

## **Company Background - CVE North America ("CVE")**

CVE is an Independent Clean Energy Power Producer (IPP) focused on the development and operations of solar energy projects, most often dedicated to community solar markets. We have deep experience in the development, financing, ownership & long-term operation and maintenance of renewable solar energy assets. CVE strives to execute each project with integrity and transparency, while delivering a positive impact for the local community.

### **Capabilities:**

Considerable experience developing, financing, and operating solar projects across the U.S. with a focus on New York State and the Northeast

- 9 self-developed projects totaling 37 megawatts of solar projects in operation under the Massachusetts SMART program since 2020
- Development pipeline of 450+ MW across NY, NM, VA, PA, OH and MI, more than 250 MW are under site control and in the development process
- Since 2022 CVE NA has financed and commenced construction of a 73 MW portfolio consisting of:
  - 41 MW of acquired pre-construction projects
  - 32 MW of self-developed projects

### **Our Community Solar Approach:**

CVE focuses on building renewable power production systems close to where power is consumed. This is the essence of "Distributed Generation", in contrast with the more traditional large power plants requiring substantial transmission to deliver power to consumers. The idea is simple: designing renewable energy solutions that fit the various needs of local governments, conservation bureaus, landowners, local industry, investors, and financial partners.

CVE is committed to providing long-term ecological solutions to meet the energy needs of businesses and communities. Competitiveness, energy efficiency and sustainability are key objectives which underpin the group's activities and drive the ambitions of its members.

### **What is Community Solar?**

Community Distributed Generation (CDG) is the NY State community solar program that allows homeowners, renters, municipalities, and businesses to have access to the benefits of solar energy without having to install solar panels on their buildings. Subscribers benefit from local renewable energy produced in their region and save money every month on their electricity bill.

New York is one of 22 states that currently allow and incentivize community solar, and more states are currently considering bills to broaden community solar in the country. CVE is actively developing Community Solar projects throughout the country under its brand Halo. New York's Climate Leadership and Community Protection Act (CLCPA) has a stated goal for 70% of the state's electricity generation to be sourced from renewable energy sources by 2030, including 6 gigawatts of solar by 2025 on a path to 10 gigawatts by 2030. Community Distributed Generation (CDG) has and will continue to play a key role in achieving the states' target. Importantly CDG has been advanced to democratize the beneficiaries of clean energy development in a fair and equitable way.

### CVE Recognized for Environmental and Quality Practices

1. Certified B-Corp: After a rigorous assessment of its operations and supply chain across the entire group, CVE obtained a B corp certification in June 2023.

The B-Corp, or Benefit Corporation, certification is an international accreditation awarded by the non-profit B Lab to businesses that meet strict social and environmental performance, accountability, and transparency standards. It is recognized as the gold standard for companies striving to balance profit and purpose.

Our dedication to environmental and social responsibility has been recognized with a remarkable score of 97.5 points for our B-Corp certification. This internationally recognized label is a testament to our commitment and sets us apart in our industry.

2. Since the inception of CVE, we have placed quality at the core of our operations. To stay compliant with the most recent version, CVE North America obtained ISO 9001 certification in 2018 and renews it every year. CVE finished its environmental management training in early 2020 to earn ISO 14001 certification.
  - ISO 9001 is a family of quality management systems, a set of guidelines that aid businesses in ensuring that they satisfy the needs of customers and other stakeholders while adhering to all applicable legal and regulatory requirements for a given service or product
  - ISO 14001 is a series of environmental management standards that exists to assist firms in reducing the impact of their operations on the environment

### Ground Mount Solar Solutions

- Ground mounted solar farms consist of a series of solar panels installed above the ground across large areas.
- Instead of directly providing power to a local consumer like a residential rooftop, solar farms provide power to the electric grid and are part of the utility's energy mix.
- There are different types of ground mounted PV projects, like community solar and utility-scale solar farms. All of CVE's ground-mount installations in the United States are community solar farms, benefiting nearby residents and businesses.

### CVE Partnerships with Townships and Landowners

- CVE works hand in hand with Towns, Municipalities, Conservation Districts and Landowners to develop ground mounted PV installations that respect the environment and the concerns of communities.
- Our experienced Solar Site Originators first identify land parcels suitable for solar. Then they work directly with landowners to either lease or purchase the land, in an effort to forge a lasting relationship that is beneficial for all parties.
- Landowners benefit from a reliable source of revenue from a long-term lease or land purchase without having to bear any cost, as all expenses related to the construction, operation and maintenance of each installation are borne by CVE.

### Pollinator Friendly Solar –

- CVE is committed to creating a pollinator-friendly habitat at each site, making every effort to incorporate the industry best-practices.
- A 'Pollinator Friendly' solar facility incorporates land use and management practices beneficial to pollinators by planting native wildflowers, limiting the use of pesticides, and installing cavity nesting for bee habitats.

### CVE Green Initiative – Supporting Local Environmental Issues

- CVE donates \$1 for every panel installed to a local nonprofit organization working towards:
  - Tree planting
  - Land and Water conservation
  - Protection of local wildlife and biodiversity
  - Education in sustainability and clean energy

### Key CVE NA Financing Partners:

**FOSS & COMPANY**  
TAX CREDIT SPECIALISTS



**LiveOakBank**

**The Seminole Companies**



## **CVE Community Solar Project - Project Description**

CVE North America, Inc. (Applicant), proposes to construct and operate the CVE US NY Southampton 243 LLC (Project); a ground mounted, tracking photovoltaic (PV) community solar facility, with 5.00 MWac capacity. The Project is proposed to be located on two privately-owned parcels located off Speonk-Riverhead Road, Westhampton, NY in Suffolk County.

Suffolk County Tax Map Parcel No.:

- 900-276.00-03.00-001.000
- 900-276.00-03.00-002.000

### Purpose and Need

CVE proposes a positive re-use of a disturbed and scarred, long-standing sand mining operation located on the border of the Central Pine Barrens area, largely located within the Compatible Growth Area and partially in the Core Preservation Area.

The site is comprised of two adjacent land parcels: 0900-276.00-03.00-001.000 & 002.00. The solar project would reside about 1400' to the east of Speonk-Riverhead Road, 1500' south of Sunrise Hwy. and 2200' north of Old Country Road in Westhampton. Both parcels are owned by Westhampton Property Associates, Inc.

We are respectfully requesting permission from the Central Pine Barrens Commission (CPBC) to construct and operate a PV solar facility that would generate clean renewable energy and benefit residents and small businesses within the area of the project. The project is proposed under the Community Distributed Generation (CDG) NYSEERDA Program, which provides direct financial relief to PSEG-LI customers who subscribe to the project through an established PSEG-LI billing program. While the Program targets at least 30% of customer offtake be subscribed by low-moderate (LMI) income households, CVE will base our efforts on ensuring that at least 60% of subscribers are Low-Moderate Income households. Small businesses seeking relief through local and state programs can also be serviced through this program. A monthly bill savings is applied directly to their PSEG-LI account, commensurate with their participation in the program. As an additional societal benefit to show Hardship, this clean energy project, built to scale, positively impact the Town, County and the State's ability to reach their stated renewable energy goals to reduce reliance on fossil fuel sources to power our electricity grid.

Based on CVE's commitment to providing renewable energy, we propose to develop the site described below to maximize its solar energy potential. In order to best determine optimal location within the site, the following factors have been analyzed:

- Site accessibility
- Significant solar radiation (insolation)
- Very limited tree and vegetative impact

- Limited visibility from offsite locations
- Lowest impact development in the Compatible Growth and Core Protection Areas
- Ideal land use for disturbed mining sites, with negligible impact on ground water recapture

Given the high property values and scarcity of large parcels of land in the area of Westhampton, New York, CVE understands that residents of this area are displaced from this state program benefit – another community hardship. There is a great imbalance between the amount of community members seeking to participate in these cost savings programs and solar projects that deliver community energy savings in Suffolk County.

In order to build projects that provide utility savings to the surrounding community, projects need to be built at a scale and on land that doesn't support the high valuations present throughout the east end of Suffolk County, NY. This site is ideal in its ability to deliver a significant scale renewable energy project, its proximity to utility grid infrastructure and the ability to positively reuse an already disturbed mining site.

This sand mining site has a sunken, flat bottom valley design which is ideal for solar development for a few reasons. The land has no other intrinsic value for commercial or residential use, it's already cleared of vegetation, and it would be completely out of the view of any neighbors or area residents. The property is already located far back from area roads and any residential neighborhoods.

Ground mounted solar projects have little to no impact on local town resources like sewage, water, lighting, roads, road maintenance or transportation needs of any kind. CVE will present in greater detail the beneficial impact that a solar project provides to groundwater recapture and replenishment. There would be a negligible addition to impervious surfaces as the existing dirt access roads to the property would not need to be significantly altered.

Environmental Conservation Law 57-0121 was intended to reduce the negative impact to groundwater recapture from residential and commercial buildings and parking lots. Ground mounted solar energy projects are a completely different type of development, which has nearly no negative impact on groundwater recapture.

Community Distributed Generation (CDG) projects differ in notable ways from "utility" scale projects. A primary difference is that residents within the Southampton, Riverhead and Brookhaven townships can receive a direct benefit by subscribing to the CDG program for this project and to reduce their electricity bills. Participation makes them eligible to receive a credit on their electricity bills from PSE&G LI, and they can cancel anytime. There are no costs to subscribe, and on average, customers can expect to save 5-10% on their monthly utility bills.

CDG projects are also less impactful to conserved land. Due to their smaller overall land requirements, a community solar energy facility requires less land disturbance, has fewer stormwater impacts, and can be more effectively screened from public view. Moreover,

throughout the life of the project, the land beneath the panels can be planted with native species of grasses, flowers, and other landscaping materials. At the end of the project's life, the solar energy panels and related equipment can be easily removed.

### Equipment Description

CVE is seeking a hardship declaration from the CPBC for this proposed community solar project based on the community and societal benefits described in the 'Purpose and Need' section above, as well as the positive repurposing of this preexisting disturbed mining site. If approved by CPBC the solar facility would be developed over the next 3 years. CVE and the Pine Barrens Commission will potentially have the opportunity to consider expanding the project when remaining mining activities may cease (7-10 years).

We hope to demonstrate the societal and community benefit of the project as well as the positive reuse to be in alignment with what ECL 57-0121 was intended to preserve. Description of all equipment can be found below.

#### Solar Project to Include:

- 11,154 solar modules (panels)
- Total AC System Size 5 MW
- (2) 2500 KVA Transformers
- (2) DC to AC Inverters, 2,500 KW each
- (4) 2752 KW Sungrow or alternate Battery Energy Storage containers
- Utility Switchgear Located at Speonk-Riverhead Rd.:
  - Pad mounted transformers, reclosers, meters, communication reclosers,

#### Equipment Dimensions:

- Total Parcel Area = 114.305 acres
- Solar Array Footprint Area: 25 acres (includes inter row spacing)
- Area of Land Disturbed by Solar Facility: 0 Acres
- Inverter Area: 112 Square Feet
- Battery Energy Storage System: 1045 Square Feet
- Transformer = 100 Square Feet

#### Safety, Fire and Electrical Code

- Entire system design will be compliant with the most recent version of the New York State Fire Code
- All electrical plans will be third party stamped by a NY licensed EE using the most recent version of the National Electrical Code (currently v.2020)
- System will be located far from residential homes and neighborhoods, compliant with the Towns' code and preference.
- Since the inception of CVE, we have placed quality at the core of our operations.

## Solar Modules

The proposed Project will utilize approximately 11,154 solar modules. The modules are manufactured offsite and will be delivered to the site by truck in wooden crates or cardboard boxes. Each module will measure approximately 7 feet by 4 feet and will be rated at 480 watts.

Solar modules will be configured into metal frames and oriented in rows running north to south. The frames of solar modules will be mounted on steel racking posts that rotate to track the sun throughout the day – facing east in the morning and west in the evening. Approximately 15 feet of space will be maintained between each row of solar modules for operations and maintenance access.

The maximum height of the modules will be approximately 10 feet high (in the mornings and evenings when the racking posts are fully tilted).

## Balance of System Equipment

Balance of System Equipment including but not limited to inverters, DC combiner boxes, transformers, and/or medium voltage switchgear may be installed near the solar array within the project's fence line. The Balance of System Equipment will be installed on H-Frames and concrete pads and in compliance with equipment manufacturer instructions. Full details of Balance of System Equipment will be included as part of the Project's electrical design plan-set submitted for ministerial permits.

## Access Roads

The site will be accessed from Speonk-Riverhead Road, an existing private access road which will extend into the Project parcel(s) and into the Project's proposed fence line. The access road will extend to the Project's equipment pads, as well as the furthest sections of modules, with hammerhead turnarounds to accommodate maintenance vehicles. The road will be wide enough to accommodate emergency vehicles and designed in compliance with County standards.

## Fencing

The solar array and all balance of system equipment will be enclosed in an eight-foot-tall wildlife-friendly, agricultural fencing. The fence will have at least one vehicle access gate at the boundary of the array, which will always remain locked, except during operations and maintenance activities.

## Transportation and Traffic

Materials for the proposed Project (e.g., solar modules, supporting racks, foundation materials, electrical gear) will be brought to the site by truck over the course of construction. It is not expected that the additional vehicles associated with construction will have an impact of overall traffic in Suffolk County. Once construction is complete, vehicles will be on site sparingly for operations and maintenance activities.

## Stormwater

CVE will be impacting over 1 acre(s), therefore we will be required to draft a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). This will be drafted in accordance with NYS DEC guidelines and will be reviewed and approved during site Plan engineering with the Town of Southampton. Per the SWPPP Stormwater BMPs will be implemented on site such as stormwater basins, vegetative filter strips and level spreaders will be used convert concentrated to sheet flow, where applicable.

## Employment and Construction

A typical construction workforce for a solar facility of this size consists of approximately 80 workers during the construction period, which should last approximately 6 months. Construction personnel will be divided between civil and electrical services and based on the phasing of construction it is not anticipated that all workers will be present on site at the same time. Workers will be transported to the site via construction trucks and will park in an established staging area.

## Water Use

No water will be required for construction activities, and no water infrastructure is proposed in association with the project.

## Sewer and Solid Waste

Sewer services will not be needed. Temporary sanitary facilities will be placed onsite during construction.

## Decommissioning

Applicant will record a bond with Suffolk County equal to the cost to decommission the Project and restore the site to pre-existing conditions (estimated to be \$200,000 - \$300,000). The decommissioning cost estimate will be prepared by a third-party engineering firm. A decommissioning plan outlining all decommissioning efforts and timelines will be provided to the host community having jurisdiction - the Town of Southampton.

In general, decommissioning efforts include:

- Remove all panels
- Remove posts, racking, and fence
- Remove concrete equipment pads
- Disassemble wiring, conduits, inverters
- Excavate access road
- Restore site conditions to pre-construction conditions
  - Soils de-compacted
  - Fill excavations with native soils
  - Reseed disturbed areas

## Conclusion

In conclusion, the Applicant requests the approval to proceed with the proposed project that will deliver many benefits with the positive reuse of a disturbed mining site. This renewable energy development will help the Town, State and Federal governments meet their clean energy goals. Equally important, the economic benefits this renewable energy project can deliver to area residents and businesses stranded from community solar projects align with the intent and requirements of the CPBC's definition of Hardship. We would be pleased to meet the CPBC at the next meeting on August 16<sup>th</sup> to be considered for development in the Compatible Growth and Core Preservation areas of the Pine Barrens.

- Uniquely sited on a property currently used for sand mining/quarry, with feasible utility interconnection, and zoned appropriately (Zoned Quasi-Public Service Use District – QPSUD solar is allowable by way of a Conditional Use Permit).
- Driving significant tax revenues to the County
- Significantly reducing local residents' energy costs for 30+ years
- Minimal addition of impervious surface, maintains the site's ability to recapture rainwater and recharge the aquifer
- Not impact on traffic counts in the neighborhood
- Not demanding County services such as water, sewer, roads or school

A community solar facility is a low-intensity, harmonious use of the property.

Thank you for your time and attention to this matter. We look forward to working with the Central Pine Barrens Commission, Suffolk County and the Community as the application progresses.

Sincerely,

*Steven Engelmann*

Steven Engelmann, Senior Business Developer

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