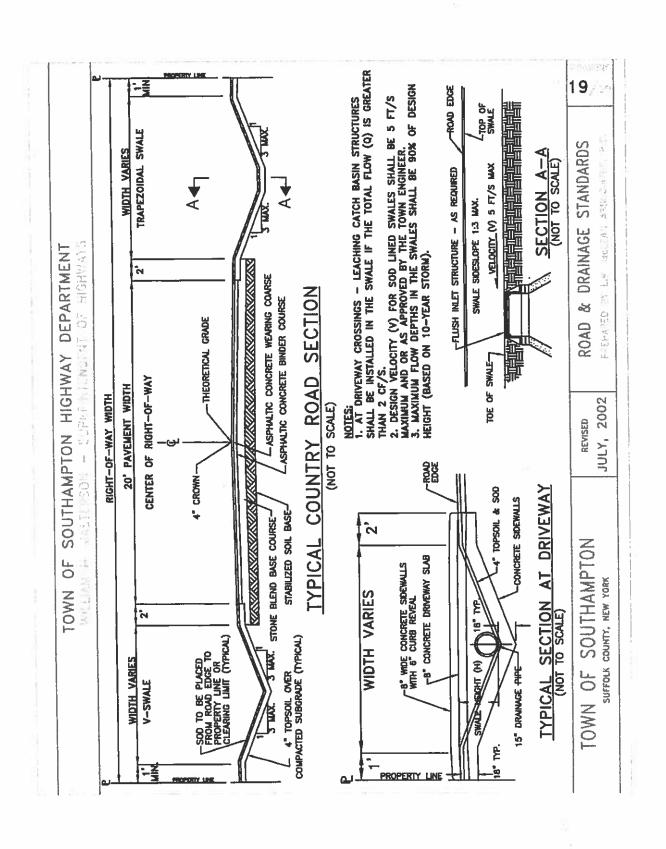


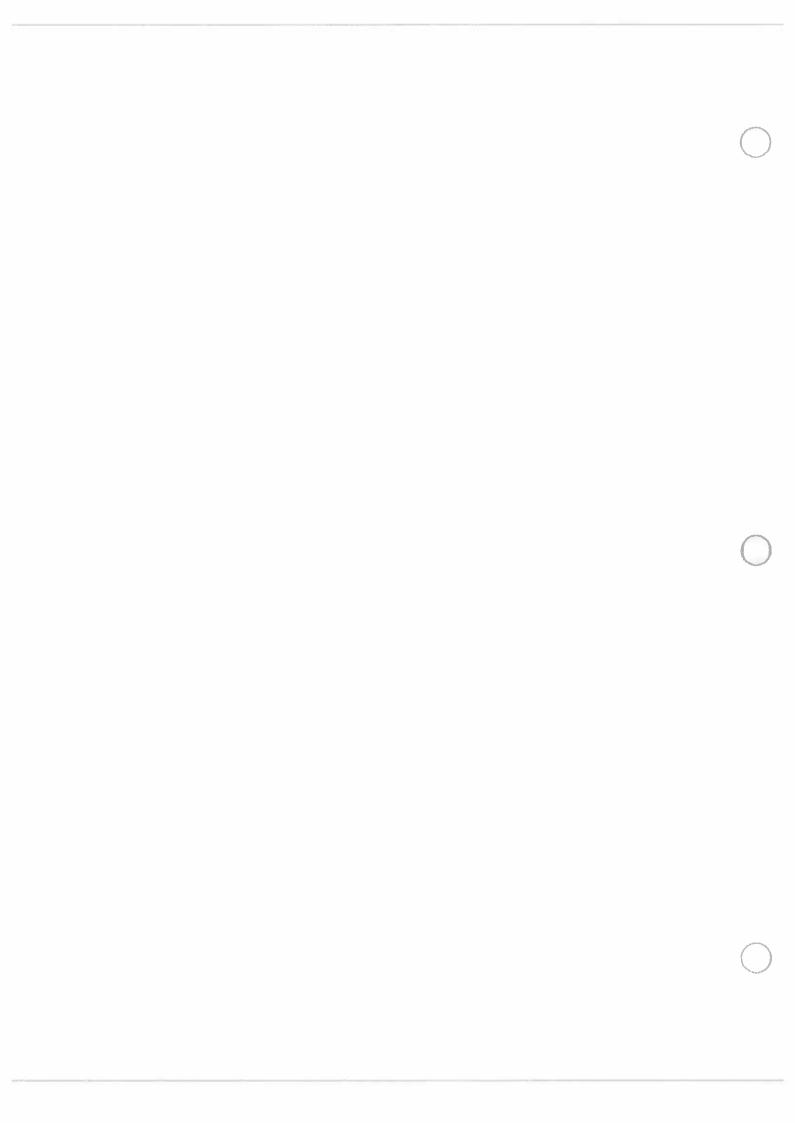


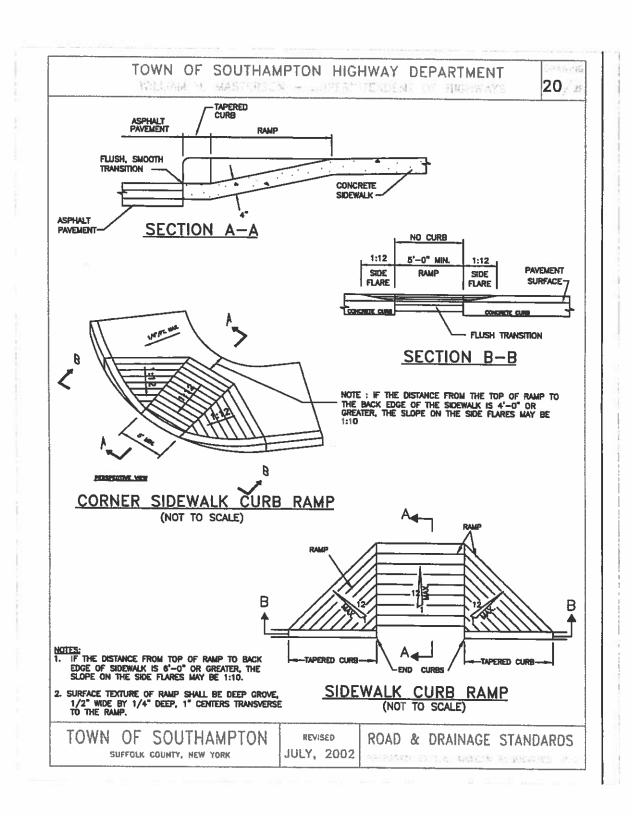


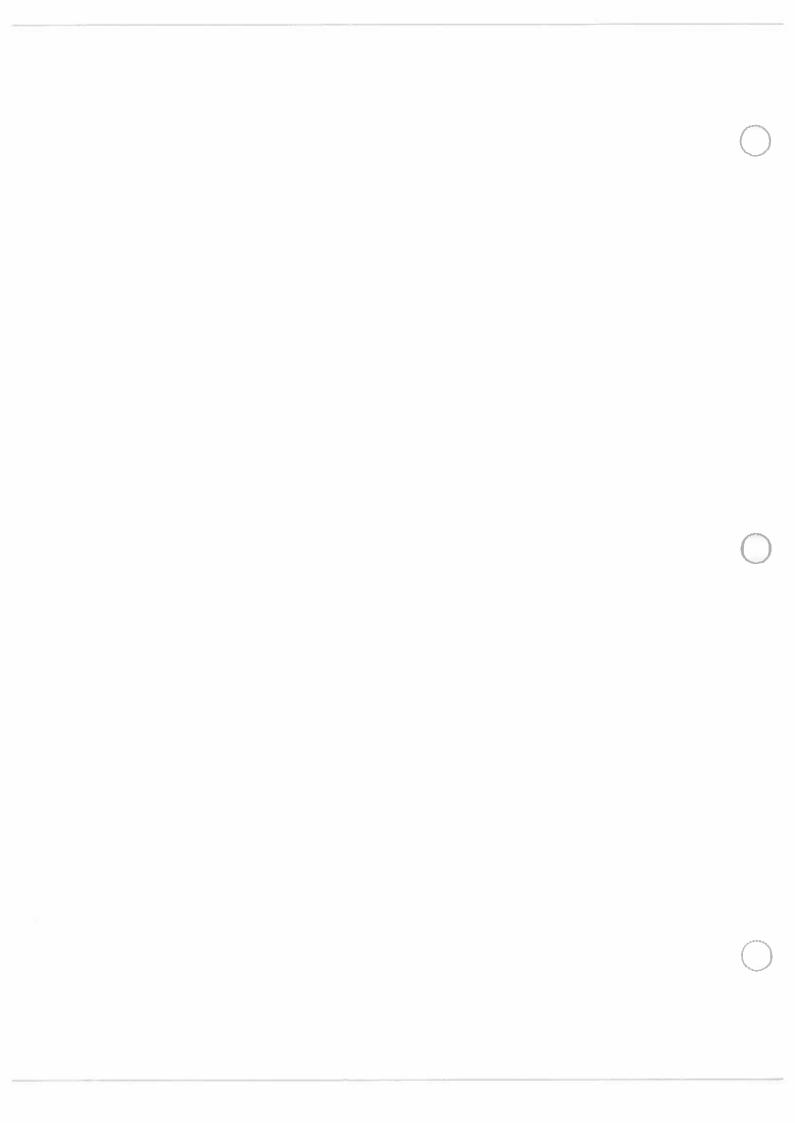


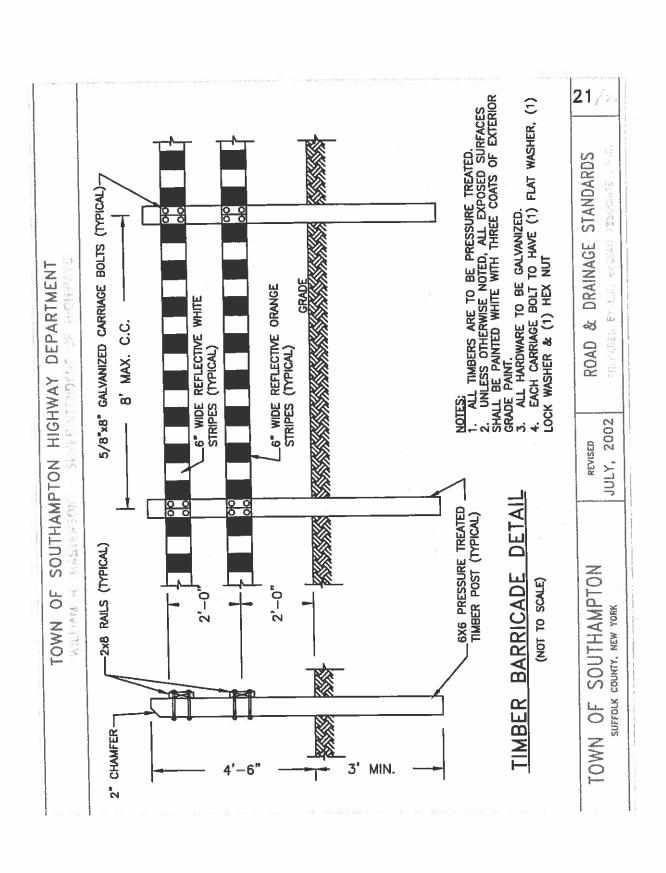


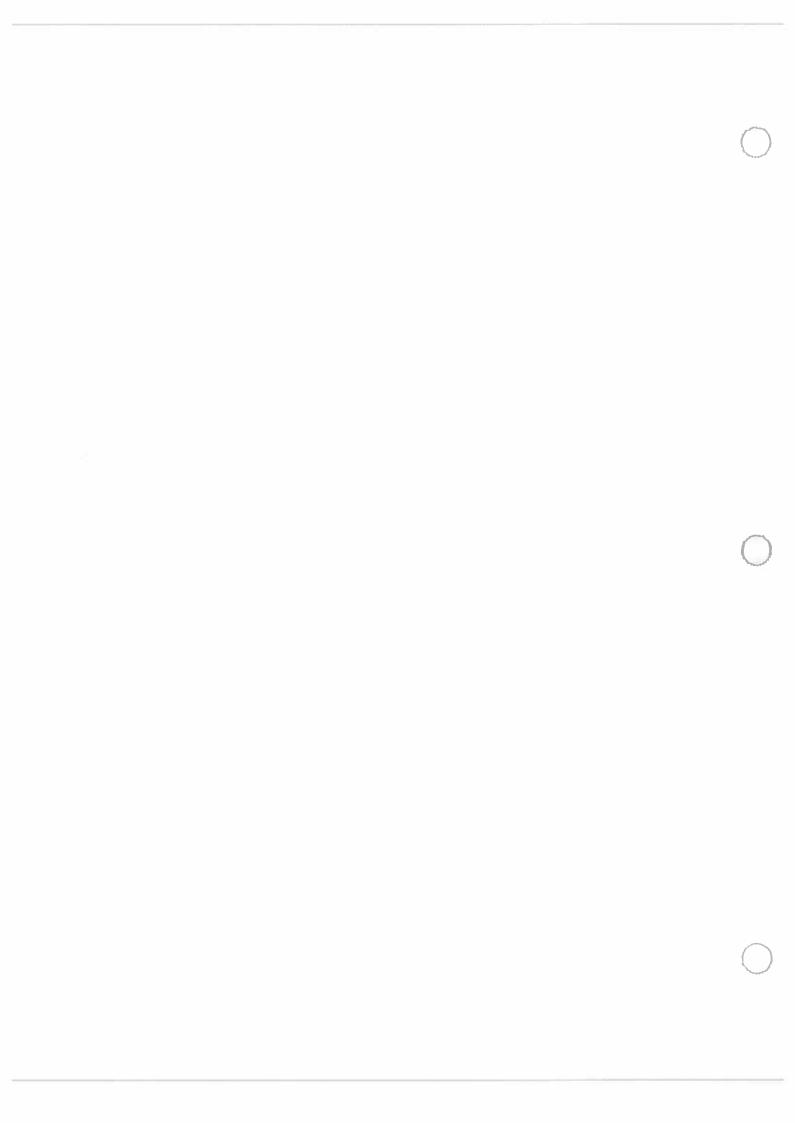






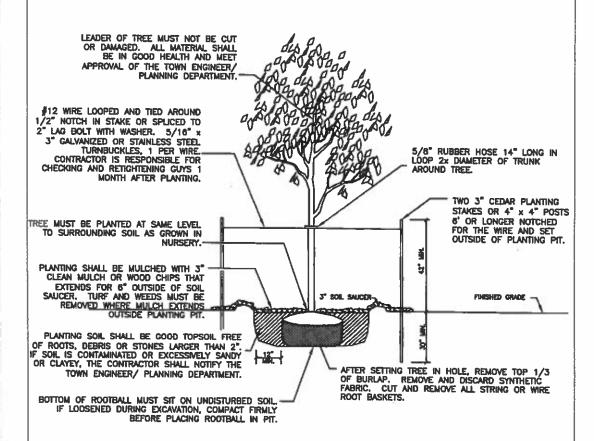






## TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

22



## STAKED TREE AND BALL ROOT COVERING DETAIL

(NOT TO SCALE)

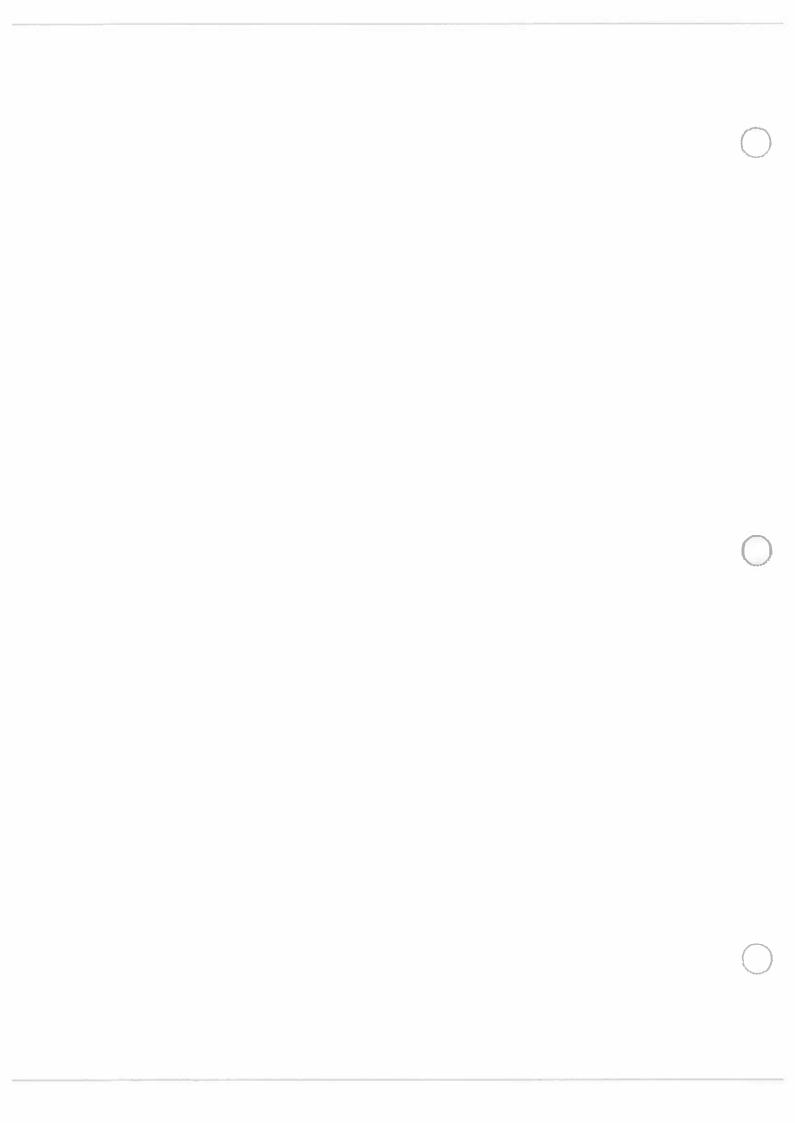
TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON

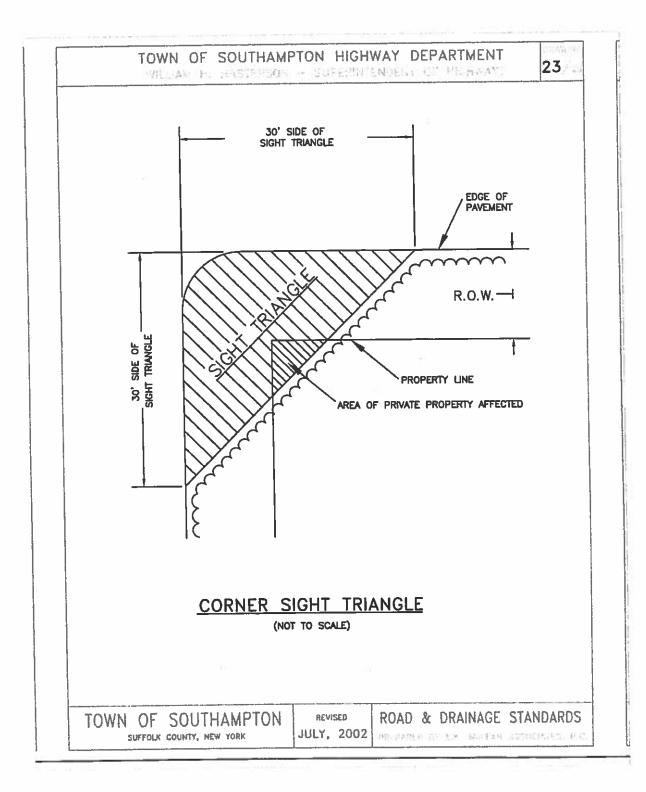
SUFFOLK COUNTY, NEW YORK

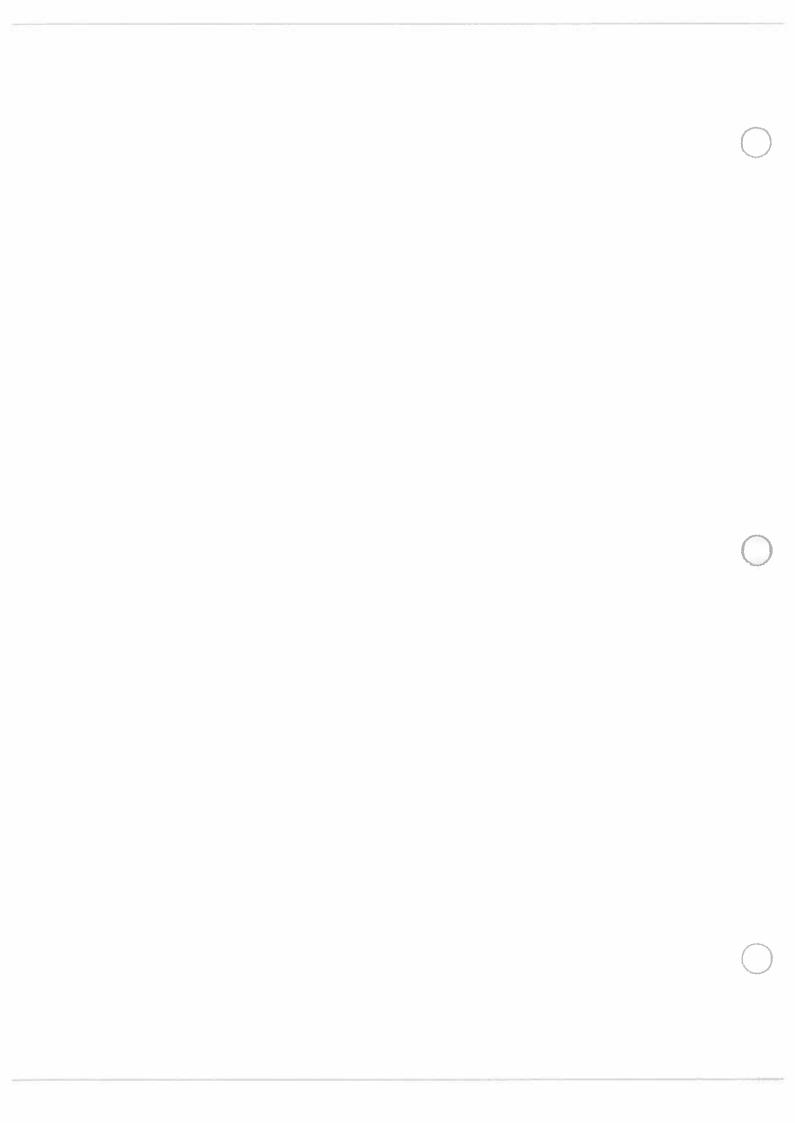
REVISED

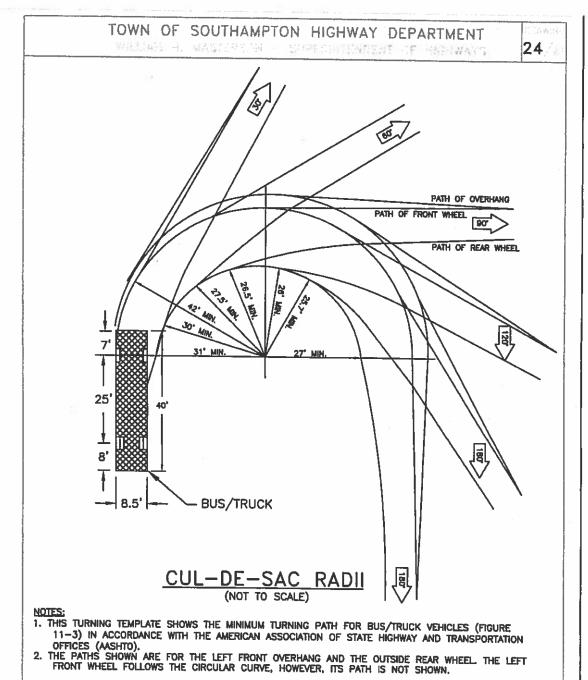
JULY, 2002

ROAD & DRAINAGE STANDARDS









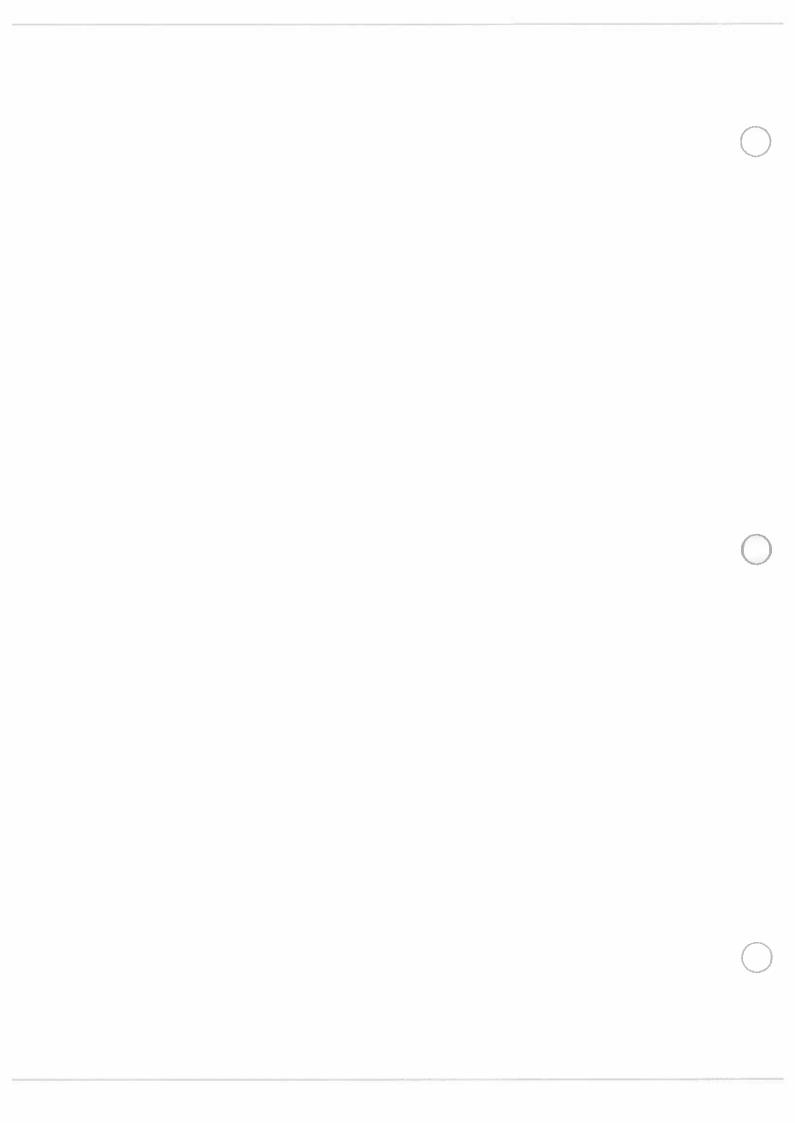
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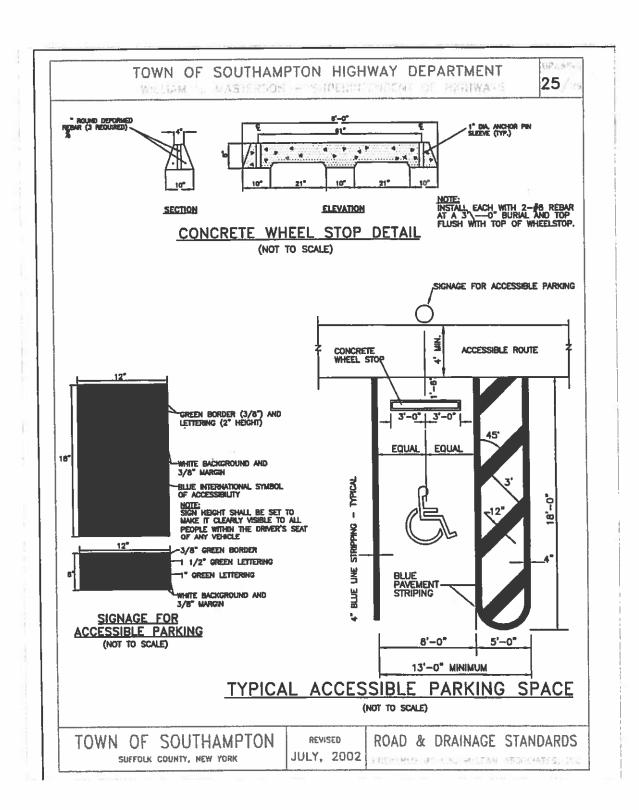
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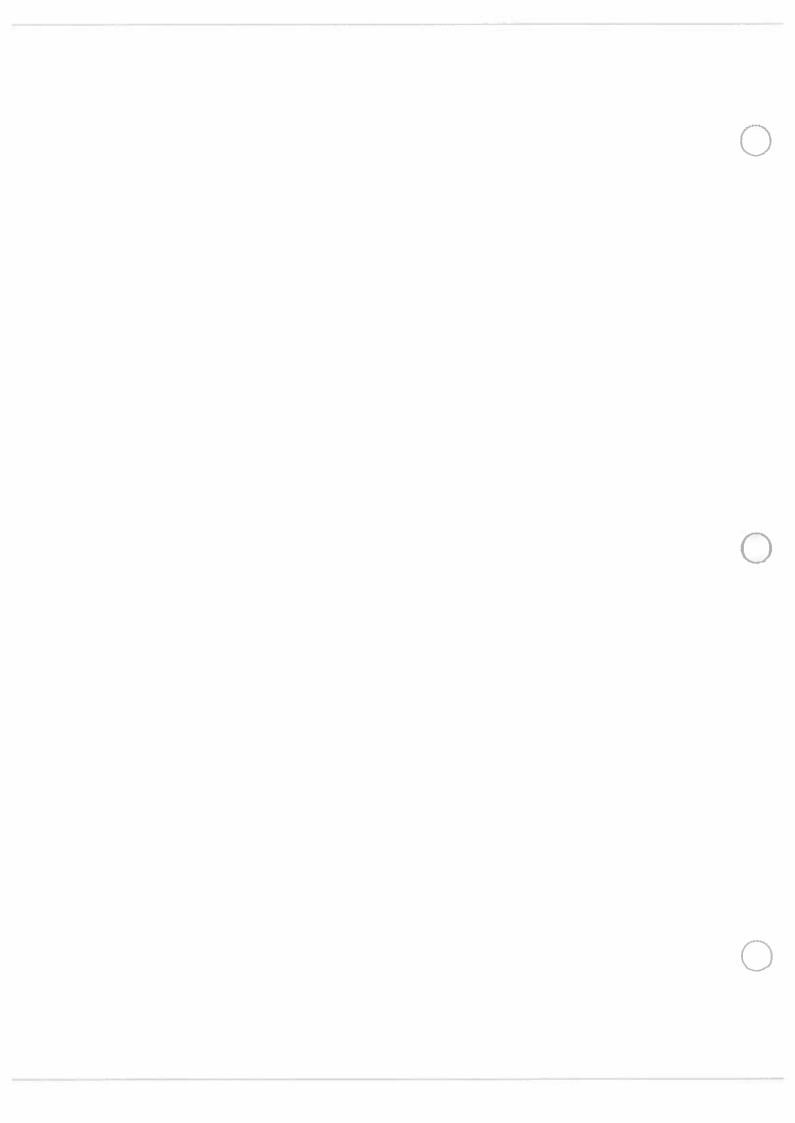
ROAD & DRAINAGE STANDARDS

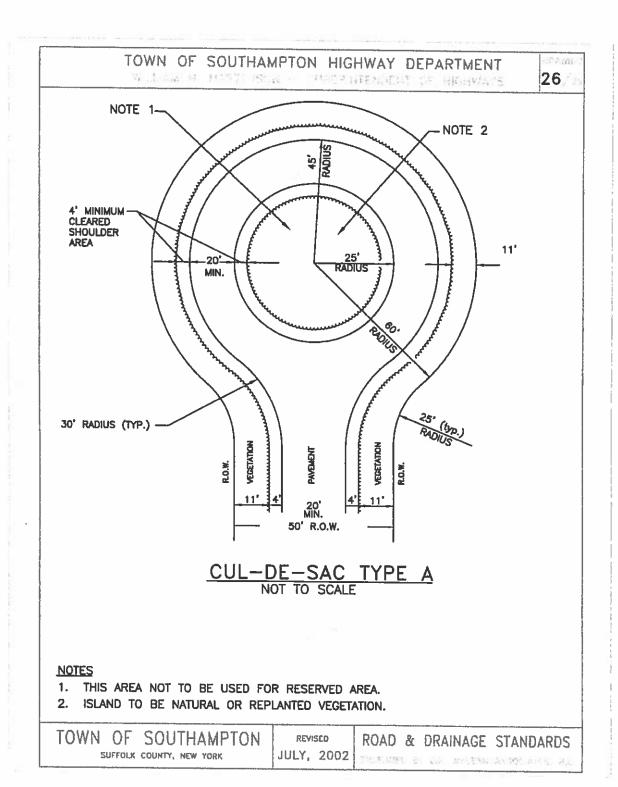
TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON

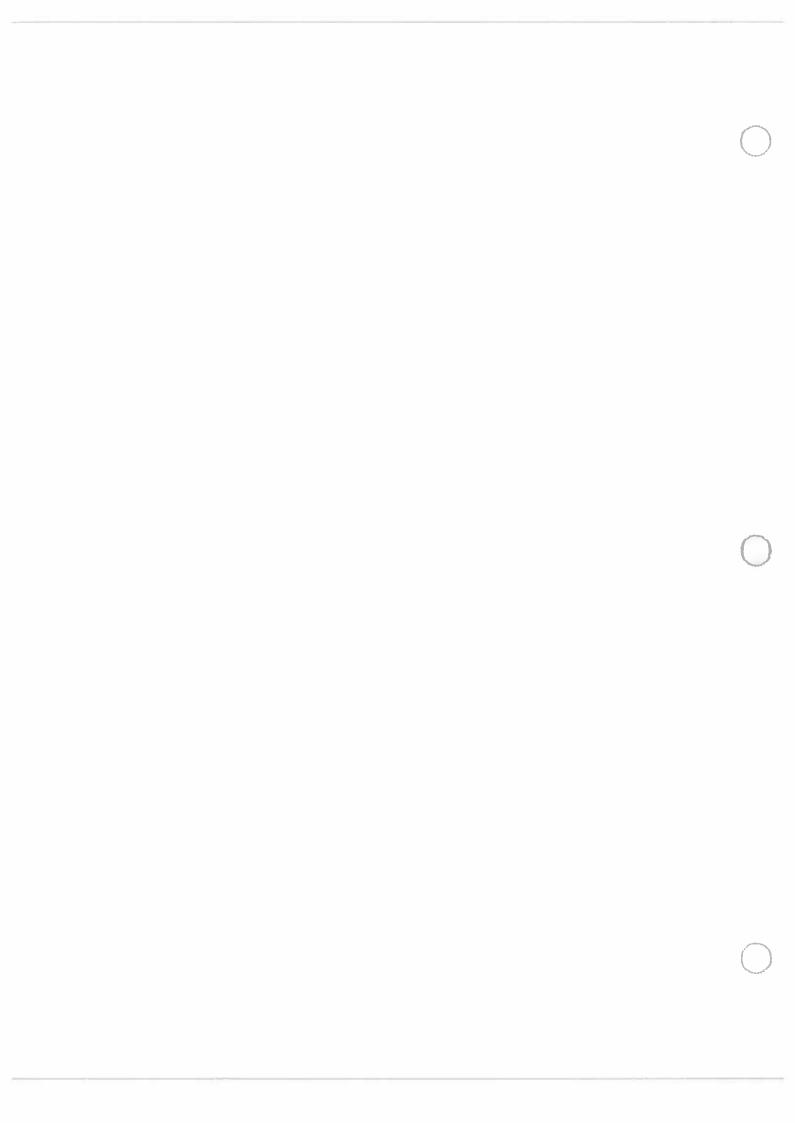
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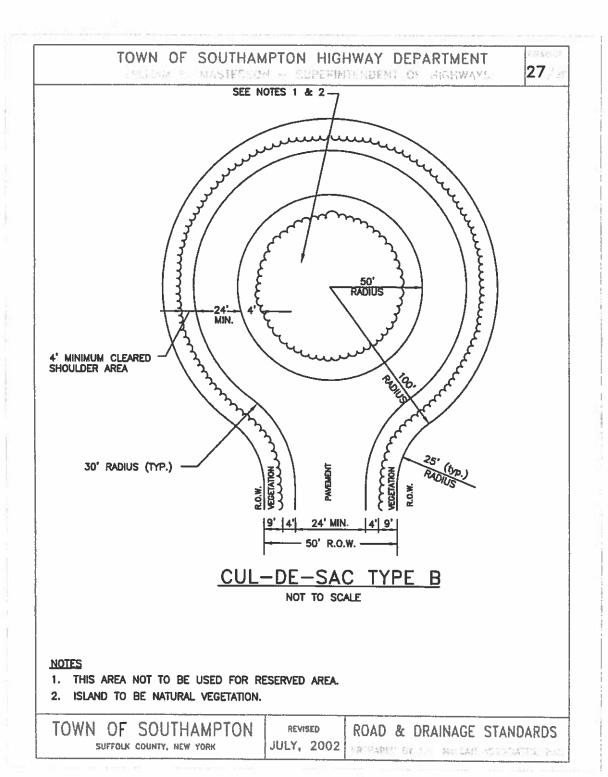


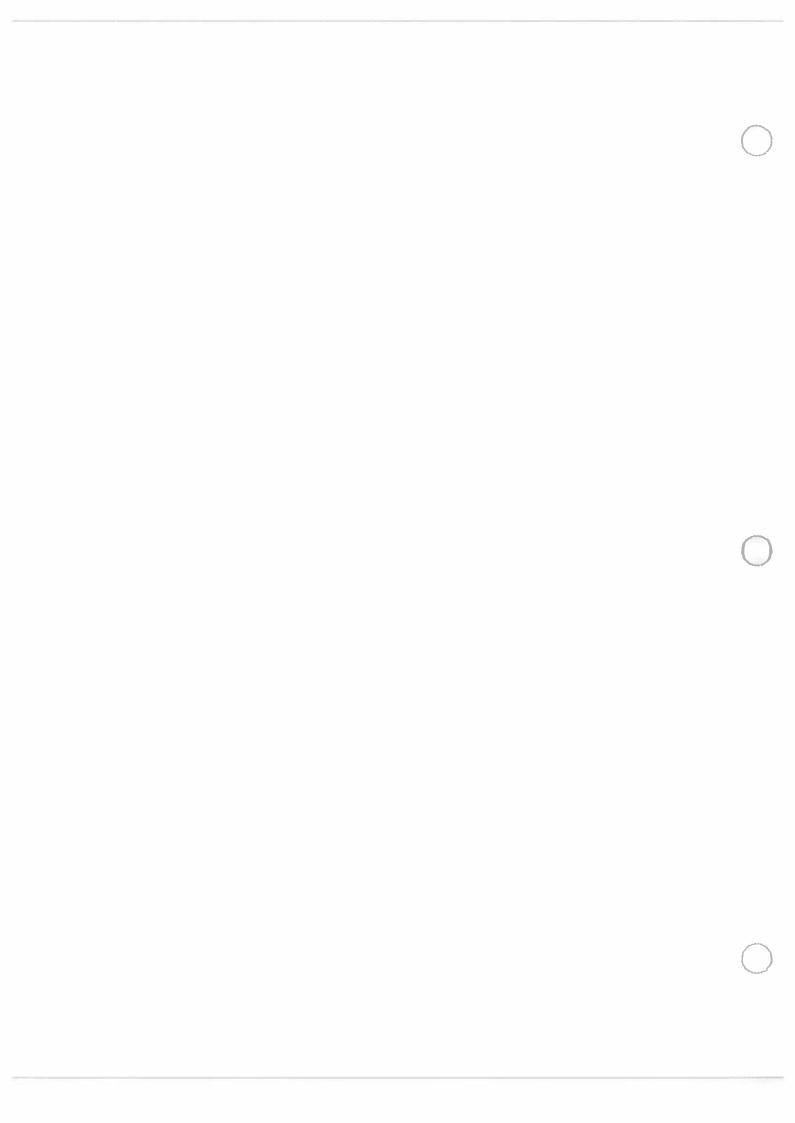


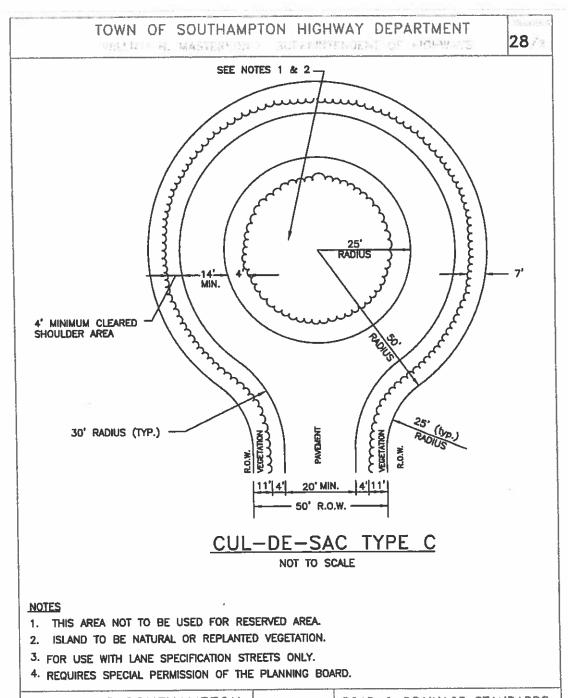












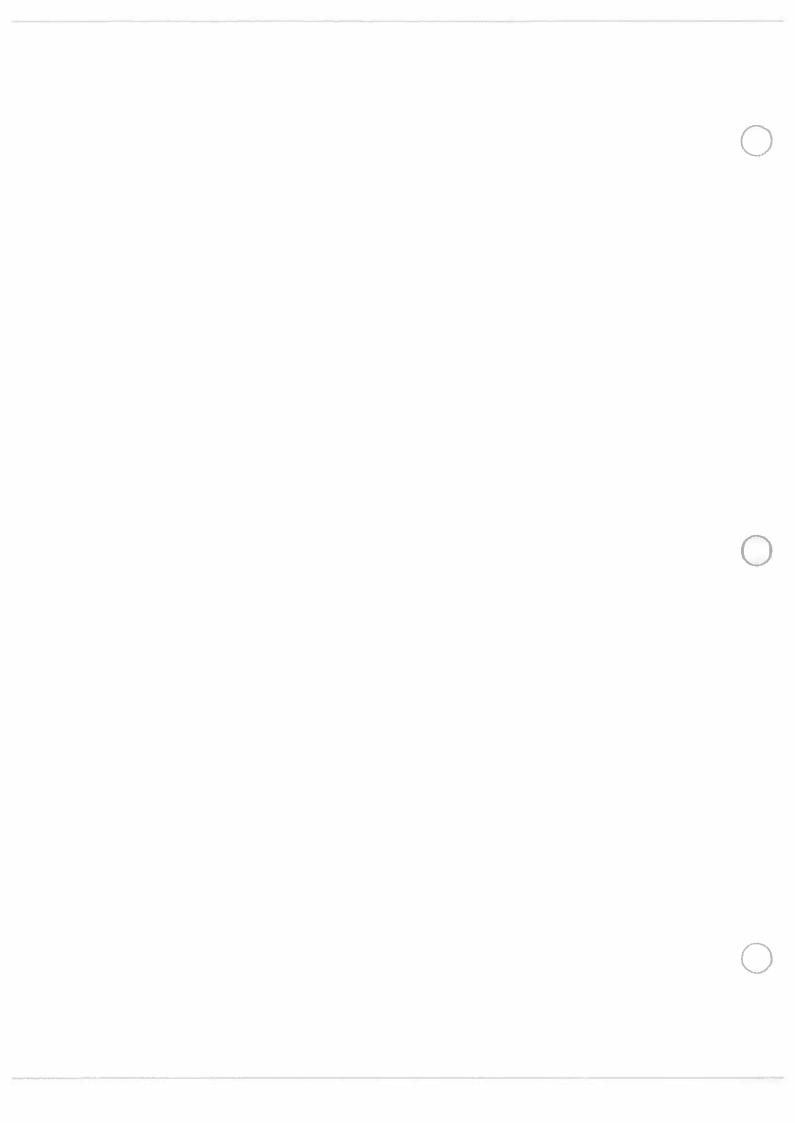
TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON

SUFFOLK COUNTY, NEW YORK

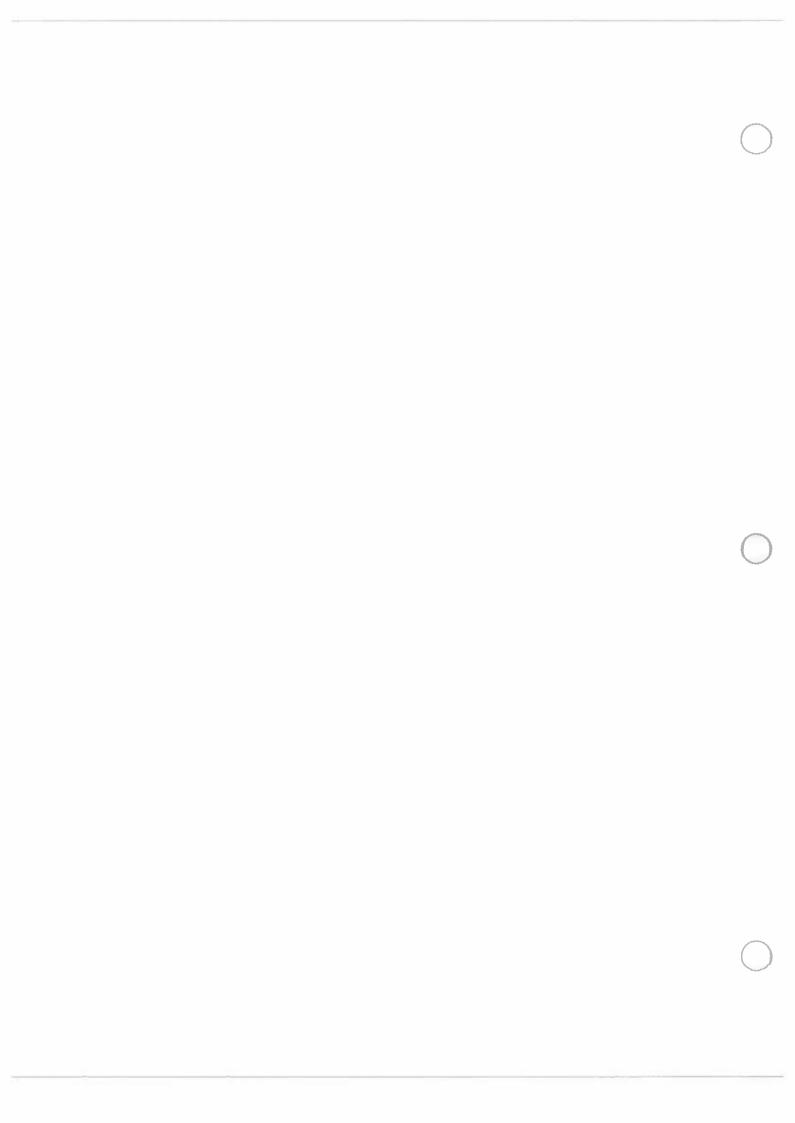
REVISED

JULY, 2002

ROAD & DRAINAGE STANDARDS REPART OF THE RELEASE OF SPECIAL CO.



9307 TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT 29 WELLER A. MASTERSON - SUPERBURBURG SE HIGHWAYS 4' MIN. CLEARED SHOULDER AREA (TYP.) 25' RADIUS 30' (TYP.) 25' (TYP.) RADIUS RADIUS VEGETATION R.O.W. - MINIMUM CLEARED SHOULDER AREA — 50' R.O.W. CUL-DE-SAC TYPE D
NOT TO SCALE NOTES 1. FOR USE IN TERMINATING STREETS IN ANY ROAD IMPROVEMENT PLANS FOR OLD FILED MAP. TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON REVISED ROAD & DRAINAGE STANDARDS JULY, 2002 SUFFOLK COUNTY, NEW YORK PERPARENCE LA LA MOLENA SYSTÉMANTA EL



2

### TABLE "A"

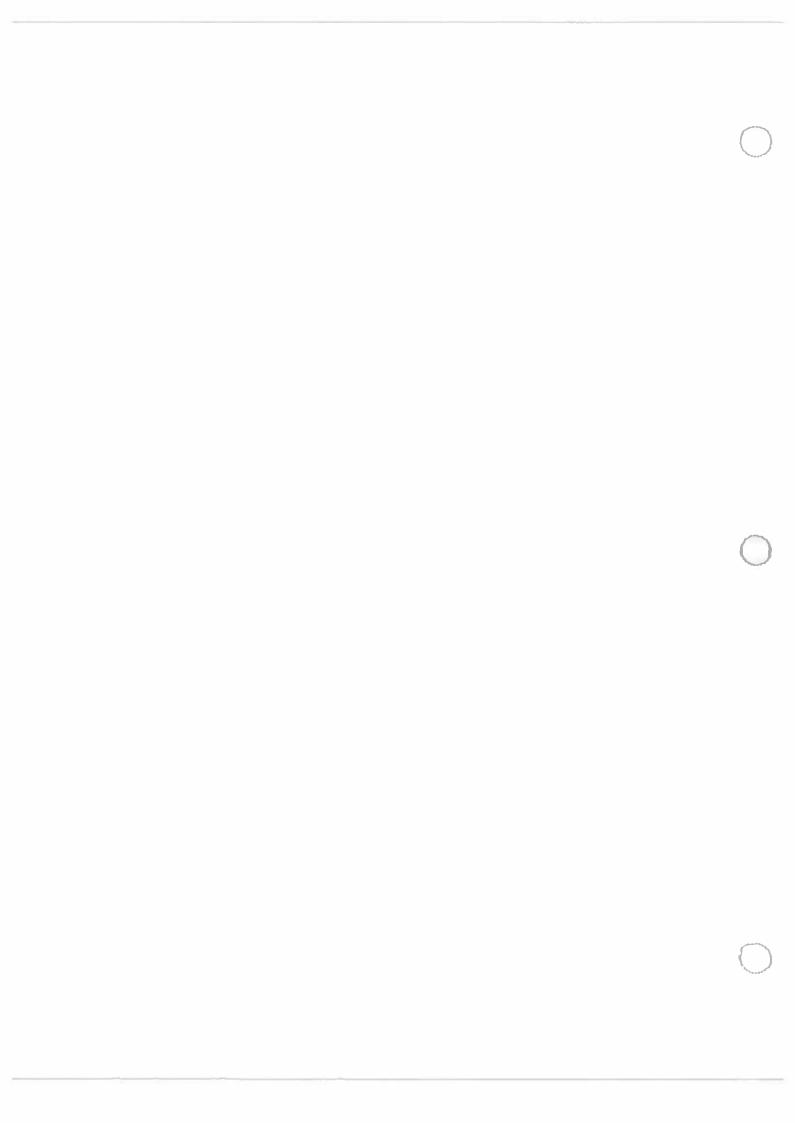
LOCATION OF ROAD BY ZONING DISTRICT	RIGHT-OF-WAY WIDTH	PAVEMENT WIDTH	CURB REQUIRED
R-10, R-15, R-20 & MULTI-FAMILY DISTRICTS	·		
HIGHWAYS	84-120 FEET	64 FEET	(b)
COLLECTOR STREET	70 FEET	40-50 FEET(a)	(b)
LOCAL STREET "A"	50-60 FEET	30-34 FEET	(b)
LOCAL STREET "B"	50 FEET	24-30 FEET	(ь)
MARGINAL ROAD	50 FEET	30-34 FEET	(b)
COMMON DRIVEWAY	N/A	12-16 FEET	NO
OTHER RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS			
HIGHWAYS	84-120 FEET	64 FEET	(b)
COLLECTOR STREET	70 FEET	40-50 FEET(a)	(b)
LOCAL STREET "A"	50~60 FEET	26-30 FEET	(b)
LOCAL STREET "B"	50 FEET	20-24 FEET	(b)
LANE	50 FEET	18 FEET	NO
MARGINAL ROAD	50 FEET	26-30 FEET	(b)
COMMON DRIVEWAY	N/A	12-16 FEET	NO
BUSINESS & INDUSTRIAL DISTRICTS			
HIGHWAYS	84-120 FEET	64 FEET	YES
COLLECTOR STREET	70 FEET	50 FEET	YES
LOCAL STREET "A"	60 FEET	34-40 FEET	(b)
LOCAL STREET "B"			
MARGINAL ROAD	5 FEET	34-40 FEET	(b)
COMMON DRIVEWAY	N/A	24-34 FEET	(b)

- (a) INCLUDES STABILIZED SHOULDERS
- (b) AT THE DISCRETION OF THE PLANNING BOARD & SUPERINTENDENT OF HIGHWAYS

TOWN OF SOUTHAMPTON SUFFOLK COUNTY, NEW YORK

REVISED
JULY, 2002

ROAD & DRAINAGE STANDARDS





Search

Standard View § 292-35, Land use. Town of Southampton, NY CHAPTER 292, SUBDIVISION OF LAND ARTICLE X. Design Standards <u>Index</u>

New Laws § 292-37. Drainage.

This electronic version is provided for informational purposes only. For the official version please contact the municipality.

#### § 292-36. Streets, highways and common access.

[Amended 2-14-1989 by L.L. No. 4-1989; 7-10-1990 by L.L. No. 19-1990; 3-10-1992 by L.L. No. 4-1992 Editor's Note: See Art. XIII. Effect of L.L. No. 4-1992 on Pending and Approved Maps.]

- A. Streets, highways and common access shall be of sufficient width and suitable grade and shall be suitably located to accommodate the prospective traffic, to facilitate fire protection and to comprise a convenient system. Streets, highways and common access shall be properly related to the Master Plan.
- B. Local streets, lanes and common access shall be laid out so that their use for through traffic will be discouraged. Particular attention should be given to eliminating possible bypasses around traffic signals and major intersections unless such systems are specifically designed to promote safety at a given location by unifying internal access efficiencies between two or more parcels and land uses.
- C. Collector streets shall be provided to give easy access to and between local streets. In general, each A-type local street shall have at least one intersection with a collector street.

#### D. Culs-de-sac.

- (1) The use of cul-de-sac streets in a subdivision layout shall be minimized unless they are found to be well-conceived elements of a planned residential development plan.
- (2) The minimum radius for the right-of-way at the turnaround shall be 60 feet, and the curb radius shall be 48 feet and the pavement shall be extended to the curb. The Planning Board may require the central area of the cul-de-sac to be planted or to retain natural plant material when it is found to be acceptable by the Board.

#### E. Intersections.

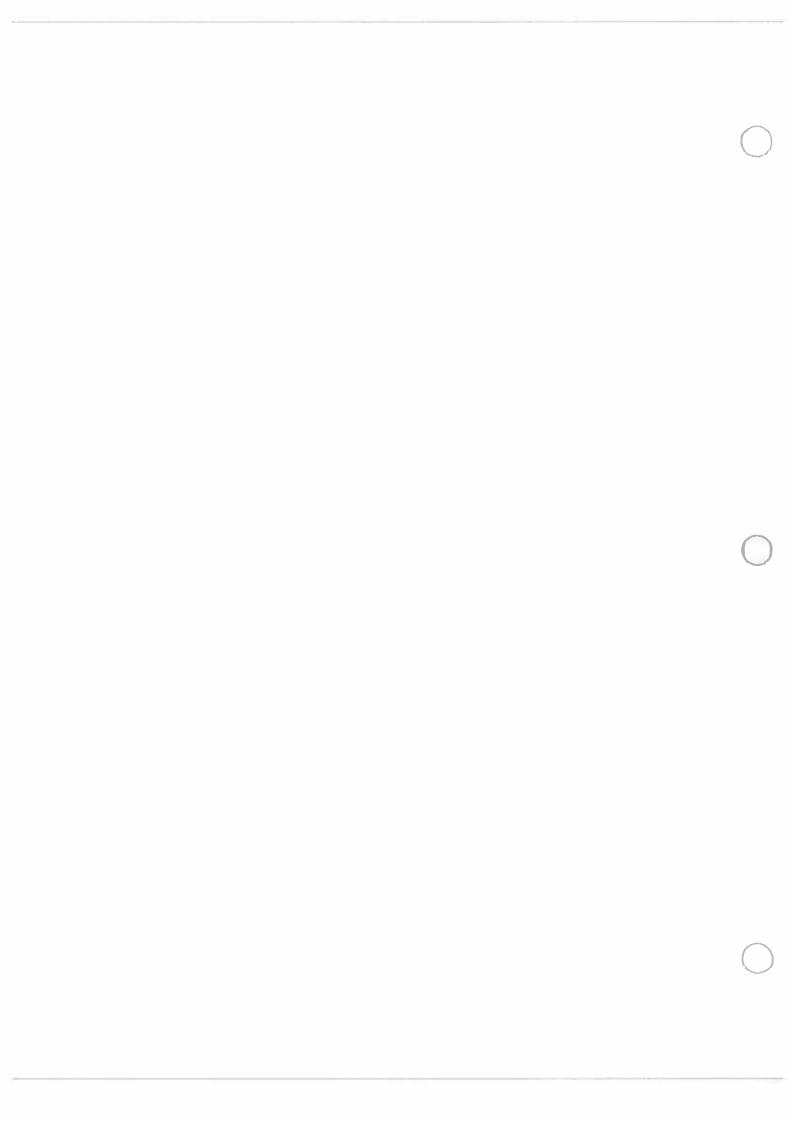
- (1) No more than two streets shall intersect or meet at any one point.
- (2) Streets shall intersect one another at an angle of 90°, where practicable.
- (3) Intersections along collector or local streets shall be spaced at least 150 feet apart, measured from the points of intersection of the center lines.
- (4) Intersections along a highway and certain collector streets so designated by the Planning Board shall be spaced at least 800 feet apart, measured from the points of intersection of the center lines, where practicable.
- (5) Adequate sight distance shall be required at all Intersections.

#### F. Horizontal alignment.

- (1) The recommended minimum center-line radius for a street curve shall be 200 feet on a local street and 400 feet on a collector street,
- (2) A tangent distance of at least 50 feet shall be provided between reverse curves.
- (3) The minimum radius at a corner shall be 25 feet at the property line, except that a larger radius shall be provided at major intersections.

#### G. Vertical alignment.

- (1) All street gradients shall conform as much as possible to the natural terrain, minimizing excessive cuts and fills.
- (2) Minimum road gradients shall be 0.50%.
- (3) Maximum road gradients shall be 6%.
- (4) Gradients approaching intersections shall not exceed 2.50%, commencing at a point at least 50 feet from the nearest intersecting right-of-way line measured along the center line of the road. Intersections of roads and curbs having minimum gradients shall be detailed sufficiently to ensure proper surface drainage.
- (5) Gutter line gradients of culs-de-sac shall be a minimum of 0.50%.
- (6) The formula L = KA shall be used in the design of street profiles where L, the length in feet of a vertical curve, shall be related to the algebraic difference (A) in percent of grade and a constant (K) equaling 28 for minor streets and lanes and 50 for collector streets. This formula shall be used for both sag and crest vertical curves.
- (7) Where there are changes in grade of 1.0% or more, they shall be connected by a vertical curve.
- H. Width, pavement, curb and sidewalk requirements. The following table prescribes the minimum street right-of-way widths, street improvement widths and whether curbs and sidewalks are required for subdivisions located in various zoning districts of the Zoning Ordinance Editor's Note: See Ch.



330, Zoning, of the Town.

Location of Street by Zoning District	Right-of-Way Width (feet)	Paving Widths (feet)	Curbs Required	Sidewalks Required
R-10, R-15, R-20 and Multifamily Districts(c)		59		
Highways	84 to 120	64	(p)	yes
Collector streets	70	40 to 50(a)	(b)	(b)
Local street A	50 to 60	30 to 34	(b)	(b)
Local street B	50	24 to 30	(b)	(b)
Marginal road	50	30 to 34	(b)	(b)
Common driveway	na	12 to 16	no	по
All other residential districts				
Highways	84 to 120	64	(b)	(b)
Collector streets	70	40 to 50(a)	(b)	(b)
Local street A	50 to 60	26 to 30	(b)	(b)
Local street B	50	20 to 24	(b)	(b)
Lane	50	18	no	no
Marginal road	50	26 to 30	(b)	(b)
Common driveway	na	12 to 16	no	no
All business and industrial districts				
Highways	84 to 120	64	yes	yes
Collector streets	70	50	yes	yes
Local street A	60	34 to 40	(b)	(p)
Local street 8	_	-	_	
Marginal road	5	34 to 40	(b)	yes
Common driveway	na	24 to 34	(b)	(b)

NOTES: "na" Means "not applicable."

I. Street improvements shall be laid out in accordance with the general cross-section standards as required in Subsection H above. Minimum standards shown for residential districts may be allowed by the Planning Board when it can be demonstrated that such minimums will foster desired rural amenities, protect certain natural resources and that it can, in all cases, be satisfactorily demonstrated that no parking will take place within the street right-of-way. Part of such demonstration will be the requirement that building setbacks be greater than the required minimum front yard setback of § 330-11.

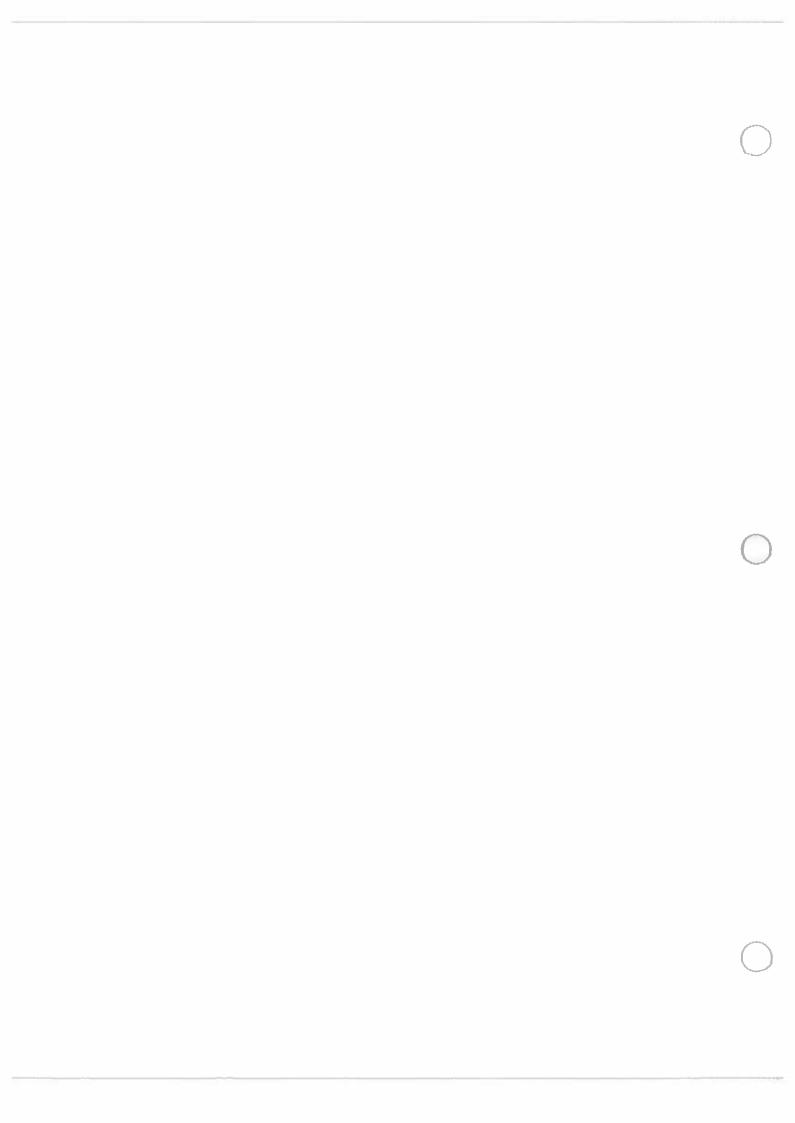
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Search	[Contents]	xebnl
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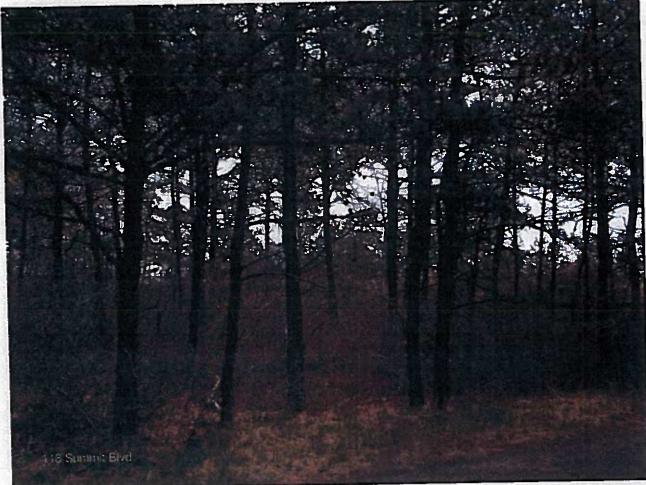
<sup>(</sup>a) Includes stabilized shoulders.

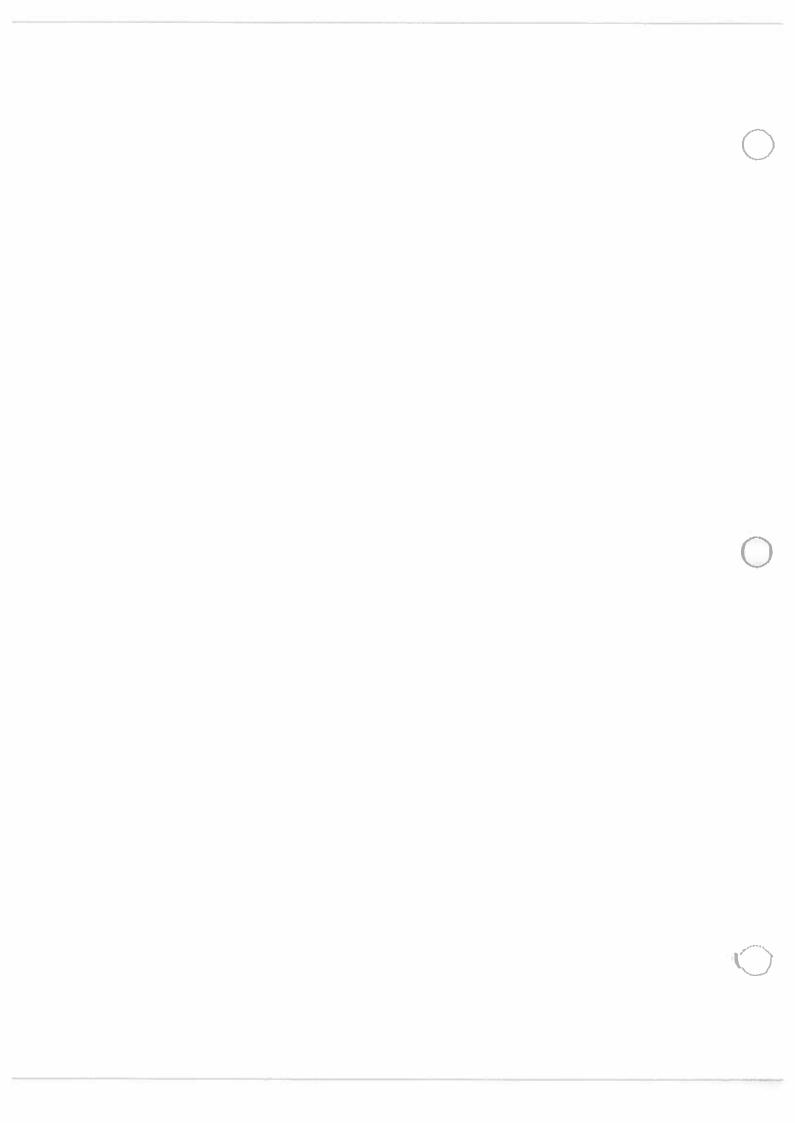
<sup>(</sup>b) At the discretion of the Planning Board and Superintendent of Highways.

<sup>(</sup>c) Standards given are for subdivisions following the minimum size of lots of these districts. If the subdivision is designed for lots having at least 40,000 square feet, the standards for all other residential districts may be used.



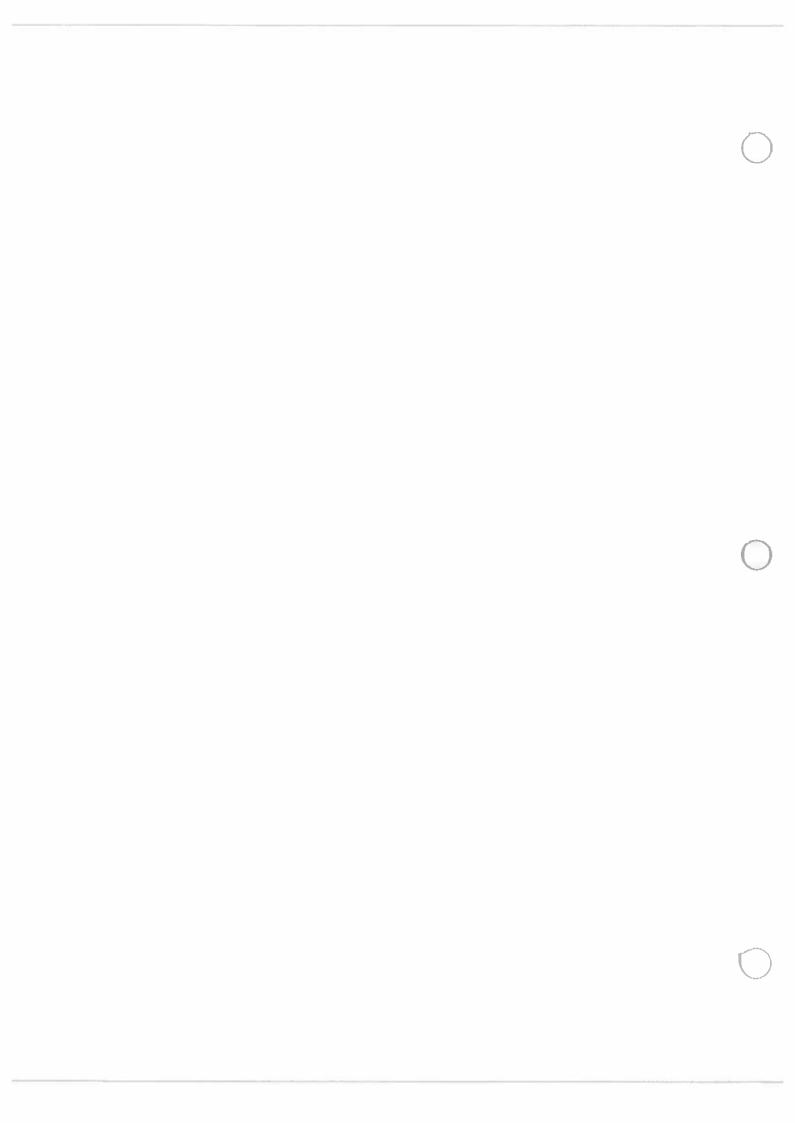




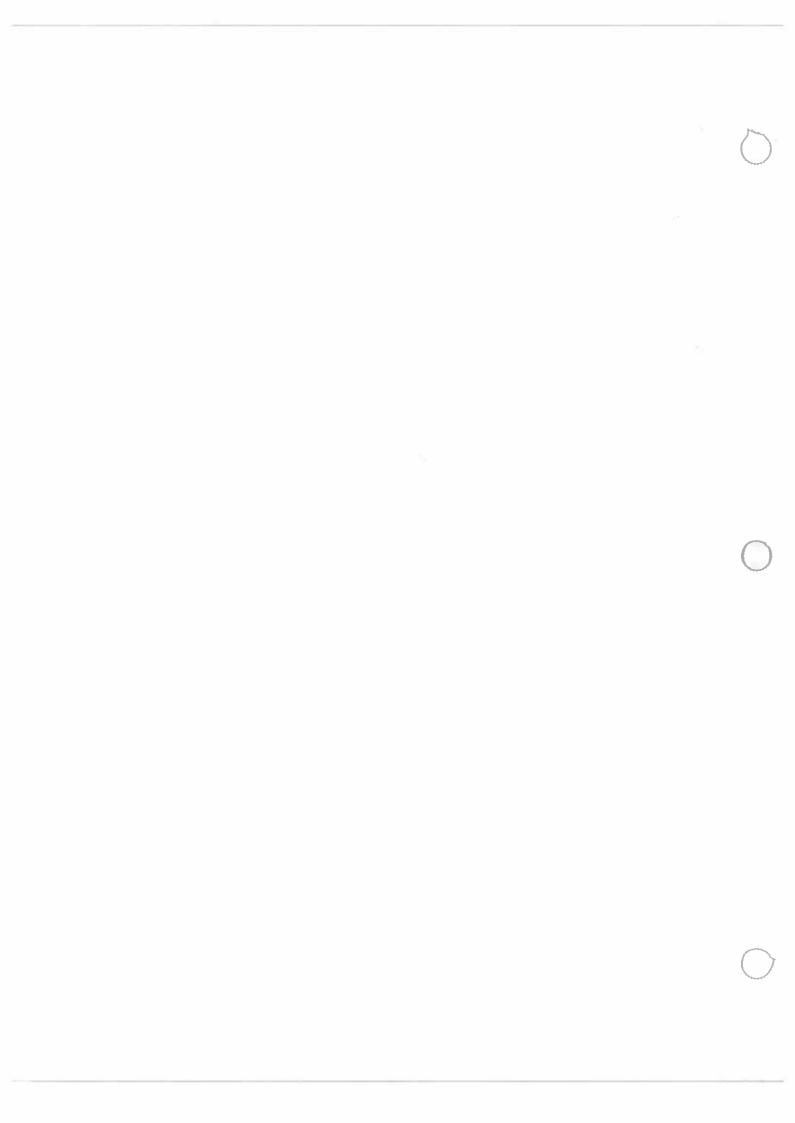












**Exhibit** 

## THE STATE OF NEW YORK NYS CENTRAL PINE BARRENS COMMISSION

In the Matter of

American Physical Society Core Preservation Area Extraordinary Hardship Waiver

Location: One Research Road, Ridge, New York

Suffolk County Tax Map Number 200-459-1-1.4

Joseph Zachary Gazza Credit Appeal 900-331-3-21.1

> Town of Brookhaven One Independence Hill Farmingville, New York 11738

Wednesday, April 21, 2010

The above entitled matter came on for hearing at 3:45 p.m.



ORIGINAL



**AR-TI Recording** 

Telephone: 212.349.9692 Facsimile: 212.557.2152

> One Penn Plaza Suite 4715 New York, NY 10119

Tessphilannist Repressi

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# Central Pine Barrens Joint Planning and Policy Commission Public Hearing on 118 Summit Blvd Westhampton, Town of Southampton SCTM No. 900-331-3-21.1 April 21, 2010

#### Staff Exhibits

- A. Central Pine Barrens Comprehensive Land Use Plan Section 6.7.6.6 Issuance of a full Pine Barrens Credit for Certain Roadfront Parcels.
- B. 2007 Aerial map depicting general area in proximity to Summit Blvd. Subject parcel is outlined in purple. Parcels that received one Pine Barrens Credit are outlined in red. Parcel that was denied an increase in allocation is depicted by red dot. Prepared by Commission staff, April 20, 2010.
- C. Close-up of 2007Aerial map depicting general area of subject parcel on Summit Blvd. Prepared by Commission staff, April 20, 2010.
- D. Map depicting
  - a. Core (indicated by small tree symbol on map) and Compatible Growth Area (indicated by light tan leaf symbol) in relation to Summit Blvd,
  - b. prior Pine Barrens Credit allocations to parcels along Summit Blvd, and
  - c. location of development Section Map for Vanderbilt Park Inc, Section 5 and P/O Westhampton Beach Park Section 4 that was approved by TOS in July 22, 2004.
- E. Letter of Interpretation (Renewal) for 900-331-3-21 dated January 11, 2010, Letters of Interpretation for 900-331-3-29 and 900-331-3-32.
- F. Commission Meeting Summary (Final) for March 17, 2004 excerpt referencing project decisions Appeals Gazza/Westhampton (900-331-3-28) and portions of Public Hearing Transcript for Letter of Interpretation Appeal February 18, 2004.
- G. Commission Meeting Summary (Final) for April19, 2006 excerpt on motion to deny Joseph Gazza /Westhampton 900-280-2-82. Basis: road is not maintained in this area
- H. Development Section Map of Vanderbilt Park Section 5 and P/O Westhampton Beach Park Section 4, Situate at Westhampton, prepared by Department of Land Management and Planning Division, July 22, 2004
- Road and Drainage Standards for the Town of Southampton, Suffolk County, New York, Town of Southampton Highway Department, prepared by L.K. McLean Associates, PC, July 2002
- J. Town of Southampton Highway Department, Table "A".
- K. Town of Southampton, NY Chapter 292 Subdivision of Land Article X Design Standards.
- L. Photos taken by Commission staff during site visit on April 16, 2010 depicting subject site and adjacent area.





